

星光集團有限公司 A Member of the Starille Group (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (計百書進社冊成立之有限公司)

STOCK CODE 股份代號: 403



印刷包装及出版事業的商業好伙伴

Annual Report 2008 年



A Member of the Starlite Group (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

STOCK CODE 股份代號: 403







與股東、員工和社會分享 企業增長成果



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公司資料

Directors

Executive Directors

Mr. Lam Kwong Yu, *Chairman*Ms. Yeung Chui, *Vice Chairman*Mr. Tai Tzu Shi, Angus, *Senior Vice President*Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles, *Senior Vice President*Mr. Lim Pheck Wan, Richard, *Senior Vice President*(appointed on 28th September, 2007)

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Christopher James Williams (retired on 28th August, 2007)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, *BBS, JP* Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny

Audit Committee

Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny (*Chairman*) Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, *BBS, JP* Mr. Christopher James Williams (retired on 28th August, 2007)

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael (*Chairman*) Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, *BBS, JP* Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny Mr. Christopher James Williams (retired on 28th August, 2007)

Company Secretary

Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles

董事

執行董事

林光如先生(主席) 楊翠女士(副主席) 戴祖璽先生(高級副總裁) 張志成先生(高級副總裁) 林必旺先生(高級副總裁) (於二零零七年九月二十八日委任)

非執行董事

Christopher James Williams 先生 (於二零零七年八月二十八日退任)

獨立非執行董事

陳裕光先生 郭琳廣,*BBS,太平紳士* 譚競正先生

審核委員會

譚競正先生(主席)
 陳裕光先生
 郭琳廣, BBS,太平紳士
 Christopher James Williams先生
 (於二零零七年八月二十八日退任)

薪酬委員會

陳裕光先生(*主席)* 郭琳廣, *BBS,太平紳士* 譚競正先生 Christopher James Williams先生 (於二零零七年八月二十八日退任)

公司秘書

張志成先生

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Qualified Accountant

Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants 22nd Floor Prince's Building Central, Hong Kong

Solicitors

Richards Butler 20/F., Alexandra House Chater Road, Central Hong Kong

Registered Office

Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda

Head Office and Principal Place of Business

3/F., Perfect Industrial Building 31 Tai Yau Street Sanpokong Kowloon Hong Kong

Share Registrars and Transfer Offices

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Butterfield Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke HM 08 Bermuda

公司資料

合資格會計師

張志成先生

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 *香港執業會計師* 香港中環 太子大廈22樓

律師

齊伯禮律師行 香港中環 遮打道 歷山大廈20樓

註冊辦事處

Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda

總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 九龍新蒲崗 大有街31號 善美工業大廈3樓

股票過戶登記處

主要股票過戶登記處

Butterfield Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke HM 08 Bermuda

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公司資料

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Tricor Secretaries Limited 26/F, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

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Principal Bankers

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

Websites

http://www.hkstarlite.com http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/starlite

Stock Code

403

香港股票過戶登記分處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港 皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓

主要銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 中國銀行(香港)有限公司

網址

http://www.hkstarlite.com http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/starlite

股票代號

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CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告

RESULTS

The Group recorded a turnover of approximately HK\$1,171 million for the year ended 31st March, 2008, which represented a growth of 4% over last year. Net profit for the year was approximately HK\$44 million, representing an increase of 36% over last year.

The satisfactory results reflected the Group's success in safeguarding its sales and profit against challenges brought by the subprime mortgage crisis in the United States and the safety issue concerning made-in-China consumer products. Moreover, the results also reflected the Group's further improvement in cost efficiency, which mitigated the impact of higher operating costs in China.

In terms of geographic operation, south China remained the largest contributor to the Group's turnover as well as the Group's primary production base, providing financial and sales support to the Suzhou subsidiary which recorded its second year of profit. The Singapore subsidiary secured a higher turnover and reported a profit for the year.

With rising inflation and further economic slowdown on the horizon, the Group is facing new challenges to its development. Nonetheless, new opportunities are also expected to emerge. By capitalizing on its strength as a high quality and reliable manufacturer, the Group is prepared to meet the challenges and seize the opportunities.

DIVIDENDS

The Directors recommend a final dividend of HK1.5 cents (2007: HK1.5 cents) per share for the year ended 31st March, 2008 payable on Friday, 12th September, 2008 to shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members on Thursday, 28th August, 2008. Together with the interim dividend of HK1.5 cents (2007: HK1.5 cents) paid, full year dividends for the financial year would be HK3 cents per share (2007: HK3 cents).

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

The most significant economic event that took place during the year under review was the subprime mortgage crisis in the United States, which adversely affected the financial markets worldwide and threatened the global economy. For the Hong Kong/China printing and packaging sector, the crisis created great uncertainty among customers and consumers; the former became more cautious in placing orders and the latter became more reluctant to spend.

業績

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度內,本集團之 營業額約十一億七千一百萬港元,較去年上升百分 之四。純利約四千四百萬港元,較去年上升百分之 三十六。

集團業績理想,反映了集團銷售業務和盈利穩健,成 功地對應美國次按風暴和中國產品安全問題的挑戰; 也反映了集團的成本效益進一步提升,有效地紓緩 內地經營成本上漲的影響。

就產地而言,華南仍是集團的主要生產基地,佔集團 營業額的最大比重。在華南基地的財政和銷售協助 下,蘇州附屬公司連續第二年錄得盈利。新加坡附屬 公司年內錄得盈利,營業額取得增長。

展望未來,通脹持續上升、經濟進一步放緩,為集團 帶來新的挑戰,但新的發展機遇也隨之而來。集團作 為優質可靠的生產商,進一步加強實力和優勢,定能 克服挑戰、掌握機遇。

股息

董事會建議向二零零八年八月二十八日(星期四) 名列股東名冊的股東,派發截至二零零八年三月 三十一日止年度的末期股息每股港幣一點五仙(二零 零七年:每股港幣一點五仙),有關股息將於二零零 八年九月十二日(星期五)派發。連同已派發的中期 股息每股港幣一點五仙(二零零七年:每股港幣一點 五仙),本年度全年股息為每股港幣三仙(二零零七 年:每股港幣三仙)。

業務概況及前瞻

回顧年度內,影響程度最大的經濟事件,非美國次按 風暴莫屬:除嚴重打擊世界金融市場外,亦對環球經 濟構成威脅。對香港/中國內地包裝印刷業而言,事 件導致客戶和消費者信心不穩;客戶紛紛採取審慎 採購策略,消費者意欲則顯著低沉。

數碼科技 領先企業





训标准化》试验_{与推广基地} 牌仪式暨新闻发布会



以全球視野 制定全國印刷技術標準 由星光集團與博斯特集團聯合起草制定的 三項印後標準:模切、燙金/擊凸、糊盒, 已經取得國家新聞出版總署的立項批覆並 開始啟動。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告

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With regard to orders, a more direct impact was brought by the safety issue concerning made-in-China consumer products following largescale recalls in the United States. It affected the Group's sales in the first half of the financial year, and is expected to remain a potential issue in the coming year.

The third challenge confronting the Group during the year was the higher operating costs in China. These included higher wages, the higher costs brought by the implementation of the new Labour Contract Law, rising prices of raw materials, and soaring costs of electricity. While the phenomenon could be attributed partly to the rise in oil and other commodity prices, it was also driven by the Chinese government policies to maintain social stability and encourage inland development. Such phenomenon took place amidst the further appreciation of the Renminbi, which resulted in a general increase in costs.

Facing these challenges, the Group adopted a three-pronged strategy. First, in order to address customers' concern about product quality, the Group adopted more stringent quality assurances and product certifications. This, coupled with other sales and marketing initiatives, have enabled the Group to further expand its product range and customer base. Second, the Group further utilized the competitive advantages of its manufacturing plants in southern and eastern China, and in Singapore. By capitalizing on the strength of each subsidiary, the Group was able to increase its overall sales while containing costs. Third, as price climbs became more recognized, customers and consumers became more receptive to price adjustments. Hence, the Group was able to negotiate better prices for some of the orders.

Hong Kong/Mainland China Operations

Given their relatively larger size in the Group's operations, the Group's printing and packaging divisions in southern China are more susceptible to the adverse effect of higher operating costs (particularly labour costs) in China. For the same reason, they were more affected by the safety issue concerning made-in-China consumer products sold in the United States, and such impact was more severe in the first half of the financial year. By capitalizing on the Group's strength as a high quality and reliable manufacturer, the southern China divisions recorded only a marginal drop in sales on a full year basis. However, given the situation as explained above, the profitability of the divisions was affected.

In terms of product range, paper products reversed its decline in the first half and recorded a marginal growth in turnover for the year. The environmentally friendly products division continued with the production of interior packaging products and "Greenworks" 此外,美國市場大規模回收中國製消費品,導致中國 產品的安全性受到廣泛質疑,對訂單構成直接的衝 擊。這個問題影響到集團財政年度上半年的表現,估 計在來年仍有可能帶來擾攘。

集團年內面對的第三項挑戰,乃內地經營成本進一 步飆升,這包括工資持續上漲、新勞動合同法實施下 的新增費用、原材料價格大幅上揚、電費顯著上升 等。這個現象部分是由於油價和商品價格急升所致, 亦與中國政府致力保持社會穩定及推動內陸發展的 政策有關。加上人民幣升值,令整體成本水漲船高。

對應上述挑戰,集團採取三管齊下的策略。首先,集 團領取更嚴格的質量保證和認證,成功增強客戶信 心,並採取多項市場推廣和促銷措施,成功擴大產品 系列和客戶基礎。其次,集團進一步集結優勢,以複 倍力度發揮華南、華東和新加坡各附屬公司所長,成 功提升集團整體營業額及監控成本。其三,在百物騰 貴的環境下,客戶和消費者開始較為接受價格調整, 故集團部分訂單取得較合理的價格。

香港/中國內地業務

鑑於華南包裝印刷業務佔集團相對較大的規模,故 此內地經營成本(尤其勞工成本)上升以及中國製消 費品在美國的安全問題,對集團華南包裝印刷業務 的影響較為顯著,並在財政年度上半年較為明顯。然 而,集團作為優質可靠的生產商,在集結優勢和調動 資源下,使得華南包裝印刷業務全年度銷售額僅輕 微下降,但鑑於上述客觀環境所限,其盈利幅度難免 受到影響。

產品方面,紙類製品銷量扭轉上半年跌勢,全年度銷 量錄得溫和增長,環保產品業務以內包裝環保產品 及「綠色工程」(Greenworks)產品為主,並進一步擴









CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

products and further diversified to other paper products. In terms of market, while the United States remained the Group's largest export destination, the Group has increased its sales to the European market.

The Group will continue to capitalize on the safety issue to increase its market share. Moreover, in view of the rising operating costs in China, the Group is exploring the possibility of further realigning its China operations and replacing some of the labour intensive production work with automation.

Suzhou Operation

As a beneficiary of the Group's sales and financial support, the Suzhou subsidiary was able to record its second year of profit by undertaking orders transferred by the southern China subsidiaries and by securing orders on its own from the vicinity of Jiangsu province.

Equipped with advanced machinery and sophisticated technology, the Suzhou subsidiary has gained greater benefits from its enlarged economies of scale, and was able to gain further penetration in the Yangtze River delta. Moving forward, it will strive to further increase its efficiency and strengthen its sales and marketing in order to exploit the huge and booming domestic market in eastern China.

Shaoguan Operation

The Shaoguan plant played an essential role in the Group's operations during the year as the Group further increased its subcontracting works to the Shaoguan plant which helped mitigate the impact brought by the higher labour costs in Shenzhen and Guangzhou where the Group's southern China operations are headquartered.

Providing support to the Group's environmentally friendly products division and paper products division, the Shaoguan plant remains a favourable choice of the Group to integrate the two divisions under a single roof in Shaoguan. It is also a sensible option that the Group can expand the Shaoguan operation and centralize its labour-intensive products in Shaoguan, which may form part of the Group's overall plan to realign its production facilities in southern China. However, such plan involves the consideration of how to utilize the Group's assets in a more efficient manner and the management is prudently exploring the options.

Singapore Operation

The Singapore subsidiary recorded a growth in sales as it benefited from an increase in regional trade and a mild growth of the world economy. However, due to strong price competition from other Asianbased companies, the Singapore subsidiary experienced a contraction in profit margin. 闊至其他紙類產品。市場方面,美國仍是集團產品的 最大出口地,但歐洲市場銷量錄得上升。

集團會繼續抓緊中國產品安全問題所帶來的機會, 進一步增加市場份額。此外,鑑於內地經營成本持續 上漲,集團現正探討方法鞏固和優化旗下資源,並研 究機械化以取代部分人手密集工序。

蘇州附屬公司

主席報告

在集團的財政和銷售協助下,蘇州附屬公司承接集 團華南附屬公司的訂單,並在江蘇省份地區取得銷 售突破,故能成功錄得第二個盈利年度。

年內,蘇州附屬公司添置先進設備和高新科技,以更 佳的生產規模優勢加強開拓長江三角洲市場。展望 未來,蘇州附屬公司將進一步提高生產效益,加強市 場推廣力度,擴大開發華東市場日益增長的龐大商 機。

韶關新廠

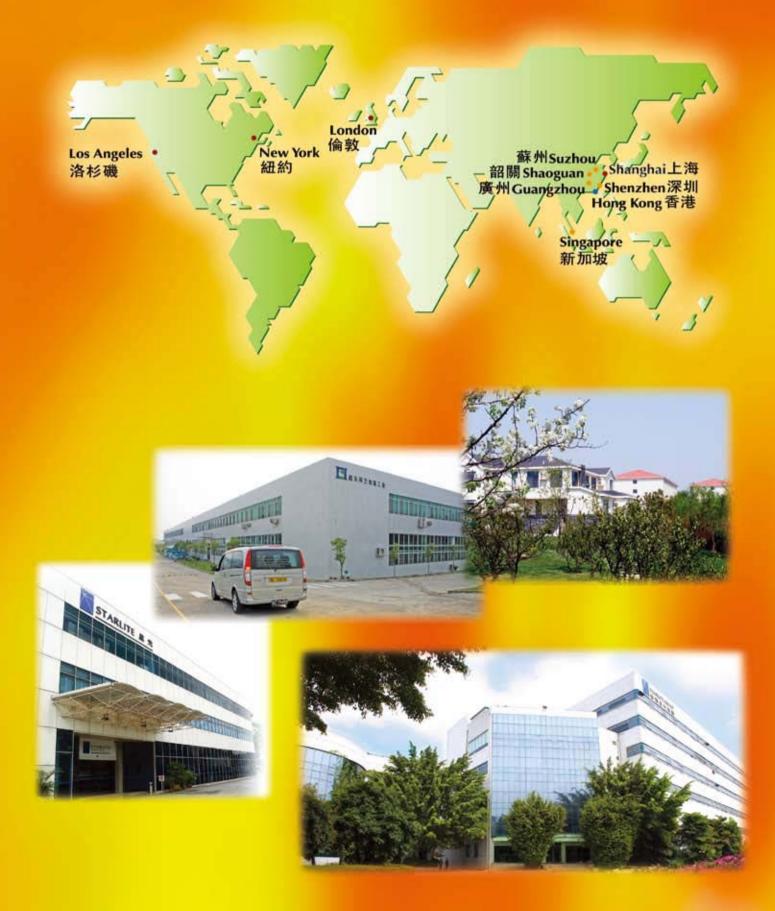
韶關新廠年內擔任重要角色,承接集團深圳廠和廣 州廠更多訂單,有助集團華南業務紓緩工資上漲的 影響。

基於韶關新廠的運作已上了軌道,集團認為由韶關 新廠統一生產環保產品和紙類製品,確是值得考慮 的方案,也是集團從華南整體生產佈局著眼的可取 方案之一。然而,這牽涉到如何更有效地運用集團的 資產,故管理層因應審慎研究有關方案。

新加坡業務

受惠於區內貿易以及環球經濟溫和增長,新加坡附 屬公司營業額上升。然而,由於亞洲同業價格競爭更 為激烈,導致新加坡附屬公司邊際利潤收窄。





In spite of its decision to abort the acquisition of a Malaysian printing company last year, the Singapore subsidiary is still looking for similar opportunities to increase its capacity and to expand its business in the Asian and Oceania regions.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group's sources of funding include cash generated from the Group's operations and banking facilities provided to the Group by banks mainly in Hong Kong and Mainland China. As at 31st March, 2008, the Group's cash and bank balances and short-term bank deposits amounted to approximately HK\$126 million.

During the year under review, the interest expense of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$17 million compared to approximately HK\$18 million recorded last year. Currently, the Group has Renminbi-denominated loan facilities amounting to approximately RMB83 million that are available for the Group's Shenzhen, Guangzhou, Shaoguan and Suzhou plants for working capital purposes.

As at 31st March, 2008, the Group had a working capital surplus of approximately HK\$38 million compared to a working capital surplus of approximately HK\$20 million as at 31st March, 2007. The Group's net gearing ratio as at 31st March, 2008 was approximately 44% (31st March, 2007: 52%), based on short-term and long-term bank borrowings, bill payables and finance lease obligations, net of cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$192 million (31st March, 2007: HK\$195 million) and shareholders' funds of approximately HK\$433 million (31st March, 2007: HK\$375 million). The Group will continue to adopt prudent policies to maintain a healthy financial position.

CHARGE ON ASSETS

As at 31st March, 2008, certain assets of the Group with an aggregate book carrying value of approximately HK\$74 million (31st March, 2007: HK\$71 million) were pledged to secure the bank borrowings and finance lease obligations of the Group.

EXCHANGE RATE EXPOSURE

All the Group's assets, liabilities and transactions are denominated in Hong Kong dollars, US dollars, Chinese Renminbi, Japanese Yen, Singapore dollars or Euro. The exchange rate of US dollars/Hong Kong dollars is relatively stable due to the current peg system in Hong Kong. On the other hand, the existing Renminbi-denominated sales revenue helps to reduce the Group's commitments of Renminbi-denominated operating expenses in Mainland China. Transaction values involving 儘管新加坡附屬公司去年放棄收購一家馬來西亞公司,但新加坡附屬公司仍在尋找類似機會,以求擴大 產能及擴展亞洲和大洋洲地區的銷售業務。

流動資金及財務資源

主席報告

集團的主要資金來源,包括業務經營帶來的現金收入及中港兩地銀行界提供的信貸融資。截至二零零 八年三月三十一日,集團的現金和銀行結餘及短期 銀行存款共約一億二千六百萬港元。

回顧年度內,集團的利息支出約一千七百萬港元,去 年約為一千八百萬港元。現時,集團約有八千三百萬 元人民幣銀行貸款額度,乃為集團位於深圳、廣州、 韶關及蘇州的生產基地提供營運資金。

於二零零八年三月三十一日,集團營運資金錄得約 三千八百萬港元盈餘,而二零零七年三月三十一日 則有約二千萬港元盈餘。集團截至當日的淨債務權 益比率為約百分之四十四(二零零七年三月三十一 日:百分之五十二),乃根據短期及長期帶息銀行借 款、應付票據及財務契約債務,減現金及現金等值 約一億九千二百萬港元(二零零七年三月三十一日: 一億九千五百萬港元),與股東權益約四億三千三百 萬港元(二零零七年三月三十一日:三億七千五百萬 港元)計算。集團會繼續採取審慎的理財策略,確保 資金狀況維持穩健。

資產抵押

於二零零八年三月三十一日,本集團合共賬面淨 值約七千四百萬港元(二零零七年三月三十一日: 七千一百萬港元)之資產已按予銀行作為後者授予本 集團貸款之抵押。

匯兑風險

本集團大部分資產、負債及交易均以港元、美金、人 民幣、日圓、新加坡元及歐元結算。香港現行之聯繫 匯率制度令美元/港元匯率相對穩定。而集團現有 以人民幣結算之銷售收益,有助減低集團內地附屬 14

主席報告

Japanese Yen or Euro were primarily related to the Group's purchase of machinery and such exposures were generally hedged by forward contracts.

HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT

Currently the Group has more than 8,000 employees. The Group maintains good relations with its employees, providing them competitive packages and incentive schemes as well as various training programmes. The Group has maintained a Share Option Scheme under which share options can be granted to certain employees (including executive directors of the Company) as incentive for their contribution to the Group. Following the opening of the "Starlite Institute of Management", the Group provides various training and development programmes to staff on an ongoing basis. The Group will explore the possibility of launching other special training programmes with universities in Mainland China and education institutions abroad to further enhance its staff quality.

SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

As a responsible corporation, the Group is committed to promoting social enhancement whilst developing its businesses, through active participation in social welfare and environmental protection activities to realize its mission. Regardless of where the Group operates, the Group treats the local communities as family members and strives to contribute to the communities.

In the past years, the Group has allocated significant resources to energy conservation and environmental protection, provided venues and platforms of training and job opportunities for young people, and actively supported help-poor and schooling campaigns as well as disaster relief efforts in China. Apart from providing financial support, the Group also contributes people and time to various charity drives. In many circumstances, the Group's Chairman makes initiative to organize joint efforts with other enterprises and friends to pool resources together for the maximum benefits of those in need.

During the year under review, the Group made financial and other support to the following organizations:

- The Liaison Office of the Central People's Government in the Hong Kong S.A.R., with donation made to the Special Account For Flood Relief In China
- Federation of Hong Kong Guangdong Community Organizations Charitable Foundation Ltd., with donation made to snowstorm relief in China

公司以人民幣結算之經營費用所承擔之貨幣風險。 至於涉及日圓和歐元之交易額,主要為集團購買機 器付出,並普遍以遠期合約對沖匯率風險。

人力資源發展

集團現僱用超過八千名員工。集團與員工一直保持 良好關係,除為員工提供合理薪酬和獎勵外,並實 施各項員工技能培訓計劃。集團設有購股權計劃, 可選擇部分對集團有貢獻的員工(包括本公司執行董 事)授予購股權。隨著「星光管理學院」啟用,集團致 力為員工提供各項持續性的培訓及人才發展計劃。 集團將繼續研究與中國內地的大學和海外的教育機 構合作,開辦其他專業實用技術課程,以提升員工質 素。

社會責任

作為一家負責任的企業,集團於積極發展業務之同時,亦貫徹致力社會發展信念,積極參與社會公益及 環保活動,切實履行企業責任。無論在何處經營業 務,集團都視當地區為集團一分子,定必盡力為當地 區作出貢獻。

過去數年,集團積極投入資源,促進節能和環境保 護,提供學習場地和平台,為年青人提供培訓及實踐 機會。另積極参與中國扶貧助學及賑災活動。除了給 予金錢資助外,集團更樂於獻出管理人員及員工時 間参與不同慈善機構活動。在很多情况下,集團主席 更主動聯繫眾企業及友好,匯聚資源,確保有需要人 士能獲享最大裨益。

回顧年度內,集團為多個機構提供財政和其他援助, 這些機構包括:

- 中央政府駐港聯絡辦賑災專戶賑濟內地水災
 - 香港廣東社團總會慈善基金賑濟內地雪災

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

- Guangdong Wuhua Chinese Medicine Hospital, for the improvement of the hospital's medical equipment
- Hong Kong Heyuan Residents in Hong Kong Association, for financial support to the Heyuan Hospital
- Meizho Nankou Central Hospital, for the improvement of the hospital's medical equipment
- Support Scheme to Students in Inner Mongolia University and Jiaying University
- China Star Light Charity Fund Association

LOOKING AHEAD

The global economy is facing major challenges as a result of the subprime mortgage crisis and higher prices of oil and other commodities. These circumstances present new uncertainties to the Hong Kong/China printing and packaging industry. First, there has been growing evidence of a lack of liquidity in the financial system, which is gradually being felt by end borrowers as banks have started to increase interest rates on existing rate-adjustable loans and new loans. Secondly, inflation may become a long-term issue. This is due to several reasons, including the strong demand for goods and raw materials from emerging economies like India and China. While the Chinese government is making efforts to stem inflation, it is also allowing an increase in wages to prevent social unrest. As an example, the minimum wage of workers in Shenzhen was increased again in July this year, from RMB750 to RMB900. Other operating costs and prices of raw materials, such as paper, also show signs of further escalation in China.

On the other hand, there is psychological preparation for higher prices among customers and consumers. This recognition comes at a time when two major happenings are taking place in the printing and packaging industry. First, with the stringent demand from customers for quality assurances and certifications, smaller printing and packaging companies find it increasingly difficult to oblige while larger and reputable operators such as the Group are favoured. Second, there are changes taking place in the shareholder profile and organization structure of some major printing houses, which are also reshaping the landscape of competition. One of the consequences is that customers become more inclined to place orders with companies that produce high quality products and have stable finance.

- 廣東五華縣中醫醫院作為醫療設備改善用途
- 旅港河源市同鄉總會有限公司作為支援河源 市醫院
 - 梅州南口中心衛生院作為醫療設備改善用途
 - 內蒙古大學生及嘉應學院助學計劃
- 中國星火基金支援希望小學

未來展望

主席報告

受到次按危機影響,兼且油價和其他商品價格屢創 新高,環球經濟正面對重大挑戰。此等情況為香港 /中國包裝印刷業帶來陰霾。首先,愈來愈多證據 顯示,金融系統的流動資金緊絀,銀行因而開始調 高現有浮息貸款和新借貸款的利率,導致最終借款 人逐漸受到波及。其次,通脹可能成為長期問題,原 因有多項,其中包括印度和中國等新興經濟體對貨 物和原材料需求殷切。中國政府努力遏止通脹,但允 許工資上升以保持社會和諧,故工資持續上升,例如 深圳每月最低工資在今年七月再度調升,由人民幣 七百五十元增至人民幣九百元。其他營運成本和原 材料(例如紙張)價格,也有跡象會進一步攀升。

另一方面,客戶和消費者對於價格上漲也有心理準 備;而在這種認同性出現的同時,包裝印刷業亦出現 兩個主要變化:第一,鑑於客戶要求更嚴格的質量 保證和認證,規模較小的包裝印刷商未達要求,而像 本集團等有聲譽及具規模的公司因而受惠。第二,一 些主要的包裝印刷公司出現股權架構轉變,令競爭 環境有了變化;其中一個結果是,客戶更為傾向把訂 單交與品質卓越和財務穩定的包裝印刷公司。

主席報告

In view of these new challenges and opportunities, the Group has taken new initiatives to reinforce its strength as a high quality and reliable manufacturer with solid financial resources. To that end, the Company announced in May 2008 an open offer of new shares to strengthen the financial position of the Group and expand the capital base of the Company. The open offer was successfully completed in June 2008 raising a net amount of approximately HK\$29 million.

Moreover, in order to build up new edges to differentiate itself from its competitors, the Group has adopted "Innovation and Change" as its new development direction for 2008. "Innovation" stresses new thinking, new concepts and new method to ensure a responsive, controllable and high quality production system, while "Change" stresses the seeking of breakthrough from traditional operating models. By applying these two concepts throughout its workflow, the Group is now building a new platform for its future development, and the management believes such platform will enable the Group to meet the new challenges and seize new opportunities.

On behalf of the Board 承董事會命 Lam Kwong Yu 主席 Chairman 林光如 Hong Kong, 18th July, 2008

面對這些新挑戰和新機遇,集團作為優質可靠的生 產商,正採取新措施加強各項優勢。二零零八年五 月,本公司宣布公開發售新股,以鞏固本集團的財務 狀況及擴大本公司的資金基礎。公開發售在二零零 八年六月順利完成,集資淨額約二千九百萬港元。

此外,為求在競爭中突顯優勢突圍而出,集團採納[創 新、變化」作為二零零八年的發展方向。「創新」講求 新思維、新觀念和新方法,確保發展出靈活敏鋭和便 於調控的優質生產系統,「變化」則講求經營模式須 突破傳統,務求整個工作流程貫徹創新概念,為今後 的發展打造新的平台。管理層相信,集團通過這些行 動,定可對應新挑戰和掌握新機遇。

香港,二零零八年七月十八日

CHAIRMAN'S LETTER

Building on the growth momentum of the financial year 2006/2007, 集

主席承件

the Group continued with steady progress in its sales drive in 2007/2008. As a result, the Group managed to record a slight increase in turnover and a satisfactory growth in net profit. The favourable results were achieved in the face of the higher prices of raw materials, the appreciation of Renminbi, the implementation of the new Labour Contract Law, and the further increase in the minimum wage of workers in China. Against these daunting challenges, the Group charted its course and overcame the difficulties. It would not have been possible without the creative and dynamic efforts of our professional working teams, who closed their ranks and utilized the best management means to rein in the costs, to carve our market niche, and to fine-tune a win-win strategy that gives preference to customers who lead the pack in our appraisal system.

With a history of 38 years, the Group has acquired a high standing by adhering to our principles. We know it is a long and arduous process for a printing business to develop from a traditional manufacturer into a modern high-tech enterprise. Hence we keep steadfast to a humble, diligent and responsive approach. We take seriously our social responsibility as a corporate citizen, insisting on being honest and reliable in our business practices. We uphold our moral standards of "Not Undertaking Eight Kinds of Printing Orders" and maintaining a high degree of transparency. We are committed to environmental protection, and have fully implemented the ISO14001 environmental management system. All in all, we are an enterprise of unflagging conscience, which governs all our operations.

As regards to quality and production technology, we have been paying heed to the government policy stated in the 11th Five-Year Plan to "procure the active development of a modern printing industry". By adopting "Innovation and Change" as our guidelines, we strive to implement standardized management and stringent quality assurance. Through "Starlite Institute of Management", we regularly hold forums on the standardization of technology in the printing industry, sharing experience and exploring new ideas with management experts and print media specialists. Moreover, we have entered into a cooperation agreement with the Standardization Administration of China, pursuant to which the first "China Printing Standardization Technology Development Base for Packaging and Printing" was set up in the Group's premises, with the Group being appointed to spearhead the standardization process. Furthermore, we have obtained the G7 GRACol international printing standard certification — the first among all printing and packaging enterprises in Asia. In order to promote printing standardization in a more proactive and effective manner, the Group in late 2007 entered into an agreement with Bobst Group, SA, the world's leading supplier of printing and packaging equipment, to

集團承接著2006/2007財政年度的銷售業務增長的態勢,於2007/2008財政年度內,銷售業績持續穩健,錄 得些微增長,淨利亦較去年有所進步。面對原材料價 格大幅上漲、人民幣升值、新勞動合同法實施、內地 工資標準進一步向上調整等嚴竣考驗,仍取得如此 佳績,實有賴我們專業、團結、富有創意與活力十足 的團隊,以精益管理對抗成本上漲,逆流而上,在銷 售方面明確市場定位,對客戶採取擇優而合的雙贏 調整策略所作的貢獻,實在功不可沒。

集團屹立三十八載,經營原則始終不變,我們深知要 把印刷業從典型的傳統產業建設成現代高新科技產 業是一個漫長而艱苦的過程,遂堅持以虛心勤敏的 態度,肩負著企業社會責任的使命,秉持誠信經營的 信念,貫徹「八不印」道德標準及堅持合法陽光運作, 並信守對環保的承諾,全面實施ISO14001環保管理 系統,汲汲營營地以企業良心為本經營事業。

在品質及生產技術方面,集團總應「十一五」規劃中 「大力發展現代印刷業」的國家政策及行業發展,以 「創新、變化」為指導思想,堅持實施標準化管理, 貫徹產品質量保證。隨著集團透過「星光管理學院」 定期舉辦印刷標準化論壇,與管理大師、印刷媒體專 家探討和分享標準化經驗與成效外,我們更與全國 印刷標準化技術委員會簽訂合作協議,在本集團成 立了中國首家「包裝印刷標準化試驗與推廣基地」, 並以集團為龍頭,帶動和提升整個印刷行業的標準 化技術水準。此外,集團亦通過了GRACol的G7國際 印刷標準認證,成為全亞洲最早取得這一認證的包 裝印刷企業。為能更主動並有效地推動印刷標準化 工作,集團更於2007年底與世界知名的包裝印刷設 備製造商一瑞士博斯特集團(Bobst Group, SA)達成 jointly develop a set of standard procedures for post-packaging and printing operations, which include die-cutting, bronzing/convexing, and box pasting. The project has been successfully registered with the Press and Publication Administration. In view of the lack of standard procedures in these three areas in China and abroad, such standards when developed will be greatly essential to the standardization of China's printing work and will enhance the industry's future development.

In order to provide reliable and quality services for our customers, the Group is required to make substantial investment. However, as costs saving and resources optimization are also our objectives, we need to focus our attention on identifying customers with true potential. As such, the Group has launched a customer appraisal scheme in recent years, which involves the regular review of customers in different sectors and to identify those major and potential ones. The findings are used to design flexible, tailor-made services to customers and to optimize our utilization of resources and cost-control measures.

Looking ahead, the Group will continue to adopt "Innovation and Change" as the two major directions for its development. Capitalizing on the Beijing Olympic Games this year, the Group is equipping itself with advanced digital printing machinery and adopting new business models to open the new era of digital printing for Starlite. We believe that the Olympic spirit presents an analogy to a business operation: only by adopting constant innovation and timely changes, and keeping abreast with customers' growth, can a business achieve sustainable growth. Being a high-end service provider, the Group is pioneering the exploration of new frontiers, making innovative changes on a flexible and timely basis, and using high and new technology to maintain high quality standards, which are the key to success in this new space. Hence, the Group apart from continually investing in the latest equipment and technology, is also putting significant resources on the enhancement of staff training, the reinforcement of its creativity-oriented corporate culture, the emphasis on research, science and technology, and the improvement of work flow, so as to generate further growth for its operations, employees, and customers. At the same time, the Group will continue to enhance its customer mix and identify new customers with good potential, while optimizing its allocation of resources. We will also work with customers to increase our competitiveness in the international marketplace, and to become a world-class enterprise that provides win-win solutions for customers and the Group, as well as reasonable returns for our shareholders. The management believes that the Group will emerge stronger from any tough encounters and secure greater success!

主席函件

協議,共同起草制定包裝印刷印後過程,包含模切、 燙金/擊凸、糊盒的三個標準,同時已在新聞出版總 署成功立項。由於目前國內外均尚未對這三方面訂 立標準,因此該等標準之制定對推動我國印刷標準 化工作,具有前瞻性意義,令人鼓舞。

為令客戶享受穩定及優質的服務,集團需要投放大 量資源,但為配合節省成本及優化資源的目標,我們 需要謹慎吸納並鎖定有潛質的客戶。因此,集團近年 致力推行客戶甄選計劃,定期鑽研產業及企業分析 報告,以評估確定及推甄選擇重要客戶,再按客戶類 別與評選等級,彈性調配資源為客戶提供量身訂做 的一流服務,以優化資源運用,有效控制成本。

展望未來,集團將繼續以「創新、變化」兩大導向全 力以赴。今年嫡逢北京奧運在即,我們正以此為切入 契機,引進先進數碼印刷設備,以嶄新商業模式開創 星光數碼圖像新紀元。我們認為,企業經營信念如同 奧運精神,只有不斷創新、適時變化,與客戶共同成 長,基業才能長青。集團向來定位於高端市場,故率 先發掘並時刻保持創新激情、覓得適當時機靈活執 行高效變化、運用高新科技提升及維持優良品質的 方法是致勝關鍵。因此,集團除繼續投放資源引進最 新設備和技術外,亦致力培訓人才,延續以創新為本 的優良傳統,聚焦科研、重視科技、專注流程,令員 工、企業與客戶共同成長。同時繼續調整現有客戶結 構,物色具潛質客戶,優化資源調配。與客戶攜手合 作,以提升國際競爭力、邁向世界級品牌骨幹企業, 為客戶、集團創造雙贏價值,繼續為股東爭取合理回 報。管理層相信,集團定可遇強愈強、再創佳績!

CHAIRMAN'S LETTER

主席函件

On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank our shareholders, customers, bankers, suppliers and friends in the community for their continued support and all our staff for their loyalty and dedication.

LAM KWONG YU

Chairman

Hong Kong, 18th July, 2008

我謹代表董事會,忠心感謝各位股東、客戶、銀行界、 供應商以及社會友好給予本集團的鼎力支持,更感 謝盡忠職守、忠心不渝的全體員工。

主席 林光如

香港,二零零八年七月十八日

財務摘要

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

綜合收益表

			Year e	ended 31st Marc	h,		
		截至三月三十一日止年度					
		2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Revenue	收入	1,170,617	1,128,021	907,054	850,787	693,348	
Operating profit	經營溢利	72,417	58,929	67,001	86,934	75,362	
Profit for the year, attributable to the equity holders of the Company	年內本公司 權益持有人 應佔溢利	44,114	32,541	31,128	62,804	57,517	
Dividends	股息	14,187	12,884	12,884	17,079	14,813	
Basic earnings per share for profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company (HK cents)	按年內本公司權益 持有人應佔溢利 計算之每股基本 盈利(港仙)	10.27	7.58	7.27	14.77	13.70	

財務摘要

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

綜合資產負債表

				at 31st March, 注三月三十一日		
		2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	515,930	477,904	446,497	363,320	306,687
Current assets	流動資產	488,061	420,909	376,765	333,807	284,260
Current liabilities	流動負債	(449,960)	(400,600)	(321,820)	(286,105)	(236,653)
Net current assets	流動資產淨額	38,101	20,309	54,945	47,702	47,607
Total assets less current	總資產減流動					
liabilities	負債	554,031	498,213	501,442	411,022	354,294
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(120,872)	(123,135)	(156,021)	(84,191)	(75,115)
Net assets	資產淨值	433,159	375,078	345,421	326,831	279,179
Shareholders' equity	股東權益	433,159	375,078	345,421	326,831	279,179

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The Directors have the pleasure of presenting their annual report together with the audited financial statements of Starlite Holdings Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") for the year ended 31st March, 2008.

Principal activities

The Company is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the printing and manufacturing of packaging materials, labels, paper products and environmentally friendly products.

Details of the Group's revenue and segment result by business segment and geographical segments are set out in Note 5 to the accompanying financial statements.

Major customers and suppliers

For the year ended 31st March, 2008, the five largest customers accounted for approximately 28% of the Group's total revenue and the five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 25% of the Group's total purchases. In addition, the largest customer accounted for approximately 8% of the Group's revenue while the largest supplier accounted for approximately 12% of the Group's total purchases.

None of the directors, their associates, or any shareholder (which, to the knowledge of the Company's Directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had a beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

Results and appropriations

Details of the Group's results for the year ended 31st March, 2008 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 47 of this annual report.

The Directors have declared an interim dividend of HK\$0.015 per ordinary share, totalling approximately HK\$6,442,000, which was paid on 18th January, 2008.

The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.015 per ordinary share, totalling approximately HK\$7,745,000, and recommend that the Group's retained profits of approximately HK\$240,770,000 be carried forward.

董事會欣然提呈星光集團有限公司(「本公司」)及 其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零零八年三月 三十一日止年度之年報及經審核財務報表。

主要業務

本公司乃一投資控股公司。其附屬公司主要從事印 刷及製造包裝材料、標籤、紙類製品及環保產品。

本集團按業務分部及地區分部之收入及分部業績之 詳情載於隨附之財務報表附註5。

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,本集團最大 五位客戶佔本集團總收入約28%,而最大五家供應 商佔本集團採購總額約25%。另外,本集團之最大客 戶佔本集團總收入約8%,而最大供應商佔本集團採 購總額約12%。

各董事、彼等之聯繫人士或任何股東(指就本公司董 事會所知擁有本公司股本超過5%之股東)概無擁有 本集團五大客戶或五大供應商之實質權益。

業績及分配

本集團截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度之業績 詳情載於本年報第47頁之綜合收益表。

董事會議決派發中期股息,每股港幣一點五仙,共 約6,442,000港元,有關股息並已於二零零八年一月 十八日派發。

董事會建議派發末期股息,每股港幣一點五仙, 共約7,745,000港元,並建議將集團保留溢利約 240,770,000港元結轉。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

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Share capital and employee share options

Details of movements in share capital and the employee share options scheme of the Company are set out in Notes 25 and 26, respectively, to the accompanying financial statements.

Reserves

Movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in Note 27 to the accompanying financial statements.

As at 31st March, 2008, the Company's retained profit of approximately HK\$33,473,000 was available for distribution to the Company's shareholders, of which approximately HK\$7,745,000 has been proposed as the final dividend for the year.

Purchase, sale or redemption of shares

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed shares during the year ended 31st March, 2008.

Pre-emptive rights

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Byelaws and the laws in Bermuda.

Subsidiaries

Particulars of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 17 to the accompanying financial statements.

Property, plant and equipment

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment during the year are set out in Note 16 to the accompanying financial statements.

Bank loans

Particulars of bank loans as at 31st March, 2008 are set out in Notes 21 and 31 to the accompanying financial statements.

Pension schemes

Details of the pension schemes are set out in Note 9 to the accompanying financial statements.

Charitable contributions

During the year, the Group made charitable contributions of approximately HK\$1,802,000 (2007: HK\$1,901,000).

股本及僱員購股權

本公司股本變動及僱員購股權計劃之詳情分別載於 隨附之財務報表附註25及26。

儲備

本集團及本公司於年內之儲備變動載於隨附之財務 報表附註27。

於二零零八年三月三十一日,本公司可供派發予股 東之保留溢利約33,473,000港元,其中約7,745,000港 元已建議作為本年度末期股息派付。

購買、出售或贖回股份

本公司或其任何附屬公司於截至二零零八年三月 三十一日止年度並無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司 上市股份。

優先購股權

本公司細則及百慕達法例並無授予優先購股權之條 款。

附屬公司 附屬公司之詳情載於隨附之財務報表附註17。

物業、廠房及設備

年內物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情載於隨附之財務 報表附註16。

銀行貸款 於二零零八年三月三十一日,銀行貸款之詳情載於 隨附之財務報表附註21及31。

退休金計劃

退休金計劃之詳情載於隨附之財務報表附註9。

慈善捐款

年內,本集團捐出約1,802,000港元(二零零七年: 1,901,000港元)之款項作慈善用途。



董事會報告

Directors and directors' service contracts

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive directors

Mr. Lam Kwong Yu, *Chairman*Ms. Yeung Chui, *Vice Chairman*Mr. Tai Tzu Shi, Angus, *Senior Vice President*Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles, *Senior Vice President*Mr. Lim Pheck Wan, Richard, *Senior Vice President*(appointed on 28th September, 2007)

Non-executive director

Mr. Christopher James Williams (retired on 28th August, 2007)

Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael Mr Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, *BBS, JP* Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny

In accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company, all of the directors will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

None of the directors has an unexpired contract with the Group which is not terminable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

Independent non-executive directors' confirmation of independence

The Company has received independence confirmation from each of the independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael, Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, *BBS, JP* and Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny, and considers them to be independent.

董事及董事服務合約 於本年度及直至本年報刊發日之在任董事為:

執行董事

林光如先生(主席) 楊翠女士(副主席) 戴祖璽先生(高級副總裁) 張志成先生(高級副總裁) 林必旺先生(高級副總裁) (於二零零七年九月二十八日委任)

非執行董事

Christopher James Williams先生 (於二零零七年八月二十八日退任)

獨立非執行董事

陳裕光先生 郭琳廣*, BBS,太平紳士* 譚競正先生

根據本公司之細則,各董事全部將於應屆股東週年 大會退任,惟均願膺選連任。

本集團並無與各董事訂立不可於一年內毋須補償(法 定補償除外)而終止之未屆滿合約。

獨立非執行董事之獨立性確認函件

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事,即陳裕光先生、郭 琳廣, BBS, 太平紳士及譚競正先生之獨立性確認函件,本 公司並認為彼等均為獨立。

董事會報告

Directors' interests in shares and share options

As at 31st March, 2008, the interest of the Directors and Chief Executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

董事於股份及購股權之權益

於二零零八年三月三十一日,本公司董事及主要行 政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期 貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、相關股 份及債券中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第 8分部須知會本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯 交所」)的權益或淡倉(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例 之該等條文被假設或視為擁有之權益或淡倉),或記 載於本公司按證券及期貨條例第352條須置存之登記 冊內的權益或淡倉,或根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上 市規則」)須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉如下:

Long positions in Shares

於股份之好倉

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份		Personal interests 個人權益	Family interests 家族權益	Corporate interests 公司權益	Other interests 其他權益	Total 總數	Approximate % of Shareholding 佔股權之概約 百分比	¹ Outstanding share options ¹ 尚未行使 之購股權
Mr. Lam Kwong Yu 林光如先生	Beneficial owner, interest of spouse & controlled corporation, beneficiary and founder of trusts	實益擁有,配偶權益, 受控制公司之權益, 信託受益人 及創辦人	2,150,000	1,100,000	844,000 (Note 1) (附註1)	224,022,174 (Note 2) (附註2)	228,116,174	53.01%	1,500,000
Ms. Yeung Chui 楊翠女士	Beneficial owner, interest of spouse & controlled corporation, beneficiary and founder of trusts	實益擁有、配偶權益、 受控制公司之權益、 信託受益人 及創辦人	1,100,000	2,150,000	844,000 (Note 1) (附註1)	224,022,174 (Note 2) (附註2)	228,116,174	53.01%	1,200,000
Mr. Tai Tzu Shi, Angus 戴祖璽先生	Beneficial owner & interest of spouse	實益擁有及 配偶權益	_	18,000	_	_	18,000	0.004%	500,000
Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles 張志成先生	Beneficial owner	實益擁有	750,000	_	_	_	750,000	0.17%	500,000
Mr. Lim Pheck Wan, Richard 林必旺先生	Beneficial owner	寳益擁有	_	_	_	_	-	_	500,000

1 Details of share options granted to Directors are separately disclosed under the heading of Share Option Scheme.

Notes:

- Dayspring Enterprises Limited held 844,000 shares in the Company. The entire issued share capital of the company is beneficially owned and controlled by Mr. Lam Kwong Yu and Ms. Yeung Chui. The 844,000 shares of Mr. Lam Kwong Yu and Ms. Yeung Chui are the same block of shares.
- 2. Best Grade Advisory Limited ("BGAL") held 224,022,174 shares in the Company. The entire issued share capital of BGAL is held by Masterline Industrial Limited as trustee of The New Super Star Unit Trust. All except one units in The New Super Star Unit Trust are beneficially owned by two discretionary trusts, the discretionary beneficiaries of which include Mr. Lam Kwong Yu, Ms. Yeung Chui and Mr. Lam Chuen Yik, Kenneth. HSBC International Trustee Limited acted as trustee of the two discretionary trusts. The two references to 224,022,174 shares relate to the same block of shares in the Company.

1 授予董事購股權之詳情於本文之購股權計劃部份內載述。

附註:

- 特暢企業有限公司持有本公司844,000股股份,該公司之全部 已發行股本均由林光如先生及楊翠女士實益擁有及控制。上 述由林光如先生及楊翠女士擁有的844,000股股份,實指同一 股份權益。
- Best Grade Advisory Limited(「BGAL」)持有本公司224,022,174 股股份,而BGAL之全部已發行股本由The New Super Star Unit Trust之信託人Masterline Industrial Limited持有。除一個單位外, The New Super Star Unit Trust之其他單位皆由兩個全權信託實 益擁有,而該等全權信託之受益人包括林光如先生、楊翠女士 及林傳億先生。而HSBC International Trustee Limited為兩個全權 信託的信託人。上述兩處所提及之224,022,174股本公司股份, 實指同一股份權益。

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Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors or Chief Executive of the Company had, as at 31st March, 2008, any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Listing Rules.

Share option scheme

Option Schemes

舊及新購股權計劃的參與人士

A new share option scheme has been adopted by the Company since 6th September, 2002 (the "New Share Option Scheme") to replace a share option scheme which had been adopted on 8th February, 1993 (the "Old Share Option Scheme") to comply with the current statutory requirements. The Company may grant options to the participants as set out in the New Share Option Scheme. Summary of the Old Share Option Scheme and the New Share Option Scheme was as follows :

除上文所披露者外,於二零零八年三月三十一日,本 公司各董事及主要行政人員概無於本公司或其任何 相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、 相關股份或債券中擁有依據證券及期貨條例第XV部 第7及第8分部規定須通知本公司及聯交所之權益及 淡倉(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例之該等條文被當 作或視為擁有之權益或淡倉),或記載於本公司按證 券及期貨條例第352條須置存之登記冊內之權益或淡 倉,或根據 上市規則須知會本公司及聯交所之權益 或淡倉。

購股權計劃

本公司由二零零二年九月六日已採納新購股權計劃 (「新購股權計劃」)以取代於一九九三年二月八日採 納之購股權計劃(「舊購股權計劃」),以符合現行之 法定要求。本公司可按新購股權計劃所列向參與人 士授予購股權。舊購股權計劃及新購股權計劃的摘 要如下:

New Share Option Scheme 新購股權計劃

To provide participants with the opportunity to acquire proprietary interests in the Company and to encourage participants to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares.

為參與人士提供獲得本公司所有權之 機會,並鼓勵參與人士致力擴大本公 司及其股份之價值。

- 2. Participants of the Old and New Share Any full-time employee of the (i) Any full-time employee of the Company or of any Subsidiary; and
 - (ii) Any full-time executive director of the Company or of any subsidiary
 - 括本公司或其附屬公司之全職執行 (i) 本公司或其附屬公司之全職僱員; 及
 - (ii) 本公司或其附屬公司之全職執行 董事

1. Purpose of the Old and New Share Option As an incentive to employees. Schemes 舊及新購股權計劃目的

作為對僱員的獎勵。

Company or any subsidiary (including

full-time executive directors of the

本公司及其附屬公司的全職僱員(包

Company or any subsidiary).

董事)。

Old Share Option Scheme

舊購股權計劃

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Old Share Option Scheme 舊購股權計劃

under the Old and New Share Option respect of which options may be options representing 41,250,098 Shares Schemes and percentage of issued share granted (when aggregated with any under the New Share Option Scheme capital as at the date of the annual report 根據舊及新購股權計劃可發行股份總數 及於本年報日期佔已發行股本百分比

securities subject to any other share (i.e. approximately 10% of the issued option scheme(s) of the Group) shall share capital of the Company as at the not exceed 10% of the number of date of the adoption of the New Share issued Shares of the Company from Option Scheme and approximately time to time excluding the aggregate 9.59% of the issued share capital of the number of shares which are issued Company as at the date of the annual pursuant to the Old Option Scheme. 按舊購股權計劃而可能授予之購股 權(連同本集團其他購股權計劃中尚 未行使之購股權)有關股份最高之數 目,不得超過本公司不時已發行股本 之10%,惟不包括因行使根據舊購股 權計劃授予之購股權而發行之股份。

New Share Option Scheme 新購股權計劃

3. Total number of Shares available for issue The maximum number of Shares in The Company may initially grant report).

> The maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the New Share Option Scheme and any other schemes adopted by the Company must not exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time. No options may be granted under the New Share Option Scheme or any other share option scheme if that will result in the 30% limit being exceeded.

根據新購股權計劃,本公司初步可授 予涉及41,250,098股股份(佔本公司於 採納新購股權計劃日期之已發行股本 約10%及佔本公司於本年報日期之已 發行股本約9.59%)之購股權。

根據本公司採納之新購股權計劃及任 何其他計劃授予而尚未行使之購股權 獲行使時而可發行之股份最高之數目 不得超過不時已發行股份之30%。倘 根據新購股權計劃授予購股權將會超 過30%上限,則不可授予購股權。

be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted to each participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) under the New Share Option Scheme or any other share option scheme adopted by the Company in any 12 month period must not exceed 1 % of the Shares in issue. 根據新購股權計劃以及本公司之任 何其他購股權計劃,在任何12個月期 間內,向每位參與人士授予購股權而 因行使購股權(包括已行使及尚未行 使之購股權)獲發行及將予發行之股 份總數,不得超過已發行股份數目之 1% °

4. Maximum entitlement of each participant 25% of the aggregate number of Shares The total number of Shares issued and to under the Old and New Share Option in respect of which options are issuable Schemes 每位參與人士根據舊及新購股權計劃可

認購的最高數額

under the Old Share Option Scheme. 舊購股權計劃當時可發行之股份總 數的25%。

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	Old Share Option Scheme 舊購股權計劃	New Share Option Scheme 新購股權計劃
5. The period within which the Shares must be taken up under an option 根據購股權須認購股份的期限	determined by the Board, which shall	
6. The minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised 須於行使前持有購股權的最短期限	during a period commencing on the expiry of 6 calendar months after the date of grant of the option, but in any	An option may be exercised at any time during a period commencing on the expiry of 6 calendar months after the date of grant of the option, but in any event not later than 10 years from the date of grant. 購股權可於由授予購股權當日起計六 個曆月後任何時間行使,惟不得超過 該購股權授出日期10年以外。
 The amount payable on application or acceptance of the option and the period within which payments or calls must or may be made or loans for such purposes must be paid 申請或接納購股權的應付金額以及付款 或通知付款的期限或償還申請購股權貸 款的期限 	for the grant of option and the option shall be accepted within 28 days from the date of offer. 需支付港幣10元作為授予購股權之 代價,而購股權必須於授予日期起計	The amount payable on acceptance of an option is HK\$10 and an offer shall remain open for acceptance by the participant for a period of 28 days from the date on which the letter containing the offer is delivered to that participant. 接納購股權所須支付之代價為港幣10 元。而參與人士可於收到要約函起計

元。而參與人士可於收到要約函起計 28日期間內接納購股權。

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釐定行使價的基準

董事會報告

Old Share Option Scheme 舊購股權計劃

8. The basis of determining the exercise price The exercise price is determined by the The exercise price shall be determined Board in their absolute discretion but by the Board in its absolute discretion in any event shall not be less than the and shall be at least the highest of: higher of:

> (i) 80% of the average of the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of an option; or

(ii) the nominal value of the Shares. 行使價由董事會釐定,但不得低 於 以下的較高者:

(i) 緊接購股權授予日期前五個交易 日股份於聯交所的平均收市價的 (iii) the nominal value of the Shares on 80%;或

(ii) 股份面值。

New Share Option Scheme 新購股權計劃

- (i) the closing price of a Share as stated in the daily quotations sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a business day; or
- (ii) the average closing price of a Share as stated in the daily quotations sheet issued by the Stock Exchange for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of grant; or
- the date of grant.

購股權之行使價由董事會釐定,但最 少以下列中最高者為準:

(i) 股份於提出授予購股權當日(須 為營業日)聯交所每日報價表所 列之收市價;或

(ii) 股份於緊接提出授予購股權日期 前五個交易日在聯交所每日報價 表所列之平均收市價;或

(iii)於授予購股權當日的股份面值。

Share Option Schemes 舊及新購股權計劃的剩餘期限

9. The remaining life of the Old and New The Old Share Option Scheme was The New Share Option Scheme shall be adopted on 8th February, 1993 and was valid and effective for a period of ten originally effective until 7th February, years commencing on the adoption date 2003. On 6th September, 2002, the i.e. 6th September, 2002. Old Share Option Scheme was resolved 新購股權計劃由採納日(即二零零二 by the shareholders of the Company to 年九月六日) 起十年內一直生效及有 have been terminated thereon. 舊購股權計劃於一九九三年二月八 日採納及原於二零零三年二月七日 前一直有效。於二零零二年九月六 日,本公司股東議決舊股權計劃由該 日起取消。

效。

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董事會報告

The following table shows the movements in the Company's share 本公司購股權於年內之變動及於年初及年終尚未行 options during the year and the outstanding options at the beginning and end of the year:

Old share option scheme

使之購股權如下表所示:

舊購股權計劃

Name 姓名	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise period 行使期間	Exercise price per share 每股認購價 HK\$ 港元	Beginning of year 年初 '000 千股	Granted during the year 年內授出 '000 千股	Exercised during the year 年內行使 '000 千股	Lapsed during the year 年內失效 '000 千股	End of year 年終 ′000 千股
Directors 董事								
Mr. Lam Kwong Yu 林光如先生	10.9.1997	11.3.1998 – 9.9.2007	0.690	1,912	_	_	(1,912)	_
Ms. Yeung Chui 楊翠女士	10.9.1997	11.3.1998 – 9.9.2007	0.690	1,602	_		(1,602)	_
				3,514			(3,514)	

New share option scheme

新購股權計劃

Name 姓名	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise period 行使期間	Exercise price per share 每股認購價 HK\$ 港元	Beginning of year 年初 '000 千股	Granted during the year 年內授出 '000 千股	Exercised during the year 年內行使 '000 千股	Lapsed during the year 年內失效 '000 千股	End of year 年終 '000 千股
(i) Directors 董事								
Mr. Lam Kwong Yu 林光如先生	9.2.2007	9.8.2007 – 8.2.2010	0.475	1,500	_	_	_	1,500
Ms. Yeung Chui 楊翠女士	9.2.2007	9.8.2007 – 8.2.2010	0.475	1,200	_	_	_	1,200
Mr. Tai Tzu Shi, Angus	29.12.2004	29.6.2005 – 28.12.2007	0.770	1,420	_	_	(1,420)	_
戴祖璽先生	9.2.2007	9.8.2007 - 8.2.2010	0.475	500	—	—	—	500
Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles	29.12.2004	29.6.2005 – 28.12.2007	0.770	1,440	_	_	(1,440)	_
張志成先生	9.2.2007	9.8.2007 – 8.2.2010	0.475	500	_	_	_	500
Mr. Lim Pheck Wan, Richard	29.12.2004	29.6.2005 – 28.12.2007	0.770	100	—	—	(100)	—
林必旺先生	28.10.2005	28.4.2006 - 27.10.2007	0.722	36	_	_	(36)	_
	9.2.2007	9.8.2007 – 8.2.2010	0.475	500	—	_	—	500
(ii) Employees 僱員	29.12.2004	29.6.2005 – 28.12.2007	0.770	1,892	—	—	(1,892)	—
	28.10.2005	28.4.2006 – 27.10.2007	0.722	382	_	_	(382)	—
	9.2.2007	9.8.2007 – 8.2.2010	0.475	3,385		(820)		2,565
				12,855	_	(820)	(5,270)	6,765

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

The Company had used a Binomial Option Pricing Model to determine the fair value of certain options granted as at the date of grant, details of which are set out in Note 26 to the financial statements.

The Binomial Option Pricing Model was developed to estimate the fair value of American style options, that is, options that can be exercised at any time throughout the option term from the date of being vested. It is one of the commonly used models to estimate the fair value of an option which can be exercised before the expiry of the option period. The value of an option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions. Any change in variables so adopted may materially affect the estimation of the fair value of an option.

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable any of the Company's directors or members of its management to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Directors' interests in contracts

Save as disclosed in Note 32 to the accompanying financial statements, no contract of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries or holding companies was a party and in which any of the Company's directors or members of its management had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

本公司已採用二項式期權定價模式訂定若干所授出 購股權於授出當日之公平值,詳情載於財務報表附 註26。

二項式期權定價模式乃用作估計美式期權(即指由歸 屬日起開始於行使期內可隨意行使之期權)之公平值。 此乃估計可於行使期屆滿前行使之期權之公平值最 常用之其中一種模式。期權之價值會因若干主觀假 設之數據出現變動而有異。期權之公平值估算或會 因所採納之數據出現任何變動而受到重大影響。

除上述披露者外,於年內任何時間,本公司及其任何 附屬公司概無參與任何安排,導致本公司董事或其 管理層成員藉收購本公司或任何其他法人團體之股 份或債券而獲益。

董事於合約內之利益

除於隨附之財務報表附註32披露者外,本公司或其 附屬公司於年終或年內任何時間,並無訂有任何與 本集團業務有關而本公司董事或管理層成員直接或 間接擁有其中重大利益之重要合約。

董事會報告

Substantial shareholders

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So far as is known to any Director or Chief Executive of the Company, as at 31st March, 2008, shareholders (other than Directors or Chief Executive of the Company) who had interest or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

主要股東

就本公司董事或主要行政人員所知,於二零零八年 三月三十一日,於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根 據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部的條文須向 本公司披露或記載於本公司按證券及期貨條例第336 條置存的登記冊內的權益或淡倉之股東(本公司董事 或主要行政人員除外)如下:

.

Long positions of substantial shareholders in the shares of the Company

主要股東於本公司股份之好倉

			Approximate % of
Name of shareholder 股東名稱	Capacity 身份	Number of Shares 股份數目	Shareholding 佔股權之概約百分比
Best Grade Advisory Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有	224,022,174 (Note 1) (附註1)	52.06%
Masterline Industrial Limited	Trustee 信託人	224,022,174 (Note 1) (附註1)	52.06%
HSBC International Trustee Limited	Trustee 信託人	224,022,174 (Note 2) (附註2)	52.06%

Notes:

- 1. The two references of 224,022,174 shares relate to the same block of shares in the Company. Best Grade Advisory Limited ("BGAL") held 224,022,174 shares in the Company. The entire issued share capital of BGAL is held by Masterline Industrial Limited as trustee of The New Super Star Unit Trust. All except one units in The New Super Star Unit Trust are beneficially owned by two discretionary trusts, the discretionary beneficiaries of which include Mr. Lam Kwong Yu, Ms. Yeung Chui and Mr. Lam Chuen Yik, Kenneth. HSBC International Trustee Limited acted as trustee of the two discretionary trusts.
- 附註:

2.

- 上述兩處所提及之224,022,174股本公司股份,實指同一股份 權益。上述股份由Best Grade Advisory Limited(「BGAL」)持有。 BGAL之全部已發行股本由The New Super Star Unit Trust之信託 人Masterline Industrial Limited持有。除一個單位外,The New Super Star Unit Trust之其他單位皆由兩個全權信託實益擁有, 而該等全權信託之受益人包括林光如先生、楊翠女士及林傳 億先生。而HSBC International Trustee Limited為兩個全權信託的 信託人。
- 2. The two references of 224,022,174 Shares described in Note 1 and Note 2 relate to the same block of Shares in the Company. HSBC International Trustee Limited ("HSBC"), as trustee of two discretionary trusts in which Mr. Lam Kwong Yu, Ms. Yeung Chui and Mr. Lam Chuen Yik, Kenneth were the beneficiaries, were interested and/or deemed to be interested in the said 224,022,174 shares.
- 附註1及2所提及之224,022,174股本公司股份,實為同一股份 權益。HSBC International Trustee Limited(「HSBC」)為兩個全 權信託之信託人,而林光如先生、楊翠女士及林傳億先生則 為該等信託之受益人,HSBC擁有及/或被視為擁有所述之 224,022,174股股份權益。

董事會報告

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Audit committee

The Audit Committee is composed of all the three independent non-executive directors of the Company. The audit committee has reviewed with management the accounting principals and practice adopted by the Group and discussed auditing, internal control, and financial reporting matters, including the review of financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2008.

Financial summary

A summary of the Group's financial information for the last five financial years is set out on pages 20 and 21 of this annual report.

Directors' interests in competing business

During the year ended 31st March, 2008, none of the Directors nor their respective associates had any interests in a business which competes or may compete with the businesses of the Company.

Sufficiency of public float

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its Directors, the Directors confirm that the Company has maintained during the year under review the amount of public float as required under the Listing Rules.

Corporate governance

A report on the principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out on pages 34 to 41 of the annual report.

Event after the balance sheet date

On 18th June, 2008, the Company issued 86,059,197 ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each at a subscription price of HK\$0.35 per offer share in connection with an open offer. The net proceeds of the open offer were approximately HK\$29 million.

Auditor

The accompanying financial statements were audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers. A resolution for appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers as the Company's auditors for the ensuring year, is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board Lam Kwong Yu Chairman

Hong Kong, 18th July, 2008

審核委員會

本公司之審核委員會由本公司之所有三位獨立非執 行董事組成。本集團之審核委員會已與管理層審議 本集團採用之會計準則及常規,及商討審計、內部監 控及財務報表事項,包括審議此等截至二零零八年 三月三十一日之年度財務報表。

財務摘要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之財務摘要詳情載於本 年報第20頁至21頁。

董事於競爭業務中的權益

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,董事及彼等 各自的聯繫人士概無於與本公司業務競爭或可能競 爭的業務中擁有任何權益。

公眾持股量的足夠性

根據本公司能夠取得之資料及董事之知情範圍以內, 董事確認,本公司於回顧年度內之公眾持股量維持 在上市規則所規定之數量。

企業管治

有關本公司採納之主要企業管治常規之報告載於年 報第34至41頁。

結算日後事項

於二零零八年六月十八日本公司根據公開發售,發 行86,059,197股每股面值0.1港元的普通股,每股發售 股份的認購價為0.35港元。公開發售的所得款項淨額 約二千九百萬港元。

核數師

隨附之財務報表由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審核。 有關重新聘請羅兵咸永道會計師事務所為本公司核 數師之決議案將於即將舉行之股東週年大會上提呈。

承董事會命 *主席* **林光如**

香港,二零零八年七月十八日

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Starlite Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are committed to maintaining and upholding good corporate governance in order to protect the interests of shareholders, customers, suppliers and staff. The Company strives at ensuring high standards of corporate governance in the interests of shareholders and takes care to identify practices designed to achieve effective oversight, transparency and ethical behavior.

Throughout the year ended 31st March, 2008, the Company was in compliance with the Code as set out in the then Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), except for the deviations as mentioned below.

This report includes information relating to corporate governance practices of the Company during the year ended 31st March, 2008 and significant events after that date and up to the date of this report.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules for securities transactions by the Directors. All Directors have confirmed that, during the year ended 31st March, 2008, they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code regarding securities transactions by the Directors.

企業管治常規

為保障股東、客戶、供應商和員工的利益,星光集團 有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」) 致力維持和強化高水準的公司治理。本公司致力保 持高水平的企業管治,以股東的利益為依歸,力求訂 立合適的政策,實行有效監管,提升公司透明度,秉 承應有的道德操守。

除下文所述偏離者外,於截至二零零八年三月 三十一日止年度,本公司已遵守聯交所證券上市規 則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之守則。

本報告包括於截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 內有關本公司之企業管治常規之資料,及於該日期 後及截至本報告日期之重大事項。

董事之證券交易

本公司已就董事進行證券交易採納上市規則附錄十 所載上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準 守則」),全體董事均已確認,截至二零零八年三月 三十一日止年度,彼等一直遵守標準守則有關董事 進行證券交易規定所載規定標準。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board

The Board is at the core of the Company's corporate governance framework, and there is clear division of responsibilities between the Board and the Management. The Board is responsible for providing high-level guidance and effective oversight of the Management. Generally, the Board is responsible for:

- formulating the Group's long-term strategy and monitoring the implementation thereof;
- reviewing and approving the annual business plan and financial budget;
- approving the annual and interim reports;
- reviewing and monitoring risk management and internal control;
- ensuring good corporate governance and compliance; and
- monitoring the performance of the Management.

The Board currently has eight members, comprising three independent non-executive directors and five executive directors of whom certain are with appropriate professional qualification or are in possession of financial management expertise.

董事會

董事會

董事會作為本公司治理架構核心,同管理層之間具 有明確分工。董事會負責給予管理層高層指引和有 效監控。一般而言,董事會負責:

- 制訂本集團的長期戰略並監控其執行情況;
- 審批年度業務計劃和財務預算;
- 批准有關年度及中期業績;
- 審查及監控本集團的風險管理及內部監控;
- 負責本集團的公司治理及合規;及
- 監察本集團管理層的工作表現。

董事會由八位成員組成,包括三位獨立非執行董事 及五位執行董事,若干董事具備適當的專業資格或 有關財務管理的專業經驗。

企業管治報告

The Board is scheduled to meet at least four times a year to determine overall strategic direction and objectives and approve interim and annual results and other significant matters. During the year ended 31st March, 2008, four Board meetings were held with an average attendance rate of approximately 91%, details of which are presented below: 董事會擬每年舉行最少四次會議,以釐定整體策略 方針及目標,並通過中期及年度業績及其他重要事 項。截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度內,已舉行 之四次董事會會議之平均出席率為約91%,詳情呈 列如下:

Board Members	Meetings Attended/Held	董事會成員	出席/舉行
Executive directors		執行董事	
Mr. Lam Kwong Yu (Chairman of the Board)	4/4	林光如先生 <i>(董事會主席)</i>	4/4
Ms. Yeung Chui	4/4	楊翠女士	4/4
Mr. Tai Tzu Shi, Angus	3/4	戴祖璽先生	3/4
Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles	4/4	張志成先生	4/4
Mr. Lim Pheck Wan, Richard		林必旺先生	
(appointed on 28th September, 2007)	2/4	(於二零零七年九月二十八日委任)	2/4
Independent non-executive directors		獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael	4/4	陳裕光先生	4/4
Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, BBS, JP	4/4	郭琳廣, BBS,太平紳士	4/4
Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny	4/4	譚競正先生	4/4

The meeting schedule had been prepared and approved by the Board in the preceding year. In general, Board agenda and meeting materials are despatched to all Board members in a timely manner. Board agenda is approved by the Chairman following consultation with other Board members and the Management.

The Company Secretary, Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles, is responsible for taking minutes of Board and Board Committee meetings. Draft and final minutes are sent to all Directors for comments within a reasonable time. A final draft of each minutes of meetings is made available for inspection by Directors/Committee Members.

All Directors have access to the Company Secretary who is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are complied with and advises the Board on corporate governance and compliance matters. They are also encouraged to take independent professional advice at the Company's expense in performance of their duties, if necessary. Furthermore, all the Directors are covered by the Directors' & Officers' Liability Insurance, which is also part of our best practices. 會議時間安排在上一年度即已擬定通過。所有會議 材料連同會議議程會及時送達全體董事會成員審閲。 每次會議議程內容均在事前充份諮詢各董事會成員 及管理層意見後,經主席確認而制訂。

公司秘書張志成先生負責處理董事會及董事會委員 會之會議記錄。會議記錄之草擬及最終版本將於適 當時間送交董事以收集意見。每份會議記錄之最終 版本可供董事/委員會成員查閱。

所有董事均可聯絡公司秘書,而公司秘書則負責確 保董事會符合程序及就企業管治及法規事項向董事 會提出意見。本公司鼓勵所有董事於有需要的情況 下諮詢獨立專業人士的意見,以履行其職務,有關費 用將由公司支付。此外,所有董事均獲得董事及行政 人員責任保險保障,有關安排亦屬於本集團最佳常 規之一部份。

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Code Provision A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. The Company does not have a separate Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and Mr. Lam Kwong Yu currently holds both positions. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both Chairman and Chief Executive Officer in the same person would allow the Company to be more effective and efficient in developing long-term business strategies and execution of business plans. The Board believes that the balance of power and authority is adequately ensured by the operating of the Board which comprises experienced and high caliber individuals with a sufficient number thereof being Non-executive Directors.

Appointments, re-election and removal

The Board as a whole is responsible for the procedure agreeing to the appointment of its own members and for nominating them for election by the shareholders on first appointment and thereafter subject to retirement and re-election at annual general meeting in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company. Code Provision A.4.1 stipulates that non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. The non-executive directors of the Company have not been appointed for a specific term as they are subject to retirement and re-election at annual general meeting in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company. The Company has not established any nomination committee and is not currently considering establishing the same owing to the small size of the Board of the Company. The Chairman of the Board is mainly responsible for identifying appropriate candidates to fill the casual vacancy whenever it arises or to add additional member as and when required. The Chairman will propose the qualified candidate(s) to the Board for consideration. The Board will approve the appointment based on the suitability, gualification of the candidate. The Chairman of the Board is reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board and assessing the independence of independent non-executive directors, on a regular basis.

Responsibilities of Directors

Upon acceptance of appointment, a new Director is provided with sufficient orientation package, including introduction to Group activities (when necessary), induction into their responsibilities and duties, and other regulatory requirements, to ensure that he has a proper understanding of the business and his responsibilities as a Director of the Company.

主席及行政總裁

守則條文第A.2.1條規定應區分主席與行政總裁的角 色,並不應由一人同時兼任。本公司並無區分主席與 行政總裁,林光如先生目前兼任該兩個職位。董事會 相信,由一人兼任主席與行政總裁的角色可讓本公 司更有效及有效率發展長遠業務策略以及執行業務 計劃。董事會相信,董事會由經驗豐富的優秀人才組 成,加上相當成員均為非執行董事,故足以確保有關 權力及職權能充分平衡。

委任、膺選連任及撤換

董事會全體負責制訂商定委任其本身成員及於首次 委任時提名彼等供股東選舉及其後選舉之程序。守 則條文第A.4.1條規定非執行董事的委任應有年期, 並須接受重新選舉,而本公司之非執行董事並無按 特定任期委任,惟根據本公司細則,彼等須於股東週 年大會上告退及重選。由於本公司董事會規模較小, 因此本公司並無成立任何提名委員會,目前亦並無 考慮成立提名委員會。董事會主席主要負責物色適 當人選以填補隨時出現之空缺或於有需要時新增成 員。主席將向董事會建議合資格人選以供考慮。董事 會將根據人選之適合程度及資歷而批准委任。董事 會主席會定期審議董事會之結構、規模及組成及評 佔獨立非執行董事之獨立性。

董事之責任

新任董事於接受委任後,將獲得提供足夠之指導協助,包括介紹本集團業務(於有需要時)、簡介其責 任及職責及其他監管規定,以確保其對本公司業務 及作為本公司董事之責任有適當了解。

Each of the Directors is required to give sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company. As seen above, a very satisfactory average attendance rates were recorded on the meetings of the Board and Committees under the Board.

Independent non-executive Directors

The roles of the independent non-executive Directors include the following:

- (i) provision of independent judgement at the Board meeting;
- (ii) take the lead where potential conflicts of interests arise;
- (iii) serve on committees if invited; and
- (iv) scrutinize the performance of the Group as necessary.

The independent non-executive Directors of the Company and their immediate family receive no payment from the Company or its subsidiaries (except the Director fee). No family member of any independent non-executive Directors is employed as an executive officer of the Company or its subsidiaries, or has been so in the past three years. The independent non-executive Directors are subject to retirement and re-election at the Annual General Meeting in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company. Each independent non-executive Director has provided a confirmation of his independence with reference to the new independence guidelines as set out in the Listing Rules.

Supply of and access to information

To allow the Directors to make an informed decision and properly discharge their duties and responsibilities, the Company Secretary ensures that relevant Board papers are sent to all the Directors in a timely manner. All Board papers and minutes are also made available for inspection by the Board and its Committees.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The Remuneration Committee was set up with the responsibility of recommending to the Board the remuneration policy of all the Directors and the senior management. The Remuneration Committee composed of all the three independent non-executive directors of the Company. 每名董事須撥出足夠時間及注意力以處理本公司事 務。如上文所載,根據董事會會議及董事會轄下委員 會會議,均錄得令人極為滿意之出席率。

獨立非執行董事

獨立非執行董事的角色包括下列各項:

- (i) 於董事會會議上提供獨立判斷;
- (ii) 於出現潛在利益衝突時作出處理;
- (iii) 如獲邀請則出任委員會成員;及
- (iv) 於有需要時監察本集團表現。

本公司獨立非執行董事及其直屬家眷並無接獲本公 司或其附屬公司的任何款項(董事袍金除外)。概無 任何獨立非執行董事的家族成員現在或於過往三年 受聘為本公司或其附屬公司的行政人員。獨立非執 行董事須根據本公司的細則於股東週年大會上告退 及膺選連任。各獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則所 載的新獨立指引提供其獨立性的確認書。

提供及查閱資料

為了使董事可作出知情決定及適當履行其職責及責任,公司秘書確保有關董事會文件以適時方式送交 所有董事。所有董事會文件及會議記錄亦可供董事 會及其委員會查閱。

董事及高級管理層酬金

薪酬委員會的職責為向董事會建議所有董事及高級 管理層之酬金政策。薪酬委員會由本公司三位獨立 非執行董事組成。

企業管治報告

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The Committee Chairman is required to report to the Board on its proceedings after each meeting on all matters within its duties and responsibilities.

A meeting of the Remuneration Committee is required to be held at least once a year to coincide with key dates within the financial reporting and audit cycle. During the year ended 31st March, 2008, two meetings were held, attendance for the two meetings held by the Remuneration Committee is set out below:

Remuneration Committee Members	Meetings Attended/Held	薪酬委員會成員	出席/舉行
Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael (Chairman)	2/2	陳裕光先生(主席)	2/2
Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, BBS, JP	2/2	郭琳廣, BBS,太平紳士	2/2
Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny	2/2	譚競正先生	2/2

The Remuneration Committee is authorised to investigate any matter within its Terms of Reference and seek any information it requires from any employee and obtain outside legal or other independent professional advice at the cost of the Company if it considers necessary. The Remuneration Committee has reviewed the compensation of the directors and senior executives for 2008.

During the year ended 31st March, 2008, total Directors' remuneration amounted to approximately HK\$11,835,000 (2007: HK\$10,086,000), individual details of which are disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements. Executive Directors and senior management's compensation including the long-term incentive shall be based on the corporate and individual performance.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial reporting

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flow for that period. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2008, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; adopted appropriate Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Hong Kong Accounting Standards; made adjustments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis. The Directors are also responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company.

並可向任何僱員搜集其需要之任何資料,及徵詢法 律或其他獨立專業人士的意見,以履行其職務,有關 費用將由公司支付。薪酬委員會已審閲董事及高級 行政人員於二零零八年之薪酬。

薪酬委員會獲授權調查屬於其職權範圍內任何事項,

委員會主席須於每次會議後向董事會匯報其職責及

薪酬委員會須最少每年舉行一次會議,日期須與財

務報告及審核週期內之重要日子屬同一日。截至二

零零八年三月三十一日止年度內,薪酬委員會舉行

了兩次會議,而該兩次會議的出席率如下:

責任範圍內之所有事項處理程序。

截至二零零八年三月三十一日年度內,董事酬金總 額約11,835,000港元(二零零七年:10,086,000港元), 詳情於隨附之財務報表附註10披露。執行董事及高 級管理層之薪酬包括長期獎勵應以企業及個人表現 計算。

問責性及審核

財務滙報

董事有責任就每個財政期間編製真實兼公平反映本 集團財務狀況的財務報表以及該期間的業績及現金 流量。在編撰截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度 的財務報表時,董事必須採用適當的會計政策及貫 徹應用該等會計政策;採納適當的香港財務報告準 則及香港會計準則:作出審慎及合理的調整及估計; 及按持續經營基準編製財務報表。董事亦須負責保 存適當的會計記錄,並可於任何時間以合理準確方 式披露本公司的財務狀況。



Internal controls

The Board has delegated to management the responsibility to develop and maintain a sound internal control system. The internal control system, operating through a framework of management and operational controls, and risk management systems, is intended to allow the Board to monitor the Group's business performance and financial positions, to control and adjust risk exposures, to adopt sound business practices, to obtain reasonable assurance on controls against fraud and errors, to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and to provide oversight and guidance to management in achieving the Company's objectives.

The key procedures that the Group has established to maintain an effective internal control system are as follows:

- A clear management organisational structure is set up with well-defined lines of authority, accountability and responsibilities.
- Regular reporting of the performance of the Company's businesses to senior management. The Board reviews the Group's business and financial performance on a quarterly basis.
- The internal audit department shall independently evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of key controls including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions. The internal audit function reports major findings and recommendations, if any, to the Audit Committee on a quarterly basis.

Assessment of Internal Control System

The Board has assessed the effectiveness of internal control system by considering reviews performed by the Audit Committee and management, and the findings of both internal and external auditors. In undertaking this assessment, the Board also engaged an independent risk consulting firm to assist in the execution of internal audit plan throughout the year ended 31st March, 2008.

內部監控

董事會授權管理層負責制訂及維持健全之內部監控 制度。內部監控制度通過管理及營運監控,風險管理 制度架構之運作,使董事會可監察本集團之業務表 現及財務狀況,監控及調節風險,採納健全之業務守 則、合理確證對欺詐及誤差之監控,遵守適用法例及 規則,以及對管理人員作出監察及指引,以達成本公 司之目標。

本集團已設立以維持有效內部監控之制度,其主要 程序如下:

- 設立清晰之管理組織架構,具有清楚界定之權
 限,問責性及職責。
- 定期向高級管理人員報告本公司之業務表現。
 董事會每季審閱本集團之業務及財務表現。
- 內部審核部門獨立評估財務、運作、合規及風
 險管理功能的重要監控之完備及效能,並每季
 向審核委員會匯報主要結果及建議(如有)。

內部監控制度之評估

董事會經斟酌審核委員會與管理層提交之審議, 以及內部及外聘核數師作出之審核報告,從而對集 團之內部監控制度進行評估。截至二零零八年三月 三十一日止年度,董事會另聘一家獨立風險顧問公 司以協助本集團執行內部審核計劃。

Audit Committee

The audit committee is composed of all the three independent non-executive directors of the Company. The audit committee has reviewed with management the accounting principals and practice adopted by the Group and discussed auditing, internal control, and financial reporting matters, including the review of financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2008.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the annual and interim results of 2008 and was content that the accounting policies of the Group are in accordance with the generally accepted accounting practices in Hong Kong.

Attendance for the four meetings held by the Audit Committee during the year is set out below:

Audit Committee Members	Meetings Attended/Held	審核
Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny (Chairman)	4/4	譚競
Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael	4/4	陳裕
Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, BBS, JP	4/4	郭琳

Auditors' Remuneration

The financial statements for the year have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers. During the year, remuneration of approximately HK\$1,893,000 was payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers for the provision of audit services. In addition, approximately HK\$296,000 was payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers for other nonaudit services. The non-audit services mainly consist of tax compliance and other advisory services.

Communication with Shareholders

Communication with shareholders is given high priority. Extensive information about the Group's activities is provided in the Annual Report and the Interim Report. The Group's website provides regularly updated Group information to shareholders. The Company also arranges regular site visit for investors and media. Enquiries on matters relating to shareholdings and the business of the Group are welcome, and are dealt with in an informative and timely manner. The Group encourages all shareholders to attend annual general meeting.

審核委員會

本公司之審核委員會由本公司之所有三位獨立非執 行董事組成。本集團之審核委員會已與管理層審議 本集團採用之會計準則及常規,及商討審計、內部監 控及財務滙報事項,包括審議此等截至二零零八年 三月三十一日之年度財務報表。

審核委員會已審閱二零零八年的全年及中期業績, 並對本集團的會計政策乃符合香港現時業內普遍採 納的會計常規表示滿意。

年內審核委員會舉行之四次會議之出席率如下:

審核委員會成員	出席/舉行
譚競正先生 <i>(委員會主席)</i>	4/4
陳裕光先生	4/4
郭琳廣, BBS,太平紳士	4/4

核數師酬金

本年度財務報表已由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審核。 於本年度內,就提供審核服務而應付羅兵咸永道會 計師事務所的酬金約1,893,000港元。此外,就其他非 審核服務而應付羅兵咸永道會計師事務所的款項約 為296,000港元。非審核服務主要包括税務法規及其 他資詢服務。

與股東的聯繫

本集團相當重視與股東的聯繫。年報及中期報告提 供大量關於本集團業務的資料。本集團的網站定期 為股東提供最新資訊。本公司亦定期為投資者及傳 媒安排實地訪問。本集團歡迎投資者查詢有關彼等 所持股權及本集團業務的事項,而所有查詢均會於 短時間內處理。本集團亦歡迎所有股東出席股東週 年大會。

DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Executive Directors

Mr. Lam Kwong Yu, aged 61

Mr. Lam is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and is the founder of the Group. He holds a Master Degree in Business Administration from the National University of Singapore. Mr. Lam has been in community work in China and Hong Kong for many years. He is a member of the 10th National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, a member of Election Committee for the 1st and 2nd Government of HKSAR and a committee member of the 2006 Election Committee Subsector Elections, a director of Chinese Overseas Friendship Association, an Adjunct Professor of City University of Hong Kong, an Executive Director of Guangzhou Jinan University and a Guest Professor of South China Normal University. Mr. Lam has received several prominent awards including "Hong Kong Ten Outstanding Young Persons Award 1986", "Young Industrialist Award of Hong Kong 1988", "Hong Kong Entrepreneurs Award 1990", "Outstanding Achievements Award" of the "Hong Kong Print Award 1999" and "Medal of Honor" (M.H.) from the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in 2002. Mr. Lam has over 42 years' experience in the printing industry and is responsible for the overall policy making and business development of the Group.

Ms. Yeung Chui, aged 61

Ms. Yeung is the Vice Chairman of the Company. Ms. Yeung is responsible for the finance, administration, personnel and purchasing functions of the Group. She has over 42 years' experience in the printing industry. Ms. Yeung is the wife of Mr. Lam Kwong Yu.

Mr. Tai Tzu Shi, Angus, aged 51

Mr. Tai is the Senior Vice President of the Company. He joined the Group in 1990 and is currently the Chief Technical Officer of the Group. He graduated from the Graphics Art Department of the Chinese Culture University of Taiwan in 1978. He is the author of the book titled "The Quality Control of the Printing Industry". He has over 23 years' experience in the printing industry.

董事及高級行政人員資料

執行董事

林光如先生

林先生,現年六十一歲,為本集團創辦人及本公司主 席兼行政總裁。林先生持有新加坡國立大學工商管 理碩士學位。多年來林先生先後出任中國及香港之 社會公職,為中國人民政治協商會議第十屆全國委 員會委員、香港特別行政區第一屆推選委員會委員、 第二屆選舉委員會委員及現任2006選舉委員會委員、 中華海外聯誼會理事、香港城市大學商學院協席教 授、暨南大學常務校董會校董、武漢大學客座教授及 華南師範大學客座教授等。林先生曾榮獲多種獎項, 包括一九八六年香港「十大傑出青年獎」、一九八八 年香港首屆「青年工業家獎」、一九九零年「香港創業 家榮譽獎」、一九九九年「香港印藝大獎」之「傑出成 就大獎」及二零零二年香港特別行政區政府頒發「榮 譽勳章」等。林先生於印刷行業有超過四十二年經驗, 並負責集團的整體策劃與業務發展。

楊翠女士

楊女士,現年六十一歲,為本公司副主席,負責本集 團之財務、行政、人事及採購工作,從事印刷業超過 四十二年。楊女士為林光如先生之夫人。

戴祖璽先生

戴先生,現年五十一歲,為本公司高級副總裁。戴先 生於一九九零年加入本集團,現任本集團首席科技 官。彼於一九七八年畢業於台灣中國文化大學印刷 學系,並為「印刷工業品質管制」一書之作者,從事 印刷業超過二十三年。

MANAGEMENT PROFILE

管理階層簡介

Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles, aged 52

Mr. Cheung is the Senior Vice President of the Company. He joined the Group in early 1997 and is responsible for the overall finance and administration functions of the Group, and has been appointed as a director in September 2000. He has held various senior positions in finance, accounting and auditing fields for more than 22 years. Mr. Cheung graduated from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and is an Associate Member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a Fellow Member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants.

Mr. Lim Pheck Wan, Richard, aged 42

Mr. Lim was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 28th September, 2007. He is currently the Senior Vice President (Marketing and Sales) of the Company. He joined the Group in 1994 and is responsible for the overall sales and marketing function. He has held various senior position within the Group, and before his current appointment was the General Manager for its Singapore and Suzhou subsidiaries. Mr. Lim holds a Master of Science Degree in International Marketing from the University of Strathclyde, Glasgow, and has more than 19 years experience in the printing industry.

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael, aged 56

Mr. Chan is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since 1993. Mr. Chan is the Executive Chairman of the publicly-listed Café de Coral Holdings Limited in Hong Kong. He is also a Nonexecutive Director of Tao Heung Holdings Limited, an Independent Non-executive Director of Kingboard Laminates Holdings Limited and Pacific Textiles Holdings Limited, all of which are listed in Hong Kong. He holds a double major degree in Sociology and Political Science, a Masters degree in City Planning from the University of Manitoba and an Honorary Doctorate Degree in Business Administration. Mr. Chan serves on the executive committee of the Hong Kong Retail Management Association, the general committee of the Employers' Federation of Hong Kong, the council of the Hong Kong Management Association, an elected member of Quality Tourism Services Association, as well as a member of the Hong Kong Tourism Board. He is also the Chairman of the Business Enterprise Management Centre of the Hong Kong Management Association. He has over 13 years of professional experience in the public sector and over 22 years' managerial experience in the food and catering industry.

張志成先生

張先生,現年五十二歲,於一九九七年初獲委為本公 司高級副總裁,負責集團之整體財務與行政工作,並 自二零零零年九月起獲委任為集團董事。彼有超過 二十二年時間於財務、會計及審計行業出任要職。張 先生畢業於香港理工大學,為香港會計師公會會員 及英國特許會計師公會資深會員。

林必旺先生

林先生,現年四十二歲,林先生於二零零七年九月 二十八日獲委任為本公司之執行董事,現任本公司 之高級副總裁(營銷),彼於一九九四年加入本集團, 負責集團整體銷售與市場推廣工作。彼於出任現職 前,曾出任本集團多個重要職務,包括新加坡及蘇州 附屬公司之總經理,彼持有University of Strathclyde, Glasgow國際市場學碩士學位及於印刷業擁有超過 十九年經驗。

獨立非執行董事

陳裕光先生

陳裕光先生,現年五十六歲,於一九九三年起出任本 公司獨立非執行董事,陳先生為香港上市之大家樂 集團有限公司集團主席。陳先生亦為稻香控股有限 公司之非執行董事,建滔積層板控股有限公司及互 太紡織控股有限公司之獨立非執行董事(上述公司及互 太紡織控股有限公司之獨立非執行董事(上述公司於 香港上市)。陳先生持有加拿大曼尼托巴大學社會及 政治學學位及該大學城市規劃碩士學位,更獲頒授 工商管理學榮譽博士學位。陳先生擔任香港零售管 理協會執委會成員,香港僱主聯合會理事會選任理 事,香港管理專業協會委員,優質旅遊服務協會選任 委員,及香港旅遊發展局成員。他同時擔任香港管理 專業協會企業管理發展中心主席。陳先生曾擔任若 干公職超過十三年,獲得廣泛的專業經驗,其後從事 余 44

管理階層簡介

Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, BBS, JP, aged 52

Mr. Kwok was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company in July 2004. He is a practising solicitor in Hong Kong, and is currently the Managing Partner, Mainland China and Hong Kong of Mallesons Stephen Jaques. He is qualified to practice as a solicitor in Australia, England and Wales and Singapore. He is also qualified as a CPA in Hong Kong and Australia and a Chartered Accountant in England and Wales. He graduated from the University of Sydney, Australia with bachelor's degrees in economics and laws respectively as well as a master's degree in laws. Mr. Kwok is currently an independent non-executive director of a number of publicly listed companies in Hong Kong, namely Pacific Andes International Holdings Limited, Shenyin Wanguo (HK) Limited, Carry Wealth Holdings Limited, Cafe de Coral Holdings Limited and Western Mining Co. Ltd, a company listed in Shanghai, as well as a nonexecutive director of First Shanghai Investments Ltd.

Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny, aged 59

Mr. Tam was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company in July 2004. Mr. Tam graduated from Concordia University, Canada with a bachelor degree in commerce. He is a qualified accountant in Hong Kong and Canada. Mr. Tam is a practicing accountant in Hong Kong and is the owner of Kenny Tam & Co., Certified Public Accountants. He is also a registered Insolvency Practitioner of the Official Receiver's Office. Mr. Tam has substantial experience in the accounting and insolvency fields. He serves on a number of advisory committees in the Accountancy and Insolvency Professional and has been active in community work in Hong Kong for many years. Mr. Tam sits on the board as independent nonexecutive director of a number of publicly listed companies in Hong Kong, namely Shougang Concord Grand (Group) Limited, Kingmaker Footwear Holdings Limited, CCT Telecom Holdings Limited, Van Shung Chong Holdings Limited, North Asia Strategic Holdings Limited and Yun Sky Chemical (International) Holdings Limited (Formerly Swank International Manufacturing Company Limited).

郭琳廣, BBS, 太平紳士

郭先生,現年五十二歲,於二零零四年七月獲委任為 本公司之獨立非執行董事,郭先生為香港執業律師, 現為萬盛國際律師事務所之主管合夥人(中國及香 港),他同時亦具有澳洲、英國及新加坡之執業律師 資格。此外郭先生亦具有香港及澳洲之註冊會計師 及英國執業會計師資格。郭先生於澳洲悉尼大學畢 業並分別取得經濟學及法學學士和法學碩士學位。 郭先生現為多間香港上市公司之獨立非執行董事, 包括太平洋恩利國際控股有限公司、申銀萬國(香港) 有限公司、恒富控股有限公司、大家樂集團有限公司 反位於上海證券交易所上市之西部礦業股份有限公 司;以及第一上海投資有限公司之非執行董事。

譚競正先生

譚先生,現年五十九歲,於二零零四年七月獲委任為 本公司之獨立非執行董事,譚先生於加拿大康戈廸 亞大學畢業,並持有商學士學位,他持有香港及加拿 大之會計師資格。譚先生為香港執業會計師並為譚 競正會計師事務所的東主,他亦是破產管理署註冊 執業會計師。譚先生專長於會計及破產管理行業。他 現任多個會計及清盤專業組織的咨詢委員會成員, 他多年來熱心香港社會工作。譚先生為多間香港上 市公司之獨立非執行董事,包括首長四方(集團)有 限公司、信星鞋業集團有限公司、中建電訊集團有限 公司、萬順昌集團有限公司、北亞策略控股有限公司 及南嶺化工(國際)控股有限公司(前稱恒光行實業 有限公司)。

PriceWa^terhouseCoopers 🛛

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF STARLITE HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Starlite Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 47 to 124, which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 31st March, 2008, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. PricewaterhouseCoopers 22/F, Prince's Building Central, Hong Kong Telephone (852) 2289 8888 Facsimile (852) 2810 9888

獨 立 核 數 師 報 告 致星光集團有限公司股東 (於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核列載於第47至124 頁星光集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下 合稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包 括於二零零八年三月三十一日的綜合及公司資產負 債表與截至該日止年度的綜合收益表、綜合股東權 益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概 要及其他附註解釋。

董事就財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 財務報告準則及按照香港《公司條例》的披露規定編 製及真實而公平地列報該等綜合財務報表。這責任 包括設計、實施及維護與編製及真實而公平地列報 財務報表相關的內部控制,以使財務報表不存在由 於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述;選擇和應用 適當的會計政策;及按情況下作出合理的會計估計。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審核對該等綜合財務報表 作出意見,並按照百慕達一九八一年《公司法》第90 條僅向整體股東報告,除此之外本報告別無其他目 的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上 或承擔任何責任。

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31st March, 2008 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. 我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則進 行審核。這些準則要求我們遵守道德規範,並規劃及 執行審核,以合理確定此等財務報表是否不存有任 何重大錯誤陳述。

獨立核數師報告

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關財務報表所載金額及 披露資料的審核憑證。所選定的程序取決於核數師 的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致財務報表 存有重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風險時,核數 師考慮與該公司編製及真實而公平地列報財務報表 相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審核程序,但並非為 對公司的內部控制的效能發表意見。審核亦包括評 價董事所採用的會計政策的合適性及所作出的會計 估計的合理性,以及評價財務報表的整體列報方式。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審核憑證是充足和適當地 為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告 準則真實而公平地反映貴公司及貴集團於二零零八 年三月三十一日的事務狀況及貴集團截至該日止年 度的利潤及現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》的 披露規定妥為編製。

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 18th July, 2008

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,二零零八年七月十八日

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 31st March, 2008

綜合收益表 ^{截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度}

		Note 附註	2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Revenue	收入	5	1,170,617	1,128,021
Cost of sales	銷售成本	7	(914,756)	(881,378)
Gross profit	毛利		255,861	246,643
Other gains — net	其他收益一淨額	6	1,982	393
Selling and distribution costs	銷售及分銷費用	7	(64,207)	(62,913)
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政開支	7	(121,219)	(125,194)
Operating profit	經營溢利		72,417	58,929
Finance costs — net	融資成本一淨額	8	(15,276)	(17,304)
Profit before income tax	除税前溢利		57,141	41,625
Income tax expense	所得税開支	11	(13,027)	(9,084)
Profit for the year attributable to the equity	年內本公司權益			
holders of the Company	持有人應佔溢利	12	44,114	32,541
Earnings per share for profit attributable to	按年內本公司權益持			
the equity holders of the Company	有人應佔溢利計算			
during the year	之每股盈利			
(expressed in HK cents per share)	(每股以港仙呈列)	13		
— Basic	一基本		10.27	7.58
— Diluted	一攤薄		10.26	7.58
Dividends	股息	14	14,187	12,884

The notes on page 52 to 124 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

於第52頁至124頁之附註為此等綜合財務報表的整體 部份。

BALANCE SHEETS

As at 31st March, 2008

資產負債表 於二零零八年三月三十一日

Note 附注 第第第第 (1) 2008 (1) 2007 (1) 2008 (1) 2008 (1)				Gro 集	•	Compa 公司	-
ASSETS 資産 Non-current assets 建業調算產 Leasehold land and lawd us rights 取用 Property, plant and equipment 15 30,539 28,344 — Investments in and anounts 位用 fmostments in and anounts 16 480,000 448,017 — Property, plant and equipment 数案: 成房及設備 16 480,000 448,017 — — Property, plant and equipment 数案: 成房及設備 17 — — 280,552 244,523 Current assets 第數資產 17 — — 280,552 244,523 Current assets 第數資產 18 212,313 105,274 — — Tack and bill receivables 第項資產 18 212,622 107,043 4773 280 Current labilities 第數負債 数数負債 21 125,632 107,043 4773 280 LIABILITIES 負債 第數負債 22 2,447 2,565 — — Current labilities 激動負債 <				HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current assets 非法部当成 Leasehold land and land use rights 租賃土地及土地 15 30,539 28,344 — — Property, plant and equipment livestments in and anounts 指要求:股质及設備 診附屬公司之投資及 16 480,000 448,017 — — Other non-current assets 常地旅游商産 17 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — …			113 844	1,6,0	1,0,0	1,0,0	1,0,0
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use rights 使用權 15 30,339 28,344							
Property plant and equipment Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries Yes 展展及設備 定供認識 16 480,000 448,017 — — — — — — — — — Zel4,523 Other non-current assets prepayments for properly, plant and equipment 其他非常激励资産 研究 17 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — …			15	30,539	28,344	_	_
Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries Order non-current assets 放射電公司之投意及 惠收款項 1,393 17 - - 280,552 244,523 Order non-current assets Prepayments for property, plant and equipment 数備之預付款 数備之預付款 17 -	-	物業、廠房及設備	16	,	,		
Other non-current assets Prepayments for property, plant and equipment 其他非流動資產 物案、廠房及 設備之預付款 1,393 1,543 — …	Investments in and amounts						
Prepayments for property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及 設備之預付款 3,998			17	—	—	280,552	244,523
plant and equipment 設備之預付款 3,998				1,393	1,543	_	_
Current assets 流動資產 Inventories 方音,930 477,904 280,552 244,523 Current assets 方音,830 477,904 280,552 244,523 Trade and bill receivables 貿易應收賬款及票據 19 123,627 195,017 - - Prepayments and deposits 預付款項及按金 19 12,489 13,575 656 702 Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等值 20 125,632 107,043 473 280 LABILITIES 負債 488,061 420,909 1,129 962 LABILITIES 負債 - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2 009</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>				2 009			
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Inventories 存貨 18 112,313 105,274 — — Trade and bill receivables 貿易應收賬款及票據 19 1237,627 195,017 — …				515,930	477,904	280,552	244,523
Inventories 存貨 18 112,313 105,274 — — Trade and bill receivables 貿易應收賬款及票據 19 1237,627 195,017 — …	Current assets	流動資產					
Prepayments and deposits Cash and cash equivalents 預付款項及按金 現金及現金等值 19 20 12,489 125,632 13,575 107,043 656 473 702 280 LIABILITIES Current liabilities 負債 添動負債 Borrowings Finance lease obligations, current portion 負債 21 197,854 172,529 — — — — — — — — — — — …			18	112,313	105,274	_	_
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等值 20 125,632 107,043 473 280 LIABILITIES 負債 流動負債	Trade and bill receivables		19	237,627	195,017	_	_
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LIABILITIES 負債 Current liabilities 施動負債 Borrowings 融資 21 197,854 172,529 - - Finance lease obligations, current portion 即期部份 22 2,447 2,565 - - Trade and bill payables 範訣負債及其他應付款 23 141,406 154,211 - - Accruals and other payables 一 一 - - - - - Current income tax liabilities 即期所得税負債 26,439 22,035 14 14 449,960 400,600 982 1,054 Net current assets/(liabilities) 流動資產/(負債)淨額 - - - Total assets less current liabilities 總資產減流動負債 - - - - Non-current liabilities 非応動負債 - - - - - - Borrowings 非原職員 融資 21 107,640 106,974 - - - Deferred income tax liabilities 非印期部份 22 804 2,858 - - - - - <td>Cash and cash equivalents</td> <td>現金及現金等值</td> <td>20</td> <td>125,632</td> <td>107,043</td> <td>473</td> <td>280</td>	Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值	20	125,632	107,043	473	280
Current liabilities 流動負債 Borrowings 融資 21 197,854 172,529 - - Finance lease obligations, current portion 即期部份 22 2,447 2,565 - - Trade and bill payables のはり用のない 印刷部份 22 2,447 2,565 - - Accruals and other payables ロリン ロシン 23 141,406 154,211 - - Accruals and other payables ロシン ロシン 81,814 49,260 968 1,040 Current income tax liabilities 加期所得税負債 26,439 22,035 14 14 449,960 400,600 982 1,054 Net current assets/(liabilities) 流動資產/(負債)淨額 38,101 20,309 147 (72) Total assets less current 				488,061	420,909	1,129	982
Current liabilities 流動負債 Borrowings 融資 21 197,854 172,529 - - Finance lease obligations, current portion 即期部份 22 2,447 2,565 - - Trade and bill payables のはり用の知る 23 141,406 154,211 - - Accruals and other payables のは日東和島長債 81,814 49,260 968 1,040 Current income tax liabilities 即期所得税負債 26,439 22,035 14 14 449,960 400,600 982 1,054 Net current assets/(liabilities) 流動資產/(負債)淨額 38,101 20,309 147 (72) Total assets less current liabilities 洗動資產/(負債)淨額 554,031 498,213 280,699 244,451 Non-current liabilities 非応動負債 1 - - - - Borrowings 非面和合債務 21 107,640 106,974 - - - Beferred income tax liabilities 非印明部份 22 804 2,858	LIABILITIES	自信					
Borrowings 融資 21 197,854 172,529 Finance lease obligations, current portion 即期部份 22 2,447 2,565 Trade and bill payables 貿易應付賬款及票據 23 141,406 154,211 Accruals and other payables 貿易應付賬款及票據 23 141,406 154,211 Mathematical and other payables 應計負債及其他應付款 26,439 22,035 14 14 449,960 400,600 968 1,040 Current assets/(liabilities) 流動資產/(負債)淨額 38,101 20,309 147 (72) Total assets less current 總資產減流動負債							
current portion 即期部份 22 2,447 2,565 — — Trade and bill payables 應計負債及其他應付款 23 141,406 154,211 — — Accruals and other payables 应urrent income tax liabilities 即期所得税負債 23 141,406 154,211 — — Net current income tax liabilities 加期所得税負債 26,439 22,035 14 14 449,960 400,600 982 1,054 Net current assets/(liabilities) 流動資產/(負債)淨額 38,101 20,309 147 (72) Total assets less current liabilities 總資產減流動負債 554,031 498,213 280,699 244,451 Non-current liabilities 非応動負債 107,640 106,974 — — Borrowings 非印期部份 22 804 2,858 — — Prefered income tax liabilities 進設所得税負債 24 12,428 13,303 — — Amounts due to subsidiaries 應付附屬公司款項 17 — — 97,666 85,703 120,872 123,135 97,666 85,703	Borrowings		21	197,854	172,529	_	_
Trade and bill payables 貿易應付賬款及票據 23 141,406 154,211 — — Accruals and other payables 應計負債及其他應付款 即期所得税負債 23 141,406 154,211 — — Current income tax liabilities 即期所得税負債 23 141,406 154,211 — — — Net current income tax liabilities 即期所得税負債 26,439 22,035 14 14 449,960 400,600 982 1,054 Net current assets/(liabilities) 流動資產/(負債)淨額 38,101 20,309 147	Finance lease obligations,						
Accruals and other payables Current income tax liabilities 應計負債及其他應付款 即期所得税負債 81,814 49,260 968 1,040 Current income tax liabilities 即期所得税負債 26,439 22,035 14 14 449,960 400,600 982 1,054 Net current assets/(liabilities) 流動資產/(負債)淨額 38,101 20,309 147 .(72) Total assets less current liabilities 總資產減流動負債 554,031 498,213 280,699 244,451 Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 106,974 - - Finance lease obligations, non-current portion 財務契約債務・ 非即期部份 22 804 2,858 - - Mounts due to subsidiaries 應付附屬公司款項 17 - 97,666 85,703 120,872 123,135 97,666 85,703				,		_	
Current income tax liabilities 即期所得税負債 26,439 22,035 14 14 449,960 400,600 982 1,054 Net current assets/(liabilities) 流動資產/(負債)淨額 38,101 20,309 147 (72) Total assets less current liabilities 總資產減流動負債 554,031 498,213 280,699 244,451 Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 554,031 498,213 280,699 244,451 Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 21 107,640 106,974 — — Pinance lease obligations, non-current portion 膨資 非印期部份 22 804 2,858 — — Deferred income tax liabilities 應付附屬公司款項 17 — 97,666 85,703			23	,			
Net current assets/(liabilities) 流動資産/(負債)淨額 449,960 400,600 982 1,054 Net current assets/(liabilities) 流動資産/(負債)淨額 38,101 20,309 147 (72) Total assets less current liabilities 總資產減流動負債 554,031 498,213 280,699 244,451 Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 554,031 498,213 280,699 244,451 Non-current portion 融資 融資 21 107,640 106,974 — — Deferred income tax liabilities 非即期部份 22 804 2,858 — — Mounts due to subsidiaries 應付附屬公司款項 17 — 97,666 85,703 120,872 123,135 97,666 85,703	• •			,	,		· ·
Net current assets/(liabilities) 流動資產/(負債)淨額 38,101 20,309 147 (72) Total assets less current liabilities 總資產減流動負債 554,031 498,213 280,699 244,451 Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 554,031 498,213 280,699 244,451 Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 21 107,640 106,974 — — Finance lease obligations, non-current portion 非即期部份 22 804 2,858 — — Deferred income tax liabilities Amounts due to subsidiaries 應付附屬公司款項 17 — 97,666 85,703 120,872 123,135 97,666 85,703	Current income tax liabilities	即期別何悅貝頂		26,439	22,035	14	14
Total assets less current liabilities 總資產減流動負債 Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 Borrowings 非流動負債 Finance lease obligations, non-current portion 財務契約債務・ 非即期部份 22 804 2,858 — — Deferred income tax liabilities 應付附屬公司款項 17 — 97,666 85,703 120,872 123,135 97,666 85,703				449,960	400,600	982	1,054
liabilities 554,031 498,213 280,699 244,451 Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 融資 21 107,640 106,974 — — Borrowings 融資 約契約債務・ 106,974 — — — — Finance lease obligations, non-current portion 非即期部份 22 804 2,858 — — Deferred income tax liabilities 遞延所得税負債 24 12,428 13,303 — — Amounts due to subsidiaries 應付附屬公司款項 17 — — 97,666 85,703 120,872 123,135 97,666	Net current assets/(liabilities)	流動資產/(負債)淨額		38,101	20,309	147	(72)
liabilities 554,031 498,213 280,699 244,451 Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 融資 21 107,640 106,974 — — Borrowings 融資 約契約債務・ 106,974 — — — — Finance lease obligations, non-current portion 非即期部份 22 804 2,858 — — Deferred income tax liabilities 遞延所得税負債 24 12,428 13,303 — — Amounts due to subsidiaries 應付附屬公司款項 17 — — 97,666 85,703 120,872 123,135 97,666							
Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 Borrowings 融資 21 107,640 106,974 — — Finance lease obligations, non-current portion 非即期部份 22 804 2,858 — — Deferred income tax liabilities 遞延所得税負債 24 12,428 13,303 — — Amounts due to subsidiaries 應付附屬公司款項 17 — — 97,666 85,703		總資產減流動負債		554,031	498,213	280,699	244,451
Borrowings 融資 21 107,640 106,974 — — — Finance lease obligations, non-current portion 財務契約債務, 非即期部份 22 804 2,858 — — — Deferred income tax liabilities 遞延所得税負債 24 12,428 13,303 — — Amounts due to subsidiaries 應付附屬公司款項 17 — — 97,666 85,703 120,872 123,135 97,666 85,703				·· ·	··	· ·	
Finance lease obligations, non-current portion 財務契約債務, 非即期部份 22 804 2,858 — — — Deferred income tax liabilities 遞延所得税負債 24 12,428 13,303 — — — Amounts due to subsidiaries 應付附屬公司款項 17 — — 97,666 85,703 120,872 123,135 97,666	Non-current liabilities						
non-current portion 非即期部份 22 804 2,858 — …	0		21	107,640	106,974		
Deferred income tax liabilities 遞延所得税負債 24 12,428 13,303 — — Amounts due to subsidiaries 應付附屬公司款項 17 — — 97,666 85,703 120,872 123,135 97,666 85,703	0		22	004	2.050		
Amounts due to subsidiaries 應付附屬公司款項 17 97,666 85,703 120,872 123,135 97,666 85,703	•					—	
120,872 123,135 97,666 85,703				12,428	13,303	 97.666	85,703
						i _	<u> </u>
Net assets 資產淨值 433,159 375,078 183,033 158,748						97,666	85,703
	Net assets	資產淨值		433,159	375,078	183,033	158,748

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As at 31st March, 2008

資產負債表 於二零零八年三月三十一日

			Grou	р	Compa	any
			集團	1	公司]
			2008	2007	2008	2007
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company Share capital Reserves	股本 權益 本公司 權益持 有人應佔股 本及儲備 股本 儲備	25 27	43,029 390,130	42,947 332,131	43,029 140,004	42,947 115,801
Shareholders' equity	股東權益		433,159	375,078	183,033	158,748

Lam Kwong Yu	Yeung Chui
林光如	楊翠
Chairman	Vice Chairman
主席	副主席

The notes on page 52 to 124 are an integral part of these financial 於第52頁至124頁之附註為此等財務報表的整體部份。 statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 综合股東權益變動表

For the year ended 31st March, 2008

綜合股東權益變動表 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to the equity holders of the Compar 本公司權益持有人應佔		
		Share capital 股本	Reserves 儲備	Total 總計
		HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元
Balance at 1st April, 2007 Increase in fair value of other non-	於二零零七年四月一日結餘 其他非流動資產之	42,947	332,131	375,078
current assets Realisation of reserve upon disposal of	公平值增加 出售其他非流動資產之	—	254	254
other non-current assets Currency translation differences	儲備變現 匯兑差異	_	(319) 26,116	(319) 26,116
Net income recognised directly in	直接於權益中確認的			
equity Profit for the year	业入淨額 年內溢利		26,051 44,114	26,051 44,114
Total recognised income for the year	年內已確認總收入	_	70,165	70,165
Employee share options scheme — Issue of shares upon exercise	僱員購股權計劃 — 行使僱員購股權而			
of employee share options — Share based payments	發行的股份 一 股份支付酬金	82	308 410	390 410
Dividends paid	已付股息		(12,884)	(12,884)
Balance at 31st March, 2008	於二零零八年三月三十一日結餘	43,029	390,130	433,159
Balance at 1st April, 2006 Increase in fair value of other non-	於二零零六年四月一日結餘 其他非流動資產之	42,947	302,474	345,421
current assets Currency translation differences	公平值增加 匯兑差異		363 9,476	363 9,476
Net income recognised directly in	直接於權益中確認的			
equity Profit for the year	收入淨額 年內溢利		9,839 32,541	9,839 32,541
Total recognised income for the year	年內已確認總收入	_	42,380	42,380
Employee share options scheme — Share based payments	僱員購股權計劃 — 股份支付酬金		161	161
Dividends paid	一 版 的 文 內 斷 並 已 付 股 息	_	(12,884)	(12,884)
Balance at 31st March, 2007	於二零零七年三月三十一日結餘	42,947	332,131	375,078

The notes on page 52 to 124 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

於第52頁至124頁之附註為此等綜合財務報表的整體 部份。

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CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 31st March, 2008

綜合現金流量表 截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度

附註 千視元 千視元 Cash flows from operating activities 智麗活動之現金流量 28(a) 82,950 119,739 Interest paid 已付相添利得税 (2,192) (10,427) Overseas income tax paid 已付看添利得税 (2,192) (10,427) Overseas income tax refunded 已湿還着池利得税 (6,121) (7,949) Overseas income tax refunded 已湿還清沙税潤 1,322 1,268 Net cash generated from operating activities 投資活動之現金流量 (712) (1,519) Purchase of property, plant and equipment 所得收入 28(b) 301 150 Proceeds from disposal of other 出告其他非流動資產 (49,501) (73,989) Interest received 月得收入 28(b) 301 150 Proceeds from disposal of other 出告其他非流動資產 (49,501) - (41,800) Net cash used in investing activities 投資活動所用之現金淨額 (52,259) (78,391) - Repayments for property, plant and equipment 所得收入 28(f) 301 150 Proceeds from fisposal of other 出告其他非流動資產與意意 (52,259) (78,39			Note	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$′000
Cash inflow generated from operations Interest paid超營產生之現金流入 日利息28(a)82,950119,739Interest paid日村利息日村利息(16,523)(18,451)Hong Kong profits tax paid日付海外税項(2,192)(10,427)Overseas income tax refunded日銀還海外税項1,3251,268Overseas income tax refunded日銀還海外税項1,3251,268Net cash generated from operating activities 投資活動之現金流量 59,43991,123Cash flows from investing activities 投資活動之現金流量 (712)(1,519)Proceeds from disposal of other non-current assets所得收入28(b)301150Prepayments for property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of other non-current assets所得收入28(b)301150Prepayments for property, plant and equipment Translation adjustmentsm後收入404Translation adjustmentsビ貨活動所用之現金淨額(52,259)(78,391)Net cash used in investing activities投貨活動所用之現金淨額(52,259)(78,391)Cash flows from financing activities股貨活動所用之現金淨額(39,98)New long-term bank loans 			附註	千港元	千港元
Cash inflow generated from operations Interest paid超營產生之現金流入 日利息28(a)82,950119,739Interest paid日村利息日村利息(16,523)(18,451)Hong Kong profits tax paid日付海外税項(2,192)(10,427)Overseas income tax refunded日銀還海外税項1,3251,268Overseas income tax refunded日銀還海外税項1,3251,268Net cash generated from operating activities 投資活動之現金流量 59,43991,123Cash flows from investing activities 投資活動之現金流量 (712)(1,519)Proceeds from disposal of other non-current assets所得收入28(b)301150Prepayments for property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of other non-current assets所得收入28(b)301150Prepayments for property, plant and equipment Translation adjustmentsm後收入404Translation adjustmentsビ貨活動所用之現金淨額(52,259)(78,391)Net cash used in investing activities投貨活動所用之現金淨額(52,259)(78,391)Cash flows from financing activities股貨活動所用之現金淨額(39,98)New long-term bank loans Repayment of short-term bank loans Repayment of short-term bank loans Repayment of capital element of finance lease obligations新增鐵行長期曾款 在見測整(30,893)342,450Net cash (used in/generated from financing activities融貨活動(所用)// 產生沒、金淨額(2,498)(7,717)Dividends paid from financing activities現貨活動(所用)// 產生沒現金淨額(2,259)(7,717)Net cash (used in/generated from financing activities融貨活	Cash flows from operating activities	營運活動之現金流量			
Interest paid日村利息(16,523)(18,451)Hong Kong profits tax paid日付海,税項(2,192)(10,427)Overseas income tax paid日付海外税項(6,121)(7,949)Hong Kong income tax refunded已退還清海利得税-6,943Overseas income tax refunded已退還清海利得税-6,943Overseas income tax refunded已退還清海利得税-6,943Overseas income tax refunded已退還清海利得税-6,943Overseas income tax refunded日夏家, 家房及設備1,3251,268Prepayments for land use rightsど夏活動力現金演算(7,12)(1,519)Purchase of property, Jant and equipment所得收入28(b)301150Proceeds from disposal of other non-current assets出售現他非流動資產 所得收入1,2471,147Prepayments for property, plant and equipment Tanslation adjustmentsNet cash used in investing activities股資活動所用之現金浮額(52,259)(78,391)Cash flows from financing activities股資活動人公 原還銀行長期資款37,30029,155(65,947)(26,139)New long-term bank loans新増銀行長期貸款 電運銀行短期貸款(30,859342,450(31,487)(286,434)Repayment of long term bank loans新増銀行長期貸款 電運銀行短期貸款(32,1497)(286,434)(12,884)(12,884)(12,884)Net assh used in investing activities配貨運銀行短期貸款 電運銀行短期貸款(30,859342,450(2,717)New long-term bank loans新増銀行短期貸款 電運銀行短期貸款(35,1497)(286,434)(286,434)Repayment of long-term bank loans新増銀行短期貸款 電運銀務契約之 acti分(2,49			28(a)	82,950	119,739
Hong Kong profits tax paid已付審港利得税(2,192)(10,427)Overseas income tax paid日付海外税項(6,121)(7,949)Hong Kong income tax refunded已退還海外税項1,3251,268Overseas income tax refunded已退還海外税項1,3251,268Net cash generated from operating activities定簧活動產生之現金淨額59,43991,123Cash flows from investing activitiesた簧活動之現金流量(712)(1,519)Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment所得收入28(b)301150Proceeds from disposal of other non-current assets所得收入404-Interest received1,2471,1471,147Prepayments for property, plant and equipment translation adjustments販房反設備之預付款 原房及設備之預付款(3,990)-Net cash used in investing activities股資活動所用之現金淨額(52,259)(78,391)Cash flows from financing activities股資活動所用之現金滞額(52,259)(78,391)Proceeds from exercise of employee share options所得收入 新增銀行長期貸款340,859342,450Repayment of long-term bank loans新增銀行長期貸款 (31,497)(266,134)(26,134)Repayment of colong-term bank loans新增銀行短期貸款 本金部分(3,1497)(266,434)RepaymentsCapting)款 (12,884)(12,884)(12,884)(12,884)New short-term bank loans新增銀行短期貸款 本金部分(3,1497)(266,434)Repayment of colonaterm bank loans新增銀行短期貸款 本金部分(2,498)(7,777)Net increase in cash and cash equivalents現金及現金委(12,884)(12,884) </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td>					,
Overseas income tax paid日村海外税項(6,121)(7,949)Hong Kong income tax refunded日星運奮港制得税-6,943Overseas income tax refunded日星運奮港制得税1,3251,268Net cash generated from operating activities提賀活動產生之現金淨額59,43991,123Cash flows from investing activities投資活動之現金流量(712)(1,519)Prepayments for land use rights土地使用權之預付款(712)(1,519)Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment所得收入28(b)301150Proceeds from disposal of other non-current assets所得收入28(b)301150Proceeds from disposal of other non-current assets所得收入28(b)301150Net cash used in investing activities投資活動所用之現金淨額(3,998)-(4,180)Net cash used in investing activities投資活動所用之現金淨額(52,259)(78,391)Cash flows from financing activities投資活動所用之現金淨額(65,947)(62,139)New kont-term bank loans新增銀行長期資款340,859342,450Repayment of short-term bank loans新增銀行短期貸款(351,497)(286,434)Repayment of short-term bank loans新增銀行短期貸款(12,884)(12,884)Repayment of capital element of finance lease obligations(17,171)(14,82)Dividends paid-2,319(12,884)(12,884)Translation adjustments運運活動(所用)// 產生之現金淨額-2,319Net cash (used in/generated from financing activities現金及現金委集合之靜靜如2,90317,482Cash (used in/genera					
Hong Kong income tax refunded已退還着決利得税 已退還清外税項—6.943 1.225Overseas income tax refunded已退還清外税項1.3251.268Net cash generated from operating activities症營活動產生之現金淨額59,43991,123Cash flows from investing activities投資活動之現金流量 土地使用權之預付款 用 tay k 廠房及設備 所得收入(712)(1.519)Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Translation adjustmentsK得收入 日terset received28(b)301150Prepayments for property, plant and equipment Translation adjustmentsK得收入 日terset received404—Prepayments for property, plant and equipment translation adjustmentsK資活動方用之現金淨額 低見調整(52,259)(78,391)Cash flows from financing activities投資活動所用之現金淨額 低月之根 (52,259)(78,391)(28,634)Net cash used in investing activities投資活動所用之現金淨額 低負行使開設離 (52,259)390—Proceeds from exercise of employee share options備資行使開放離 新增銀行長期貸款 低負行使開設離 (65,947)390—New short-term bank loans Repayment of capital element of finance lease obligations備運活動(所用)// 產生之現金漂額(2,498) (7,717)Dividends paid from financing activities雇人調 電見調整(2,498) (7,717)Net cash (used in/generated from financing activities離資活動(所用)// 產生之現金淨額(2,498) (7,717)Net increase in cash and cash equivalents現金及現金 東上 東上 東上 東金銀行(2,297) (4,750)Net increase in cash and cash equivalents現金及現金 東上 東上 東上 東上 東上 東上 東上 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
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Prepayments for land use rights 土地使用權之預付款 (712) (1,519) Purchase of property, plant and equipment 購買物業、廠房及設備 (49,501) (73,989) Proceeds from disposal of other m信物炎 28(b) 301 150 Proceeds from disposal of other m信物收入 28(b) 301 150 Proceeds from disposal of other m6月收入 404 - Interest received Lkv利息 1,247 1,147 Prepayments for property, plant and equipment bw葉、廠房及設備之預付款 (3,998) - Translation adjustments 股資活動所用之現金浮額 (52,259) (78,391) Net cash used in investing activities 融資活動之現金流量 # - (4,180) Proceeds from exercise of employee m得比入 390 - - share options 新增銀行振期貸款 87,300 29,155 - - Repayment of long-term bank loans 備還銀形聚約之 065,947) (26,139) -	Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動之現金流量			
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Cash flows from financing activities融資活動之現金流量 		匯兑調整			(4,180)
Proceeds from exercise of employee share options僱員行使購股權之 所得收入390New long-term bank loans新增銀行長期貸款87,30029,155Repayment of long-term bank loans償還銀行長期貸款(65,947)(62,139)New short-term bank loans新增銀行短期貸款340,859342,450Repayment of short-term bank loans償還銀行短期貸款(351,497)(286,434)Repayment of capital element of finance lease obligations本金部分(2,498)(7,717)Dividends paid已付股息(12,884)(12,884)Translation adjustments運送調整2,319Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities現金及現金等値之淨額增加2,90317,482Cash and cash equivalents現金及銀行透支之匯兑收益5,152	Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用之現金淨額		(52,259)	(78,391)
Proceeds from exercise of employee share options僱員行使購股權之 所得收入390New long-term bank loans新增銀行長期貸款87,30029,155Repayment of long-term bank loans償還銀行長期貸款(65,947)(62,139)New short-term bank loans新增銀行短期貸款340,859342,450Repayment of short-term bank loans償還銀行短期貸款(351,497)(286,434)Repayment of capital element of finance lease obligations本金部分(2,498)(7,717)Dividends paid已付股息(12,884)(12,884)Translation adjustments運送調整2,319Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities現金及現金等値之淨額增加2,90317,482Cash and cash equivalents現金及銀行透支之匯兑收益5,152	Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動之現金流量			
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Repayment of short-term bank loans Repayment of capital element of finance lease obligations償還銀行短期貸款 (351,497)(286,434)Repayment of capital element of finance lease obligations(351,497)(286,434)Dividends paid Translation adjustments本金部分 (12,884)(12,884)Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities融資活動(所用)/ 產生之現金淨額(4,277)4,750Net increase in cash and cash equivalents現金及現金等值之淨額增加2,90317,482Cash and cash equivalents on 1st April Exchange gains on cash and bank overdrafts四月一日之現金及現金等值 現金及銀行透支之匯兑收益106,789 5,15289,307 5,152	Repayment of long-term bank loans			(65,947)	(62,139)
Repayment of capital element of finance lease obligations償還財務契約之 本金部分(2,498)(7,717)Dividends paid已付股息(12,884)Translation adjustments運兑調整2,319Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities融資活動(所用)/ 產生之現金淨額4,750Net increase in cash and cash equivalents現金及現金等值之淨額增加2,903Cash and cash equivalents on 1st April Exchange gains on cash and bank overdrafts四月一日之現金及現金等值 現金及銀行透支之匯兑收益106,789 5,15289,307 5,152	New short-term bank loans	新增銀行短期貸款		340,859	342,450
obligations Dividends paid本金部分 已付股息 進見調整(2,498) (12,884)(7,717) (12,884)Translation adjustments進見調整2,319Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities融資活動(所用)/ 產生之現金淨額4,750Net increase in cash and cash equivalents現金及現金等值之淨額增加2,903Net increase in cash and cash equivalents四月一日之現金及現金等值106,78989,307 見金及銀行透支之匯兑收益5,152	Repayment of short-term bank loans	償還銀行短期貸款		(351,497)	(286,434)
Dividends paid Translation adjustments已付股息 滙兑調整(12,884) 2,319Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities融資活動(所用)/ 產生之現金淨額(12,884) 2,319Net increase in cash and cash equivalents現金及現金等值之淨額增加2,903Net increase in cash and cash equivalents現金及現金等值之淨額增加2,903Cash and cash equivalents on 1st April Exchange gains on cash and bank overdrafts四月一日之現金及現金等值106,789 現金及銀行透支之匯兑收益5,152—					
Translation adjustments滙兑調整2,319Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities融資活動(所用)/ 產生之現金淨額4,750Net increase in cash and cash equivalents現金及現金等值之淨額增加2,903Net increase in cash and cash equivalents現金及現金等值之淨額增加2,903Cash and cash equivalents on 1st April Exchange gains on cash and bank overdrafts四月一日之現金及現金等值 現金及銀行透支之匯兑收益106,789 5,152				(2,498)	(7,717)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities 融資活動(所用)/ 產生之現金淨額 (4,277) 4,750 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等值之淨額增加 2,903 17,482 Cash and cash equivalents on 1st April Exchange gains on cash and bank overdrafts 四月一日之現金及現金等值 106,789 89,307 現金及銀行透支之匯兑收益 5,152 —				(12,884)	(12,884)
from financing activities產生之現金淨額(4,277)4,750Net increase in cash and cash equivalents現金及現金等值之淨額增加2,90317,482Cash and cash equivalents on 1st April Exchange gains on cash and bank overdrafts四月一日之現金及現金等值 現金及銀行透支之匯兑收益106,789 5,15289,307	Translation adjustments	滙兑調整			2,319
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等值之淨額增加 2,903 17,482 Cash and cash equivalents on 1st April 四月一日之現金及現金等值 106,789 89,307 Exchange gains on cash and bank overdrafts 現金及銀行透支之匯兑收益 5,152 —	Net cash (used in)/generated	融資活動(所用)/			
Cash and cash equivalents on 1st April四月一日之現金及現金等值106,78989,307Exchange gains on cash and bank overdrafts現金及銀行透支之匯兑收益5,152—	from financing activities	產生之現金淨額		(4,277)	4,750
Exchange gains on cash and bank overdrafts 現金及銀行透支之匯兑收益 5,152 —	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值之淨額增加		2,903	17,482
Exchange gains on cash and bank overdrafts 現金及銀行透支之匯兑收益 5,152 —	Cash and cash equivalents on 1st April	四月一日之現金及現金等值		106,789	89,307
Cash and cash equivalents on 31st March 三月三十一日之現金及現金等值 20114,844106,789					·
	Cash and cash equivalents on 31st March	三月三十一日之現金及現金等值	20	114,844	106,789

The notes on page 52 to 124 are an integral part of these consolidated 於第52頁至124頁之附註為此等綜合財務報表的整體 financial statements. 部份。

財務報表附註

1 General information

Starlite Holdings Limited (the "Company") is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the printing and manufacturing of packaging materials, labels, paper products and environmentally friendly products.

The Company was incorporated in Bermuda on 3rd November, 1992, as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda. The Company's shares have been listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 1993.

The Company's directors regard Best Grade Advisory Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, to be the ultimate holding company.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 18th July, 2008.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied in all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

1 一般資料

星光集團有限公司(「本公司」)乃投資控股公司。其附屬公司的主要業務為印刷及製造包裝材料、標籤、紙類製品及環保產品。

本公司於一九九二年十一月三日根據百慕達公 司條例(1981)於百慕達註冊成立為獲豁免有限 公司。其註冊辦事處地址為Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda。 自 一九九三年起本公司股份於香港聯合交易所有 限公司主板上市。

本公司董事會視Best Grade Advisory Limited(該 公司於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立)為本公司之 控股公司。

除另有指明外,此等綜合財務報表以港元呈列。 於二零零八年七月十八日本公司之董事局已批 准刊發此等綜合財務報表。

2 重要會計政策概要

編撰此等綜合財務報表所應用的主要會計政策 載列如下。除另有指明外,此等政策已於呈列 之所有年度貫徹應用。

2.1 編製基準

此等綜合財務報表乃根據香港財務報告 準則(「香港財務報告準則」)編製,並按 照歷史成本常規法編製,並按公平值透 過損益記賬的財務資產和財務負債(包 括衍生工具)之重估而作出修訂。

遵照香港財務報告準則編製財務報表須 採用若干主要會計估計,管理層於採用 本集團會計政策時,亦須作出判斷。財 務報表涉及高度判斷或複雜性,或綜合 財務報表中的重大假設及估計在附註4披 露。

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- 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)
 - (a) Standards, amendments to Standards and interpretations effective during the year ended 31st March, 2008

During the year, the Group adopted the following Standard, amendment to Standards and interpretations of HKFRS issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, which became effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1st April, 2007.

- HKERS 7 'Einancial instruments: Disclosures' and the complementary amendment to HKAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements - Capital disclosures' introduces new disclosures relating to financial instruments and capital management. The Group has assessed the impact of HKFRS 7 and the amendment to HKAS 1 and concluded that the main additional disclosures will be the sensitivity analysis to market risk and capital disclosures required by the amendment of HKAS 1. The adoptions of the new Standard and amendment to Standard do not have any significant impact on the classification and valuation of the Group's financial instruments.
- HK(IFRIC) Int 8 'Scope of HKFRS 2' requires consideration of transactions involving the issuance of equity instruments, where the identifiable consideration received is less than the fair value of the equity instruments issued in order to establish whether or not they fall within the scope of HKFRS 2. The adoption of this interpretation does not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

財務報表附註

 編製基準(續)

 (a) 於二零零八年三月三十一日止年 度內已牛效的準則、修訂及詮釋

> 年內本集團採納下列由香港會計 師公會頒佈的準則、修訂及詮釋, 並於二零零七年四月一日或其後 開始的會計期間生效。

- 香港財務報告準則第7號「金融工具:披露」及補充修訂 香港會計準則第1號「財務 報表的呈報一資本披露」引 入了有關金融工具及資本管 理之新披露規定。本集團已 評估香港財務報告準則第7 號的影響為補充修訂等 計準則第1號所要求的影響 計準則第1號所要求的市場 國家經等新準則及修 對本集團金融工具之分類和 佔值並無任何重大影響。
- 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) 詮釋第8號「香港財 務報告準則第2號之範圍」規 定凡涉及發行權益工具的交 易 — 當中所收取的可識別 代價低於所發行權益工具的 公平值—必須確定其是否屬 於香港財務報告準則第2號 的範圍內。採納此詮釋對本 集團之財務報表並無重大影 響。

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2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

- 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)
 - (a) Standards, amendments to Standards and interpretations effective during the year ended 31st March, 2008 (Continued)
 - HK(IFRIC) Int 10 'Interim financial reporting and impairment' prohibits the impairment losses recognised in an interim period on goodwill and investments in equity instruments and in financial assets carried at cost to be reversed at a subsequent balance sheet date. The adoption of this interpretation does not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.
 - (b) Interpretations of HKFRS effective during the year but not relevant to the Group's operations

The following interpretations to published Standards are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 1st April, 2007 but they are not relevant to the Group's operations.

- HK(IFRIC) Int 7 'Applying the restatement approach under HKAS 29, Financial reporting in hyper-inflationary economies';
- HK(IFRIC) Int 9 'Re-assessment of embedded derivatives'; and
- HK(IFRIC)-Int 11 'HKFRS 2 Group and treasury share transaction'.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.1 編製基準(續) (a) 於二零零八年三月三十一日年度
 - 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一 詮釋第10號「中期 財務報告及減值」禁止於中 期對以成本列示之商譽、權 益工具投資及財務資產投資 確認減值損失而於其後之結 算日撥回。採納此詮釋對本 集團之財務報表並無重大影 響。

(b) 於年內開始生效但與本集團營運無 關的香港財務報告準則詮釋

> 下列已頒佈準則的詮釋為自二零 零七年四月一日或其後開始的會 計期間必須採納但與本集團營運 無關。

- 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) 詮釋第7號「應用香港 會計準則第29號「嚴重通脹 經濟中的財務報告」下的重 列法」:
- 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) 一 詮釋第9號「重新評估 勘入式衍生工具」;及
- 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) 一 詮釋第11號「香港財務 報告準則第2號 一 集團及庫 存股份交易」。

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(c) Standards, amendments to Standards and interpretations to existing Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective during the year and have not been early adopted by the Group

> The following Standards, amendments to Standards and interpretations to existing Standards have been published and are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after 1st April, 2008 or later periods, but the Group has not early adopted them.

- HKAS 1 (Revised) 'Presentation of Financial Statements' requires all owner changes in equity to be presented in a statement of changes in equity. All comprehensive income is presented in one statement of comprehensive income or in two statements (a separate income statement and a statement of comprehensive income). It requires presenting a statement of financial position as at the beginning of the earliest comparative period in a complete set of financial statements when there are retrospective adjustments or reclassification adjustments. However, it does not change the recognition, measurement or disclosure of specific transactions and other events required by other HKFRSs. The Group will apply HKAS 1 (Revised) from 1st April, 2009.
- HKAS 23 (Revised) 'Borrowing Costs' requires an entity to capitalise borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset (one that takes a substantial period of time to get ready for use or sale) as part of the cost of that asset. The option of immediately expensing those borrowing costs will be removed. The Group will apply HKAS 23 (Revised) from 1st April, 2009 but is currently not applicable to the Group as there are no qualifying assets.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

財務報表附註

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
 - (c) 本集團並無提前採納已頒佈但於年 內仍未生效的準則、修訂及現行準 則詮釋

下列為已頒佈及必須於二零零八 年四月一日或其後開始之會計期 間或較後期間採用而本集團並無 提前採納的準則、修訂及現行準則 詮釋。

- 香港會計準則 第1號 (經修 訂)「財務報表的呈報」要求 全部所有者的權益變動在權 益變動表呈報。全部綜合收 入須在綜合收入表或以兩份 報表(一份單獨收益表及一 份綜合收入表)呈報。當有追 溯的調整或重分類調整,須 在一份於最早的比較期間開 始的完整的財務報表呈報財 務狀況報表。但此修訂後的 準則不會改變特定交易或其 他事項按財務準則的確認、 計量或披露。本集團將由二 零零九年四月一日起應用香 港會計準則第1號(經修訂)。
- 香港會計準則一第23號(經 修訂)「借貸成本」要求實體 將收購、興建或生產一項合 資格資產(即需要頗長時間 籌備作使用或出售的資產) 直接應佔的借貸成本資本 化,作為該資產的部份成本。 將該告貸成本即時作費用 支銷的選擇將被刪去。本集 團將會由二零零九年四月一 日起應用香港會計準則第23 號(經修訂),但由於本集團 現時未有任何合資格資產, 故本集團並不會在現時採 用。

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (c) Standards, amendments to Standards and interpretations to existing Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective during the year and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - HKAS 27 (Revised) 'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements' requires non-controlling interests (i.e. minority interests) to be presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from the equity of the owners of the parent. Total comprehensive income must be attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance. Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the loss of control are accounted for within equity. When control of a subsidiary is lost, the assets and liabilities and related equity components of the former subsidiary are derecognised. Any gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any investment retained in the former subsidiary is measured at its fair value at the date when control is lost. The Group will apply HKAS 27 (Revised) from 1st April, 2010.
 - HKAS 32 and HKAS 1 (Amendment), 'Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation' (effective from 1st January, 2009). The amendment requires some puttable financial instruments and some financial instruments that impose on the entity an obligation to deliver to another party a pro rata share of the net assets of the entity only on liquidation to be classified as equity. This amendment does not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
 - (c) 本集團並無提前採納已頒佈但於年 內仍未生效的準則、修訂及現行準 則詮釋(續)
 - 香港會計準則 第27號(經 修訂)「綜合及獨立財務報表」 要求非控制權益(即少數股 東權益)列報在綜合財務報 表的權益部分,並與母公司 權益分開列報。即使會導致 非控制權益餘額出現虧損, 全面收益總額也必須分別歸 屬於母公司股東權益和非控 制權益。對不失去控制的母 公司擁有權之權益變化要在 權益內入賬。當對附屬公司 失去控制權時,該附屬公司 的資產和負債以及相關的權 益部分將被剔除出賬並將相 關的盈虧確認為損益。同時, 對該附屬公司的任何投資餘 額均自控制失去日開始以公 平值計量。本集團將由二零 一零年四月一日起應用香港 會計準則第27號(經修訂)。
 - 香港會計準則一第32號及第 1號(修訂)一「可認沽金融 工具及清盤時產生的責任」 (於二零零九年一月一日起 生效)。此項修訂規定倘可 沽售金融工具及若干金融工 具對實體施加責任,使其僅 在清盤時按比例向另一方交 付其部分淨資產,則要分類 為股東權益。此修訂不會對 本集團之財務報表有任何重 大影響。

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (c) Standards, amendments to Standards and interpretations to existing Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective during the year and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - HKFRS 2 Amendment 'Share-based Payment Vesting Conditions and Cancellations' clarifies the definition of "vesting conditions" and specifies the accounting treatment of "cancellations" by the counterparty to a share-based payment arrangement. Vesting conditions are service conditions (which require a counterparty to complete a specified period of service) and performance conditions (which require a specified period of service and specified performance targets to be met) only. All "non-vesting conditions" and vesting conditions that are market conditions shall be taken into account when estimating the fair value of the equity instruments granted. All cancellations are accounted for as an acceleration of vesting and the amount that would otherwise have been recognised over the remainder of the vesting period is recognised immediately. The Group will apply HKFRS 2 Amendment from 1st April, 2009, but it is not expected to have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
 - (c) 本集團並無提前採納已頒佈但於年 內仍未生效的準則、修訂及現行準 則詮釋(續)
 - 香港財務報告準則 第2號 (修訂本)「股份支付 - 歸屬 條件及註銷」澄清了「歸屬條 件」的 定 義, 並 列 明 了 交 易 對方涉及以股份為基礎的付 款 安 排 中 對 於「註 銷」的 會 計處理。歸屬條件僅指服務 條件(即規定交易對方必須 完成某段指定的服務期間) 和表現條件(即規定必須符 合某段指定的服務期間和達 到列明的表現指標)。在估 計所授出權益工具的公平值 時,所有屬於市場條件的「非 歸屬條件」和歸屬條件必須 列入為考慮範圍。所有註銷 列為歸屬情況的加速入賬, 而原應按歸屬期的餘下時間 入賬的數額,則須即時確認 入賬。本集團將由二零零九 年四月一日起應用香港財務 報告準則第2號(修訂本), 但預期不會對本集團的賬目 有任何影響。

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (c) Standards, amendments to Standards and interpretations to existing Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective during the year and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - HKFRS 3 (Revised) 'Business Combination' may bring more transactions into acquisition accounting as combinations by contract alone and combinations of mutual entities are brought into the scope of the Standard and the definition of a business has been amended slightly. It now states that the elements are 'capable of being conducted' rather than 'are conducted and managed'. It requires considerations (including contingent consideration), each identifiable asset and liability to be measured at its acquisition-date fair value, except leases and insurance contracts, reacquired right, indemnification assets as well as some assets and liabilities required to be measured in accordance with other HKFRSs. They are income taxes, employee benefits, share-based payment and non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations. Any non-controlling interest in an acquiree is measured either at fair value or at the noncontrolling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets. The Group will apply HKFRS 3 (Revised) from 1st April, 2010.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
 - (c) 本集團並無提前採納已頒佈但於年 內仍未生效的準則、修訂及現行準 則詮釋(續)
 - 香港財務報告準則一第3號 (經修訂)「企業合併」因將僅 通過合同形成的合併和共同 主體的企業合併納入了準則 範圍並對業務的定義進行了 微調,從而可能使得更多的 交易採用收購會計法處理。 對「業務」進行定義的基礎從 「進行和管理」改為「能夠進 行」。同時要求除租賃及保 險合同、重收購權利、補償 性資產及需要按其他香港財 務報告準則的要求進行計量 的資產和負債(如所得税、 職工福利、股權支付、持有 待售的非流動資產及非持續 經營業務等)以外,所有代 價(包括或然代價)及各項可 識別資產和負債以其於收購 日公平值計量。任何被收購 公司的非控制權益均按照其 公平值或所佔被收購公司可 識別淨資產的比例計量。本 集團將由二零一零年四月一 日起應用香港財務報告準則 第3號(經修訂)。

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (c) Standards, amendments to Standards and interpretations to existing Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective during the year and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - HKFRS 8 'Operating Segments' replaces HKAS 14 and aligns segment reporting with the requirements of the US Standard SFAS 131, 'Disclosures about segments of an enterprise and related information'. The new Standard requires a 'management approach', under which segment information is presented on the same basis as that used for internal reporting purposes. The Group will apply HKFRS 8 from 1st April, 2009. The expected impact is still being assessed in detail by management but it anticipates that the number of reporting segments, as well as the manner in which the segments are reported, will change to bring in line with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decisionmaker.
 - HK(IFRIC) Int 12 'Service concession arrangements' applies to contractual arrangements whereby a private sector operator participates in the development, financing, operation and maintenance of infrastructure for public sector services. The Group will apply HK(IFRIC) — Int 12 from 1st April, 2008 but it is not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
 - (c) 本集團並無提前採納已頒佈但於年 內仍未生效的準則、修訂及現行準 則詮釋(續)
 - 香港財務報告準則 第8號 [營運分部]取代了香港會計 準則第14號,並將分部報告 與美國準則SFAS 131「有關 企業分部和相關資料的披露」 的規定統一起來。此項新準 則要求採用「管理方法」,即 分部資料須按照與內部報告 所採用的相同基準呈報。本 集團將會由二零零九年四月 一日起應用香港財務報告準 則第8號。預期影響現仍由管 理層詳細評估中,惟預期報 告分部數目及分部的報告形 式將有所變動以使與提供予 主要營運決策人的內部報告 一致。
 - 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一 詮釋第12號「服務 特許權的安排」,適用於由 私人營運商參與公營服務基 建之發展、融資、經營及維 修之合約性安排。本集團將 自二零零八年四月一日起應 用香港(國際財務報告詮釋 委員會)一詮釋第12號,但 預期其不會對本集團之財務 報表有任何重大影響。

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (c) Standards, amendments to Standards and interpretations to existing Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective during the year and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - HK(IFRIC) Int 13 'Customer loyalty programmes' clarifies that where goods or services are sold together with a customer loyalty incentive (for example, loyalty points or free products), the arrangement is a multiple-element arrangement and the consideration receivable from the customer is allocated between the components of the arrangement using fair values.
 HK(IFRIC) Int 13 is not relevant to the Group's operations because none of the Group's companies operate any loyalty programmes.
 - HK(IFRIC) Int 14 'HKAS 19 The limit on a defined benefit asset, minimum funding requirements and their interaction' provides guidance on assessing the limit in HKAS 19 on the amount of the surplus that can be recognised as an asset. It also explains how the pension asset or liability may be affected by a statutory or contractual minimum funding requirement. The Group will apply HK(IFRIC) Int 14 from 1st April, 2008, but it is not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
 - (c) 本集團並無提前採納已頒佈但於年 內仍未生效的準則、修訂及現行準 則詮釋(續)
 - 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一 詮釋第13號「客戶 忠誠度計劃」,闡明當貨品或 服務與客戶忠誠獎勵一起銷 售(例如積分或免費貨品), 該項安排屬多種元素安排, 從顧客收到之代價需以公平 值分配至該項安排的組成 部分。由於本集團的公司概 無經營任何忠誠計劃,故香 港(國際財務報告詮釋委員 會)一詮釋第13號與本集團 的經營無關。
 - 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委 員會) — 詮釋第14號「香港 會計準則第19號一界定福利 資產限額、最低資金要求及 兩者其相互關係」,就評估 香港會計準則第19號有關可 確認為資產的盈餘款額的限 額提供指引。該詮釋亦解釋 退休金資產或負債如何受法 定或合約最低資金規定之影 響。本集團將自二零零八年 四月一日起應用香港(國際 財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮 釋第14號,但預期其不會對 本集團之財務報表有任何重 大影響。

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (c) Standards, amendments to Standards and interpretations to existing Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective during the year and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - HKFRS 1 (Amendment), 'First-time
 Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting
 Standards' and HKAS 27 (Amendment),
 'Consolidated and Separate Financial
 Statements' (effective from 1st January,
 2009). The amendment requires that certain
 additional disclosure should be made
 to entity's first HKFRS separate financial
 statement if an entity uses a deemed cost
 in its opening HKFRS statement of financial
 position for an investment in a subsidiary,
 jointly controlled entity or associate in
 its separate financial statements. This
 amendment does not have any significant
 impact on the Group's financial statements.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
 - (c) 本集團並無提前採納已頒佈但於年 內仍未生效的準則、修訂及現行準 則詮釋(續)
 - 香港財務報告準則一第1號 (修訂)「首次採用香港財務 報告準則」及香港會計準則 一第27號(修訂)「綜合及獨 立財務報表」(於二零零九年 一月一日後開始生效)。此修 訂規定企業於附屬公司的人。 資如在期初的財務報表以視 為成本入賬,對於其首份獨 立財務報表須按照香港財務 報告準則的新增要求披露。 此修訂不會對本集團的綜合 財務報表有任何影響。

2.2 Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all of its subsidiaries made up to 31st March.

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary in the consolidated financial statements, to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

財務報表附註

2.2 综合賬目 本綜合財務報表包括本公司及其所有附 屬公司截至三月三十一日止之財務報表。

> 附屬公司指本集團有權管控其財政及營 運政策而控制的所有實體,一般附帶於 超過半數投票權之股權。在評定本集團 是否控制另一實體時,目前可行使或可 兑換之潛在投票權之存在及影響均予考 慮。

> 在附屬公司之控制權轉移至本集團之日 作全面綜合入賬。在附屬公司之控制權 終止之日起則停止作綜合入賬。

> 本集團採用收購會計法將本集團所收購 之附屬公司入賬。收購成本按所提供的 資產、已發行股本工具及所產生或承擔 之負債於交易日之公平值加上與收購有 關的直接費用計算。於業務合併所收購 可識別資產與所承擔之負債及或然負債 初步按於收購日之公平值計算,與任何 少數股東權益無關。收購成本超出本集 團應佔所收購可識別資產淨值之公平值 就別價產淨值之公平值,則差額 計入收益表。

> 集團公司之間的交易、交易之結餘及未 實現收益予以對銷。除非交易提供被轉 讓資產減值之憑證,否則未實現虧損亦 予以對銷。附屬公司之會計政策已按需 要於綜合財務報表作出改變,以確保與 本集團採用之會計政策符合一致。

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2.2 Consolidation (Continued)

In the Company's balance sheet the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any (Note 2.7). The results of subsidiaries are accounted by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

2.3 Segment reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments.

2.4 Foreign currency translation

- (a) Functional and presentation currency Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.
- (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

財務報表附註

2.2 綜合賬目(續) 在本公司之資產負債表內,附屬公司之 投資按成本值扣除累計減值撥備列賬, 如有(附註2.7)。附屬公司之業績由本公 司按已收及應收股息入賬。

2.3 分部報告

業務分部指從事提供產品或服務之一組 資產和業務,而其風險和回報與其他業 務分部不同。地區分部指在某個特定經 濟環境中從事提供產品或服務,其產品 或服務之風險和回報與在其他經濟環境 中營運之分部不同。

2.4 外幣換算

- (a) 功能貨幣和呈列貨幣 本集團每個實體之財務報表所列項 目均以該實體營運所在之主要經 濟環境之貨幣計量(「功能貨幣」)。 綜合財務報表以港元呈報,港元為 本公司之功能貨幣和呈列貨幣。
- (b) 交易及結餘 外幣交易採用交易日之匯率換算 為功能貨幣。結算此等交易產生之 匯兑盈虧以及將外幣計值之貨幣 資產和負債以年終匯率換算產生 之匯兑盈虧計入收益表。

2.4 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities or operations, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to shareholders' equity. When a foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognised in the income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

財務報表附註

- 2.4 外幣換算(續)
 - (c) 集團公司 所有功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同之 本集團實體(當中沒有嚴重通貨膨 脹貨幣)之業績及財務狀況均按以 下方法換算為呈列貨幣:
 - (i) 各資產負債表呈列之資產及 負債項目均以該資產負債表 結算日之收市匯率折算;
 - (ii) 各收益表所呈報之收入及開 支項目均按平均匯率換算(除 非該平均值並不反映於交易 日通行匯率累計影響之合理 近似值,在此情況下收入及 開支乃按交易日之匯率換 算);及
 - (iii) 所有由此產生之匯兑差額均確認為股本內之獨立項目。

綜合賬目上,換算境外業務之投資 淨額及用作對沖該等投資之借貸 及其他貨幣工具所產生之匯兑差 額乃計入股東權益內。於出售境外 業務時,計入權益內之匯兑差額於 收益表中計入出售收益或虧損的 一部份。

2.5 Leasehold land and land use rights

The up-front prepayments made for leasehold land and land use rights are accounted for as operating leases. They are expensed in the income statement on a straightline basis over the periods of the lease, or when there is impairment, the impairment is expensed in the income statement.

2.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged in the income statement during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

— Buildings	25 to 50 years
— Plant and machinery	5 to 10 years
— Furniture and equipment	5 to 10 years
- Motor vehicles	5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.7).

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

財務報表附註

- 2.5 租賃土地及土地使用權 就租賃土地及土地使用權預先支付的款 項按營運租賃列賬,並以直線法於租賃 期間分期在收益表列作開支,或倘出現 減值,則減值亦於收益表列作開支。
- 2.6 物業、廠房及設備 除在建工程外,物業、廠房及設備均以 歷史成本減累計折舊及累計減值虧損(如 有)列賬。歷史成本包括因收購該項目而 直接產生之支出。

其後成本只有在與該項目有關的未來經 濟利益有可能流入本集團,而該項目的 成本能可靠計量時,才列入資產的賬面 值或確認為獨立資產(如適用)。所有其 他維修及保養在產生的財政期間內於收 益表支銷。

物業、廠房及設備之折舊是以直線法將 其成本減其剩餘價值於其估計可用年限 內分配,折舊率如下:

一樓宇	25至50年
一機器	5至10年
一傢具及設備	5至10年
一汽車	5年

本集團於各結算日檢討資產的剩餘價值 及可使用年期,並作出適當調整。

若資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回價值, 則其賬面值將即時撇減至可收回價值(附 註2.7)。

2.6 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Construction in progress comprises buildings on which construction work has not been completed and plant and machinery on which installation work has not been completed. It is carried at cost which includes construction and installation expenditures and other direct costs less any impairment losses. On completion, construction in progress is transferred to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment at cost less accumulated impairment losses. No depreciation is provided for construction in progress until it is completed and available for use.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the income statement.

2.7 Impairment of investments in subsidiaries and non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life or have not yet been available for use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Assets other than goodwill that suffer an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

財務報表附註

2.6 物業、廠房及設備(續) 在建工程指在建樓宇、廠房及有待安裝 的機器,並按成本入賬。成本包括於建 築或安裝及其他直接成本減減值虧損。 當有關資產投入運作時,將成本減累計 減值虧損轉撥至其他物業、廠房及設備。 在建工程項目直至有關資產完成及可作 擬定用途前不作折舊撥備。

> 出售收益及虧損透過比較賬面值及所得 款項釐定,並於收益表內確認。

2.7 於附屬公司投資及非財務資產減值

無特定使用期限或尚未可供使用的資產 毋須作攤銷處理,但此等資產每年均須 要作至少一次減值評估。資產如有任何 跡象或環境經不出現賬面值無法。 減回時,本集團將評估該資產的減值情況。 減值價值的數額。可收回價值為資產的減值情可可 值減出售成本後的價值,與其使用資產 之前獨立地區分其現金流量(現金產 定可獨立地區分其現金流量(現金產 單位)的最小單位劃分。於每個報告日 期,均會對曾出現減值之資產(商譽除 外)作出評估,以確定是否可能作出減值 撥回。

2.8 Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: derivative financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the purposes for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

(a) Derivative financial instruments

The Group's derivative instruments do not qualify for hedge accounting. Changes in the fair value of any derivative instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised immediately in the income statement.

(b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are classified as 'trade and bill receivables' and 'cash and cash equivalents' in the balance sheet (Notes 2.10 and 2.11).

2.9 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

財務報表附註

- 2.8 財務資產 本集團將財務資產劃分為以下類別:按 公平值列入損益賬的衍生金融工具及貸 款及應收款。分類方法乃取決於財務資 產之收購目的。管理層將於始初確認時 為其財務資產分類。
 - (a) 衍生金融工具 本集團之衍生金融工具未能指定 作為對沖工具,故此該等衍生工具 之公平值變動將直接於收益表內 確認。
 - (b) 貸款及應收款項 貸款及應收款項為設有固定或可 確定付款金額,以及不會在活躍市 場上市的非衍生財務資產。此等項 目已計入流動資產之內,但由結算 日起計十二個月後方到期的項目 則劃分為非流動資產。貸款及應收 款項均劃分為資產負債表的「貿易 應收賬款及票據」及「現金及現金 等值」(附註2.10及2.11)。

2.9 存貨

存貨以成本值及可變現淨值兩者的較低 者列賬。成本值是以加權平均成本法計 算。製成品及在製品的成本值包括原材 料、直接工資、其他直接成本及相關生 產間接開支(根據正常營運能力計算)。 有關數額不包括借貸成本。可變現淨值 為於日常業務過程內的估計售價扣除適 當的浮動銷售開支計算。

2.10 Trade and bill receivables

Trade and bill receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade and bill receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtors, probability that the debtors will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in the income statement. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the income statement.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

2.12 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of a financial asset or financial liability, including fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and transfer taxes and duties. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

財務報表附註

2.10 貿易應收賬款及票據

貿易應收賬款及票據最初按公平值確認, 其後則以實際利率法按計入攤銷成本後 列賬,並須扣除減值撥備。如有客觀證 據顯示本集團無法按照貿易應收賬款的 原來條款收取所有欠款,則須為有關貿 易應收賬款及票據作出減值撥備。應收 賬客戶面對嚴重財政困難、應收賬客戶 很可能會破產或進行財務重組,及違約 未付或逾期未付款項均被視為貿易應收 賬款出現減值的跡象。撥備額為資產賬 面值與估計未來現金流量按原訂實際利 率折算之現值兩者的差額。資產之賬面 值會使用撥備賬扣減,而虧損金額則於 收益表確認。當貿易應收賬款不可收回 時,其將於貿易應收賬款撥備賬內撇銷。 先前撇銷而於其後收回之金額會計入收 益表中。

2.11 現金及現金等值

現金及現金等值包括手頭現金、銀行通 知存款及原到期日為三個月或以下的短 期高流動投資,以及銀行透支。銀行透 支於資產負債表列作流動負債的借貸。

2.12 融資

融資最初乃按公平值(扣除巳產生的交 易成本)確認。交易成本為直接歸屬予金 融資產或金融負債之購買、發行或出售 的增量成本,其中包括付予代理、顧問、 經紀及交易商的費用和佣金、規管機構 和證券交易所所收取的費用,以及轉讓 税和關税。融資其後按經攤銷成本列賬, 如扣除交易成本之後的收益和贖回價值 出現差額,則於融資期內以實際利率法 在收益表內確認。

2.12 Borrowings (Continued)

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

2.13 Trade payables

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.14 Current and deferred income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

財務報表附註

2.12 融資(續) 除非本集團有權無條件將債務結算日期 遞延至結算日後至少十二個月,否則融 資將被劃分為流動負債。

2.13 貿易應付帳款

貿易應付帳款最初按公平值入帳,其後 運用實際利息法按攤銷成本計量。

2.14 即期及遞延所得税

即期所得税支出根據本公司及其附屬公 司營運及產生應課税收入的國家於結算 日已頒佈或實質頒佈的税務法例計算。 管理層就適用税務法例詮釋所規限的情 況定期評估報税表的狀況,並在適用情 況下根據預期須向税務機關支付的税款 設定撥備。

遞延所得税採用負債法就資產及負債的 税基與其於綜合財務報表之賬面值之間 的暫時差異作全數撥備。然而,倘遞延 所得税因業務合併以外交易的資產或負 債而產生,且於交易時間對會計及應課 税溢利或虧損並無影響,則遞延所得税 不會入賬。遞延所得税採用在結算日前 已頒佈或實質頒布之税率(及法例)釐 定,並使用預期於相關遞延所得税資產 變現或遞延所得税負債償還時適用税率。

遞延所得税資產乃就有可能用以抵扣未 來應課税溢利之暫時差異而確認入賬。

2.14 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2.15 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds.

2.16 Employee benefits

Employee leave entitlements (i)

> Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of the leave.

(ii) Retirement benefits

The Group participates in various defined contribution retirement benefit schemes. A defined contribution plan is a retirement benefit scheme under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contribution for post-retirement benefits beyond these fixed contributions.

重要會計政策概要(續) 2

2.14 即期及遞延所得税(續) 暫時差異而撥備,惟倘本集團可以控制 暫時差異之撥回時間,而暫時差異在可 預見將來有可能不會撥回則除外。

2.15 股本 普通股分類為股本權益。

> 因發行新股份或購股權而直接產生的遞 增成本於股本權益內列作所得款項的扣 減項目。

2.16 員工福利

- 僱員應享假期 (i) 僱員的應享年假及長期服務假期 乃於應計予僱員時確認。僱員因提 供服務產生的應享年假乃按截至 資產負債表結算日的年假估計負 債計算撥備。僱員應享病假及分娩 假期僅於支取時才確認。
- (ii) 退休福利 集團參加多個界定供款退休福利 計劃。界定供款計劃指本集團向獨 立實體作出定額供款之退休金計 劃。本集團並無法定或推定責任為 該等定額供款以外的退休後福利 支付其他供款。

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2.16 Employee benefits (Continued)

(ii) Retirement benefits (Continued)

The schemes are generally funded through payments to government authorities, insurance companies or trustee-administered funds. The Group pays contributions on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employment costs when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(iii) Bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses. It recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

(iv) Share-based compensation

The Group operates an equity-settled, sharebased compensation plan. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted, excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. At each balance sheet date, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the income statement, and a corresponding adjustment to equity over the remaining vesting period.

The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium when the options are exercised.

財務報表附註

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.16 員工福利(續)

- (ii) 退休福利(續) 計劃一般的資金來自向政府機構、 保險公司或受託人管理基金所作 供款。本集團按強制、合約或自願 基準作出供款。一旦支付供款後, 本集團並無進一步責任付款。供款 到期時確認為僱員成本。預付供款 確認為資產,惟以退回現金或可扣 減日後付款金額為限。
- (iii) 花紅計劃 本集團將花紅確認為負債及開支。 當有合約責任或過往慣例引致推 定責任時,本集團即就花紅撥備。
- 以股份支付的酬金 (iv) 集團設有一項以股權結算,以股份 支付的薪酬計劃。就僱員提供服務 而授予之購股權的公平值確認為 一項支出。將於授予期內列作支出 的總金額乃參考所授期權的公平 值釐定(不包括任何非市場性質的 授予條件所產生的影響,如盈利能 力及銷售額增長指標)。在假定預 期可予以行使的購股權數目時,非 市場性質的授予條件亦加入一併 考慮。於各結算日,本集團修訂對 預期可予以行使的期權數目所作 的估計。修訂原先估計的影響(如 有)則在收益表確認,及於剩餘的 歸屬期內對股本權益作出相應調 整。

已收款項(扣除任何直接應計交易 成本)在行使期權時撥入股本(面 值)及股份溢價。

2.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2.18 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown, net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below. The amount of revenue is not considered to be reliably measured until all contingencies relating to the sale have been resolved. The Group bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

財務報表附註

2.17 撥備 本集團因已發生的事件而產生現有的法 律或推定責任:較可能需要有資源流出 以償付責任:金額已經可靠估計而作出 撥備。不就未來營運虧損確認撥備。

> 如有多項類似責任,而需要在償付中流 出資源的可能性則根據責任的類別整體 考慮。即使在同一責任類別所包含任何 一個項目的相關資源流出的可能性為低, 仍須確認撥備。

> 撥備按採用税前利率折現解除責任預期 所需支出所得現值計算,該税前利率反 映市場現時貨幣時間值及責任特定風險 的評估。因時間流逝而增加的撥備確認 為利息開支。

2.18 收益確認

收益包括在本集團正常經營活動中已收 到或應收的出售產品及服務的公平值。 收益以扣除增值税、退貨、回佣及折扣, 以及對銷本集團公司內部銷售後的金額 列示。

當能夠可靠地計量收益金額,而很可能 日後有經濟利益將流入公司,並如下文 所述本集團的各業務符合特定條件時, 本集團確認收益。直至所有關於銷售的 或然事件獲得解決方會視為能可靠計量 收益金額。本集團根據過往業績,並考 慮客戶種類、交易形式及各安排的特徵 估計。

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2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.18 Revenue recognition (Continued)

(a) Sales of goods

Sales of goods are recognised when a group entity has delivered products to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and collectibility of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

 (b) Interest income
 Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

2.19 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, installation or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. All other borrowing costs are charged to the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

2.20 Leases

The Group leases certain property, plant and equipment. Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's commencement at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in short-term and long-tern finance lease obligations. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

入賬。

財務報表附註

- 2.18 收益確認(續) (a) 銷售貨品 銷售貨品於產品被送交其客戶,客 戶接受該產品並且收回相關應收 款項的機會能夠合理確定時確認
 - (b) 利息收入 利息收入採用實際利息法按時間 比例基準確認入賬。

2.19 融資成本

與收購、建造、安裝或生產資產(即必須 耗用較長時間才可達致預期用途或可供 出售的資產)直接有關的融資成本均撥 充為該等資產之成本的一部份。所有其 他融資成本均於其產生期間於收益表內 扣除。

2.20 經營租約

本集團出租若干物業、機器及設備。如 本集團持有物業、機器及設備擁有權的 差不多所有風險及回報,該等租賃分類 為融資租賃。在租賃開始時,融資租賃 按租賃物業之公平值與最低租賃付款現 值兩者之較低者資本化。

每項租賃款項均分攤為負債及財務費用, 以達到財務費用佔融資結欠額之常數比 率。相應的租賃責任在扣除財務費用後 計入流動及非流動財務契約債務內。財 務費用的利息部份於租約期內在收益表 支銷以提供財務費用與每個期間的負債 餘額的常數定期利率。根據融資租賃取 得的物業、機器及設備,按資產的可使 用年期或租賃期的較短者折舊。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.21 Operating leases (as the lessee)

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor), including upfront payment made for leasehold land and land use rights, are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

2.22 Contingent assets and contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured reliably. A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group. Contingent assets are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. When inflow is virtually certain, an asset is recognised.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

財務報表附註

2.21 經營租賃(作為承租人) 由出租人承擔附於擁有權之大部份風險 及回報之租約分類為經營租約。經營租 約租金,包括預付了租賃土地及土地使 用權(扣除來自出租人之任何優惠)按租 期以直線法計入收益表為費用。

2.22 或然資產及或然負債

或然負債乃因過去事件而可能產生的責 任。有關責任存在與否有待一項或多項 本集團未能全面控制的不肯定未來事件 有否發生方可確認。或然負債亦可為因 過去事件而產生的現時責任,並基於毋 須損耗經濟資產或責任的數額無法可靠 計量而無予以確認。或然負債毋須確認, 但會在財務報表披露。倘需要耗損的可 能性有所變化而可能須要耗損資源,則 會確認為撥備。

或然資產指因過往事件可能產生之資產, 此等資產存在與否須視乎某一宗或多宗 本集團不能全權掌控之事件會否發生。 或然資產不會確認,但會於經濟利益可 能流入時在財務報表附註披露。當大致 確定利益將流入時,則會確認資產。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.23 Financial guarantees

A financial guarantee (a type of insurance contract) is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instruments. The Group does not recognise liabilities for financial guarantees at inception, but performs a liability adequacy test at each balance sheet date by comparing its net liability regarding the financial guarantee with the amount that would be required if the financial guarantee were to result in a present legal or constructive obligation. If the liability is less than its present legal or constructive obligation amount, the entire difference is recognised in the income statement immediately.

2.24 Dividend distributions

Dividend distributions to the Company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the Group's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

3 Financial risk management

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's principal activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk and cash flow interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures. Risk management is carried out by senior management of the Group under policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.23 財務擔保

財務報表附註

財務擔保(一種保險合約)為一種合約, 規定在債務工具屆滿時若指定債務人未 能根據原來或經修訂條款付款的情況下, 由發行人向持有人支付指定款項以賠償 其損失。本集團於訂約時並無確認財務 擔保負債,但會於各個報告日期進行負 債充裕度測試,比較財務擔保的淨負債 與因財務擔保而產生的現時法律或推定 責任所需數額的差額。倘負債少於其現 時法律或推定責任的數額,將即時在收 益表確認全部差額。

2.24 股息分派 向本公司股東分派的股息在股息獲本公 司股東批准期間於本集團財務報表確認 為負債。

3 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素 本集團之主要業務承受多種財務風險: 市場風險(包括兑換風險、公平值利率風 險及現金流量利率風險)、信貸風險及流 動資金風險。本集團之整體風險管理方 案集中於難以預測之金融市場,並致力 於將對本集團財務表現造成之潛在不利 影響減至最低。本集團利用金融洐生工 具對冲部份風險。風險管理由本集團的 高層管理人員按本公司董事會批准的政 策推行。

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

Majority of the subsidiaries of the Company operates in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), Hong Kong and Singapore with most of the transactions denominated in either Renminbi, Hong Kong dollar, Singapore dollar or United States dollar. The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk primarily through sales and purchases transactions that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the subsidiaries. The Group considers its foreign currency exposure is mainly arising from the exposure of Renminbi against Hong Kong dollar and/or United States dollar. As Hong Kong dollar is pegged to United States dollar, the Group believes the exposure of transactions denominated in United States dollar which are entered by group companies with a functional currency of Hong Kong dollar to be insignificant.

The Group manages its exposures to foreign currency transactions by monitoring the level of foreign currency receipts and payments. The Group ensures that the net exposure to foreign exchange risk is kept to an acceptable level from time to time. The Group uses forward contracts transacted with external financial institutions to partially hedge against such foreign exchange risk. The Group also regularly reviews the portfolio of local and international customers and the currencies in which the transactions are denominated so as to minimise the Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk.

3 財務風險管理(續)

財務報表附註

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險 (i) 外函

外匯風險 本公司大部份附屬公司主 要於中華人民共和國(「中 國」)、香港及新加坡經營業 務,交易主要以人民幣、港 元、新加坡元或美元計值。 本集團所承擔之外匯風險主 要來自有關附屬公司之銷售 及採購交易以集團功能貨幣 以外之貨幣結算。本集團認 為其外匯風險主要來自人民 幣兑換港元及/或美元的風 險。由於港元與美元掛鈎, 本集團相信以港元作為功能 貨幣的集團公司訂立以美元 計算的交易須承受的風險並 不重大。

本集團通過監控外幣收入及 支付水平管理其外幣交易所 承受之風險。本集團確保其 不時之外匯風險淨額維持在 可接受的範圍內。本集團 約對沖部份外匯風險。本集 團 字的組合及交易計值之貨 幣,以將本集團的外匯風險 降至最低。

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3 Financial risk management (Continued)

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - (a) Market risk (Continued)

(i)

Foreign exchange risk (Continued) Majority of the Group's borrowings (approximately 83% as at 31st March, 2008 (2007: 84%) are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and United States dollars while the remaining are denominated in Renminbi or other currencies. The Group presently draws borrowings in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars or Renminbi to finance investments in China after considering, inter alia, future fluctuation in United States dollars and Renminbi against Hong Kong dollars and currency mix of income sources and costs/expenses of the Group. At present, the management does not expect that there will be any significant foreign exchange risk associated with the Group's borrowings and the Group did not use any financial instruments to hedge its foreign exchange risk arising from the Group's borrowings during the year.

At 31st March, 2008, if Renminbi had strengthened/weakened by 10% (2007: 10%) against Hong Kong Dollars or United States dollars with all other variables held constant, profit for the year would have been approximately HK\$863,000 higher/ lower (2007: HK\$85,000 lower/higher) mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains on translation of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables and borrowings denominated in non-functional currency of the relevant group companies.

(ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk As the Group has no significant interestbearing assets except for the cash and bank balances, the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續) (a) 市場風險(續)

(i)

外匯風險(續) 本集團的大多數借貸(於二 零零八年三月三十一日約 83%(二零零七年:84%)) 均以港幣及美元計值,而其 餘均以人民幣及其他貨幣計 值。經考慮(其中包括)美元 及人民幣兑港幣日後的波動 及本集團收入來源及成本/ 開支的貨幣組合後,本集團 目前提取以港幣、美元或人 民幣計值之借貸作為位於中 國的投資融資。目前,管理 層預期年內並無與本集團借 貸有關之任何重大外匯風險 且本集團並無使用任何金融 工具對沖其來自本集團借貸 之外匯風險。

於二零零八年三月三十一 日,倘人民幣兑港幣或美元 之匯率升值/貶值10%(二零 零七年:10%),而其他可變 因素維持不變,本年度溢利 將增加/減少約863,000港元 (二零零七年:85,000港元減 少/增加),主要由於以相 關集團公司非功能貨幣計值 之現金及現金等值、貿易應 收賬款、貿易應付賬款及借 貸在兑換時產生之外匯虧損 /收益所致。

(ii) 現金流量及公平值利率風險 本集團除現金及現金等值 外,並無重大計息資產。本 集團之收入及經營現金流量 大至上不受市場利率變更影響。

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - (a) Market risk (Continued)
 - (ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk (Continued)

The Group's interest-rate risk arises from interest-bearing borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest-rate risk whilst borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest-rate risk. All borrowings as at 31st March, 2008 were at variable rates. The Group has not used any interest rate swaps to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk.

At 31st March, 2008, if interest rates on borrowings had been 10 basis points higher/lower (2007: 10 basis points) with all other variables held constant, posttax profit for the year would have been approximately HK\$262,000 (2007: HK\$240,000) lower/higher, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

The credit risk of the Group mainly arises from trade receivables, deposits with banks and financial institutions.

Credit risk on trade debtors is managed by the management of the individual business units and monitored by the Group's management on a group basis. Most of their customers are sizable and renowned with low credit risk. For other smaller customers, management assesses their credit quality by considering its financial position, past experience and other relevant factors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Debtors with overdue balances will be requested to settle its outstanding balance.

3 財務風險管理(續)

財務報表附註

3.1 財務風險因素(續) (a) 市場風險(續)

> (ii) 現金流量及公平值利率風險
> (續)
> 本集團之利率風險主要來自 計息借貸。浮息借貸致使本 集團承受現金流量利率風險,而定息借貸致使本集團
> 承受公平值利率風險。於二
> 零零八年三月三十一日所有
> 貸款均為浮息借貸。本集團
> 並未透過利率合約對冲利率
> 風險。

> > 於二零零八年三月三十一 日,倘借貸利率上升/下降 10個基點(二零零七年:10 個基點),而其他可變因素 維持不變,本年度除税後溢 利將減少/增加約262,000港 元(二零零七年:240,000港 元),主要由於浮息借貸之 利息開支之增加/減少。

(b) 信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要來自貿易 應收賬款、銀行及金融機構之存 款。

貿易應收賬款之信貸風險乃通過 管理個別業務單元予以管理及由 本集團管理層按組別監控。大部份 客戶均具有相當規模及屬於低信 貸風險。至於其他規模較少的客 戶,管理層按其財務狀況,過往經 驗及其他有關因素評估其信貸質 素。信貸限額之使用須定期監控。 擁有過期結餘之債務人將須按要 求清償其未償付結餘。

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- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - (b) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group has policies that limit the amount of credit exposure to any financial institutions. The Group's bank deposits are all deposited in renowned and established banks or financial institutions in Hong Kong, Singapore and the PRC. Management considers that the credit risk associated with deposits with banks and financial institutes is low.

(c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the Group's management aims to maintain flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity reserve which comprises undrawn banking facility (Note 31) and cash and cash equivalents (Note 20) on the basis of expected cash flow.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續) (b) 信貸風險(續)

信貸風險(績) 本集團制定政策性限制須承受來 自任何金融機構之信貸風險。本集 團之銀行存款均存入香港、新加坡 及中國知名及信譽卓著之銀行或 金融機構。管理層認為有關銀行及 金融機構存款之信貸風險為低。

(c) 流動資金風險

審慎的流動資金風險管理指維持 充足的現金及資金,透過已承諾信 貸融資之足夠額度備有資金,和有 能力結算市場持倉。基於相關業務 之活躍多變性質,故本集團致力透 過已承諾的可用信貸額度維持資 金的靈活性。

管理層根據預期現金流量,監控本 集團之流動資金儲備(包括未提取 銀行信貸額(附註31)及現金及現 金等值(附註20))之滾動預測。

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The table below analyses the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

3 財務風險管理(續)

財務報表附註

3.1	財務	「風險因素(續)
	(c)	流動資金風險(續)
		下表基於由結算日至合約到期日
		之剩餘期間對本集團及本公司之
		財務負債進行相關到期組別分析。
		在表內披露之金額為合約性未貼
		現的現金流量。由於貼現的影響並
		不重大,因此於十二個月內需要償
		付之結餘相等於其賬面值。

		Less than 1 year 少於1年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 介乎1至2年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 5 years 介乎2至5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 超過5年 HK\$'000 千港元
Group At 31st March, 2008	集團 於二零零八年				
At 51st March, 2000	成二 零零 八年 三月三十一日				
Borrowings	融資	197,854	61,292	46,189	159
Finance lease obligations	財務契約債務	2,447	804	—	—
Trade and bill payables	貿易應付賬款及 票據	141,406	_	_	_
Other payables	其他應付款	39,982	_	_	_
Interest payable	應付利息	9,247	2,308	1,311	26
	-	390,936	64,404	47,500	185
At 31st March, 2007	於二零零七年 三月三十一日				
Borrowings	融資	172,529	54,279	52,494	201
Finance lease obligations Trade and bill payables	財務契約債務 貿易應付賬款及	2,565	2,124	734	—
	票據	154,211	—	_	—
Other payables	其他應付款	10,681		_	_
Interest payable	應付利息 -	12,303	4,786	2,466	31
	-	352,289	61,189	55,694	232
Company At 31st March, 2008	公司 於二零零八年 三月三十一日				
Other payables	二万二 口 其他應付款	9	_	_	_
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司				
	款項 -				97,666
	-	9			97,666
At 31st March, 2007	於二零零七年 三月三十一日				
Other payables	其他應付款	4	_	_	_
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司 款項	_	_	_	85,703
					03,703
	-	4			85,703

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3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.2 Capital Risk Management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the net gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including current and non-current borrowings, finance lease obligations as shown in the consolidated balance sheet) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity', as shown in the consolidated balance sheet.

During 2008, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2007, was to maintain a net gearing ratio less than 75%. The net gearing ratios at 31st March, 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.2 資本風險管理 本集團管理資本之目標為保證本集團持 續經營之能力,以為股東提供回報及為 其他利益相關者提供福利並維持最佳資 本架構以降低資本成本。

> 為維持或調整資本結構,本集團或會調 整派予股東之股息金額,將資本發還股 東,發行新股或出售資產以減少債項。

> 本集團以淨負債比率為基準監察其資本, 該比率以負債淨額除以股本總額計算, 負債淨額以總負債(包括於綜合資產負 債表中披露的流動及非流動負債,財務 契約債務)減現金及現金等值。股本總額 計算為於綜合資產負債表中的(「股本權 益」)。

> 於二零零八年度內,於本集團之策略(自 二零零七年起並無變動)為維持淨負債 比率少於75%。於二零零八年及二零零 七年三月三十一日之淨負債比率如下:

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Bank borrowings (Note 21) Bill payables Finance lease obligations	銀行融資(附註21) 應付票據 財務契約債務	305,494 8,830	279,503 16,659
(Note 22)	(附註22)	3,251	5,423
Total borrowings Less: Cash and cash equivalents	融資總額 減:現金及現金等值	317,575	301,585
(Note 20)	(附註20)	(125,632)	(107,043)
Net debt	債務淨額	191,943	194,542
Total equity	股本權益總額	433,159	375,078
Net gearing ratio	淨負債比率	44%	52%

3.3 Fair value estimation

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets including cash and cash equivalents, trade and bill receivables, prepayments and deposits and financial liabilities including trade and bill payables, accruals and other payables and short-term bank borrowings, approximate their fair values due to their short-term maturities.

The carrying values less impairment provisions of trade receivables and payables are a reasonable approximation of their fair values. The fair value of noncurrent borrowings for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments. The fair values of noncurrent financial liabilities are disclosed in Note 21.

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

3 財務風險管理(續)

財務報表附註

3.3 公平值之估計 本集團金融資產(包括現金及現金等值、 貿易應收賬款及票據、預付款項及按金) 及金融負債(包括貿易應付賬款及票據、 應計負債及其他應付款及短期銀行借貸) 的期限較短,因此其賬面值均與公平值 相若。

> 貿易應收(扣除減值撥備後)及應付款項 之賬面值均合理接近其公平值。就披露 目的而言,非流動負債之公平值乃按本 集團就類似金融工具而可獲得的現時市 場利率,將日後合約現金流量貼現而估 計。非流動負債之公平值已於財務報表 附註21中披露。

4 重大會計估計及判斷

本公司經常檢查所採用之估計及判斷,有關檢 查基於過往經驗及其他因素,包括根據情況合 理預期發生之未來事件。

本集團就未來作出估計及假設。產生的估計(根 據定義)不一定與有關實際結果相同。於下一 財政年度有重大風險造成資產與負債帳面值重 大調整的估計及假設於下文闡述。

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

(a) Useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives, residual values and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives and it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives and actual residual values may differ from estimated residual values. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and residual values and therefore depreciation expense in future periods.

Impairment of property, plant and equipment, (b) leasehold land and land use rights

Property, plant and equipment, leasehold land and land use rights are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The recoverable amount is determined based on value-in-use calculations or market valuations. These calculations require the use of judgements and estimates.

重大會計估計及判斷(續) 4

財務報表附註

物業、廠房及設備之可使用年期及 (a) 剩餘價值

> 本集團管理層釐定估計其物業、廠房及 設備之可使用年期、剩餘價值及有關折 舊費用。此種估計乃以具相似性質或功 能之物業、廠房及設備之過往實際可使 用年限及剩餘價值為基準。管理層將於 可使用年期少於以往估計可使用年期時 增加折舊費用或撇銷或撇減任何已棄置 或出售之技術過時或非策略性資產。實 際經濟年期可能有異於估計可使用年期, 實際剩餘價值亦可能有異於估計剩餘價 值。定期檢討可使折舊年期及剩餘價值 以至將來之折舊開支有所分別。

物業、廠房及設備、租賃土地與土 (b) 地使用權之估計減值

物業、廠房及設備、租賃土地與土地使 用權,乃於有事件或情況變動顯示其賬 面值可能不能收回時作減值檢討。可收 回金額乃按其使用價值或市場價值釐定。 此等計算及估值須運用判斷及估計。

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

(b) Impairment of property, plant and equipment, leasehold land and land use rights (Continued) Management judgement is required in the area of asset impairment particularly in assessing: (i) whether an event has occurred that may indicate that the related asset values may not be recoverable; (ii) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell or net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset in the business; and (iii) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in preparing cash flow projections including whether these cash flow projections are discounted using an appropriate rate. Changing the assumptions selected by management in assessing impairment, including the discount rates or the growth rate assumptions in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test and as a result affect the Group's financial condition and results of operations. If there is a significant adverse change in the projected performance and resulting future cash flow projections, it may be necessary to take an impairment charge to the income statement.

(c) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and variable selling expenses. These estimates are based on current market conditions and the historical experience of manufacturing and selling products of a similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer taste and competitor actions in response to industry cycles. Management reassesses these estimates at each balance sheet date.

(d) Trade receivables

The Group's management determines the provision for impairment of trade receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of the receivables. This assessment is based on the credit history of its customers and other debtors and current market conditions, and requires the use of judgements and estimates. Management reassesses the provision at each balance sheet date.

4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

財務報表附註

(b) 物業、廠房及設備、租賃土地與土 地使用權之估計減值(續)

> 於評估是否有資產減值時,以下情況尤 其需要管理層運用判斷:(j)是否發生一 宗事件顯示有關資產價值可能未能收回; (ii)資產之賬面值是否高於其可收回價值, 即資產之公平值減銷售成本與根據於營 運中持續使用該資產而估算之未來現金 流之淨現值之較高者;及(iii)於準備現金 流預測時所應用之合適假設包括該等現 金流預測是否已採用合適利率貼現。於 評估減值是否存在期間若改變管理層採 納之假設,包括貼現利率或現金流預算 增長率,可能對減值測試中使用之淨現 值造成重大影響並因此影響集團之財務 狀況及營運表現。假若預測表現及其相 關未來現金流預測有重大不利改變時, 可能需要於收益表計量減值費用。

- (c) 存貨可變現淨值 存貨可變現淨值指日常業務估計售價扣 除估計完工成本及出售開支。有關估計 根據現行市況及過往製造及出售類似產 品之經驗而作出。相關估計可能因客戶 口味及競爭對手對抗行業激烈競爭所採 取措施而出現重大變動。管理層於各結 算日重新評估此等估計。
- (d) 貿易應收賬款 本集團管理層根據貿易應收賬款之估計 可收回程度就該等應收款計提撥備。該 等評估乃根據客戶及其他債權人過往信 貸狀況以及目前市場狀況,同時需要作 出判斷及估計。管理層於各結算日重新 評估撥備。

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

(e) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in several jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made. Deferred income tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers it is likely that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. When the expectations are different from the original estimates, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred income tax assets and income tax charges in the period in which such estimates are changed.

5 Segment information

Revenue is analysed as follows: (a)

重大會計估計及判斷(續) 4

財務報表附註

所得税 (e) 本集團須繳納若干司法權區税項。需要 對世界各地提供的所得税撥備作出重大 的判斷。於日常業務過程中有頗多未能 確定最終税項之交易及計算。本集團按 是否須繳納額外税項而確認預計税務審 核事宜的負債。倘該等事宜之最終税務 結果與初步記錄之金額不同,有關差異 將影響作出釐定之期間內之所得税及遞 延税撥備。倘管理層認為未來應課税溢 利可用作對銷暫時性差異或税項虧損可 予動用時,則會確認與若干暫時性差異 有關之遞延税資產及税項虧損。倘預期 結果與原先之估算不同,有關差異會對 有關估算出現變動之期間內遞延税資產 及所得税開支之確認構成影響。

分部資料 5

收入之分析如下: (a)

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Sales of packaging materials, labels, paper products and environmentally friendly products	銷售包裝物料、標籤、 紙類製品及 環保產品	1,158,913	1,116,374
Others	其他	11,704	11,647

(b) Primary reporting format — business segment

The Company is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the printing and manufacturing of packaging materials, labels, paper products, and environmentally friendly products. No business segment information is provided as substantially all of the assets, sales and contribution to the Group's results are attributable to the printing and manufacturing of packaging materials, labels, paper products and environmentally friendly products.

主要分部報告 — 業務分部 (b) 本公司乃一投資控股公司。其附屬公司 主要從事印刷及製造包裝材料、標籤、 紙類製品及環保產品。由於本集團之總 資產,銷售及業績均大部份歸屬於印刷 及製造包裝材料、標籤、紙類製品及環 保產品,所以並無呈列按業務分類資料。

1,170,617

1,128,021

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 Segment information (Continued)

(c) Secondary reporting format — geographical segments

The Group primarily operates in Hong Kong, the PRC and Singapore.

An analysis of the Group's revenue and profit for the year attributable to the equity holders of the Company is as follows:

5 分部資料(續)

財務報表附註

(c) 從屬分部報告——地區分部

本集團主要於香港、中國及新加坡經營 業務。

本集團按地區劃分之收入及本公司權益 持有人年內應佔溢利之分析如下:

		Revenue Profit for the ye 收入 年內應佔溢利		,	
				2008	2007
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
— Hong Kong and the PRC	一香港及中國	501,670	488,078	22,854	9,981
— South East Asia	一東南亞	140,462	142,799	9,522	12,754
— U.S.A.	一美國	325,892	339,482	7,450	6,101
— Europe	— 歐洲	154,702	115,353	2,645	2,724
— Others	一其他	47,891	42,309	1,643	981
	_	1,170,617	1,128,021	44,114	32,541
Revenue by geographical lo	ocation is determined by the		以地區劃分之	收入,乃根據	商品付運之

destination of shipments/deliveries of merchandise.

An analysis of the total assets and capital expenditure by geographical segment is as follows:

按地區劃分的總資產及資本開支之分析

目的地而決定。

如下:

		Total assets 總資產		nditure 支
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
— Hong Kong and the PRC — 香港及中國	900,796	813,489	66,527	72,303
— Singapore — 新加坡	103,195	85,324	1,408	1,686
	1,003,991	898,813	67,935	73,989

Total assets and capital expenditure are allocated based on where the assets are located. 總資產及資本開支按資產所在地劃分。

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Other gains — net 6

6 其他收益一淨額

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Net exchange gains	滙兑收益淨額	2,750	414
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之		
equipment	虧損淨額	(1,110)	(21)
Gain on disposal of other non-current assets	出售其他非流動資產的收益	319	_
Others	其他	23	
		1,982	393

7 Expenses by nature

按性質劃分之開支 7

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Raw materials and consumables used	原材料及消耗品使用	619,276	581,327
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work	製成品及在製品存貨變更		
in progress		(981)	1,357
Sub-contracting charges	加工費用	19,287	40,302
Repairs and maintenance	維修保養	13,090	11,609
Freight and transportation	運輸費用	36,931	36,054
Employment costs (including directors' emoluments)	員工成本(包括董事酬金)		
(Note 9)	(附註9)	239,719	223,817
Operating lease rentals of premises charged by	租用物業經營契約之		
	租金支付予		
— third parties	一第三者	9,696	12,255
- related parties (Note 32)	一關連人士(附註32)	58	58
Provision for impairment of receivables	應收賬款減值撥備	3,223	19,280
Write-down of inventories	存貨減值	2,720	2,344
Amortisation of leasehold land and land use rights	租賃土地及土地使用權攤銷	695	487
Depreciation of other property, plant and equipment	其他物業、廠房及設備之折舊		
— owned assets	一自置資產	60,944	54,880
— assets held under finance	一以財務契約持有之資產		
leases		959	2,580
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	2,062	1,674
Other expenses	其他開支	92,503	81,461
		1,100,182	1,069,485

8 Finance costs — net

8 融資成本 — 淨額

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Interest expense on bank loans wholly repayable within five years	須於五年內全數償還之 貸款利息	16,277	17,912
	無須於五年內全數償還之		
within five years	貸款利息	23	5
Interest element of finance leases	財務契約之利息	223	534
Interest income from bank deposits	銀行存款利息收入	(1,247)	(1,147)
		15.276	17.304

9 Employment costs (including directors' emoluments)

9 員工成本(包括董事酬金)

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Salaries, wages and allowances	薪金、工資及津貼	210,645	196,571
Discretionary bonus	自由決定之花紅	8,271	8,973
Pension costs — defined contribution plans	退休成本 — 界定供款計劃	10,049	10,570
Provision for long service payments	長期服務金之撥備	1,700	_
Share-based payments	股份支付酬金	410	161
Other welfare and benefits	員工其他福利	8,644	7,542
		239,719	223,817

The Group has arranged for its Hong Kong employees to join the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme"), which is a defined contribution scheme managed by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, each of the Group (the employer) and its employees make monthly contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' earnings as defined under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund legislation. The monthly contributions of each of the employer and the employee are subject to a cap of HK\$1,000 and thereafter contributions are voluntary. 本集團已為香港員工參加強制性公積金計劃 (「強積金計劃」),該計劃為界定供款並由獨立 信託人管理,根據強積金計劃,本集團(僱主) 及其僱員每月供款為僱員有關入息(按強制性 公積金計劃條例之定義)之5%。而本集團及僱 員供款每月之上限均各為1,000港元,超過上限 的供款均為自願性供款。

9 Employment costs (including directors' emoluments) (Continued)

As stipulated by rules and regulations in the PRC, Group companies operating in the PRC contribute to state-sponsored retirement plans for their employees. The employees contribute approximately 8% to 11% of their basic salaries, while the group companies contribute approximately 11% to 32% of the basic salaries of their employees and have no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or post-retirement benefits beyond the annual contributions. The state-sponsored retirement plans are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees.

As stipulated by rules and regulations in Singapore, the Group company operating in Singapore contributes to the Singapore Central Provident Fund, a statutory pension scheme. During the period from April 2007 to June 2007, the group company and its employees contribute 20% and 13% of the basic salaries of the employees, respectively. With effect from 1st July, 2007, due to the changes in regulations in Singapore, the employees contribute at a rate ranging from approximately 5% to 20% of their wages, while the group companies contribute at a rate ranging from approximately 5% to 14.5% of the wages of their employees. The employer's and employees' contributions are subject to a cap of monthly earnings of SGD4,500 (equivalent to approximately HK\$24,000).

9 員工成本(包括董事酬金)(續)

財務報表附註

根據中國法規,本集團於中國有業務之公司為 其僱員設立一個界定供款並由國家資助的退休 金計劃,員工之供款額約為基本薪金之8%至 11%,而本集團公司之供款額約為該僱員基本 薪金之11%至32%,而除年度供款外,該公司 就實際的退休金付款或退休後福利而言,並不 負任何責任。該個由國家資助的退休金計劃承 擔對退休僱員的所有退休金責任。

根據新加坡法規,本集團於新加坡有業務之分 公司需供款至一個名為中央公積金的法定退休 金計劃。二零零七年四月至二零零七年六月期 間,集團公司及其僱員之供款額分別為該僱員 基本薪金之20%及13%。由二零零七年七月一 日起,由於新加坡修訂法例,僱員供款額按薪 金之約5%至20%,而集團公司之供款額按僱員 薪金之約5%至14.5%。僱主及僱員須供款之上 限為每月收入4,500新加坡元(相等於約24,000 港元)。

10 Directors' and senior executives' emoluments

(a) Directors' emoluments

The remuneration of each director of the Company for the years ended 31st March, 2008 and 2007 is set out below:

10 董事及高級行政人員酬金

(a) 董事酬金 二零零八年及二零零七年三月三十一日 止年度各董事之酬金詳情如下:

Name of Director	董事姓名	Fees 袍金 HK\$′000 千港元	Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼 HK\$'000 千港元	Discretionary bonuses 自由決定 之花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	Pension costs-defined contribution plans 退休成本一 界定供款計劃 HK\$'000 千港元	Share-based payments 股份支付 酬金 HK\$ ⁷ 000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Mr. Lam Kwong Yu Ms. Yeung Chui Mr. Tai Tzu Shi, Angus Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles Mr. Lim Pheck Wan, Richard (Note(i))	林光如先生 楊翠女士 戴祖韲先生 張志成先生 林必旺先生 (附註(i))	138 88 88 88 45	2,940 2,908 1,104 1,398 1,116	248 201 94 126 100	66 60 29 37	81 65 27 27 27	3,473 3,322 1,342 1,676 1,288
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事						
Mr. Christopher James Williams (Note(ii)) Independent Non-Executive Directors	Christopher James Williams先生 (附註(ii)) 獨立非執行董事	174	_	_	_	_	174
Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael	陳裕光先生	260	_	_	_	_	260
Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry, BBS, JP Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny	郭琳廣 <i>,</i> <i>BBS,太平紳士</i> 譚競正先生 —	150 150					150 150
	_	1,181	9,466	769	192	227	11,835
Notes: (i) Appointed on 2	8th September, 2007			附註: (i)	於二零零七年九,	月二十八日委任	
(ii) Retired on 28th	August, 2007			(ii)	於二零零七年八,	月二十八日退任	

10 Directors' and senior executives' emoluments (Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

10 董事及高級行政人員酬金(續)

(a) 董事酬金(續)

					Pension costs-defined		
			Salaries and	Discretionary bonuses	costs-defined contribution plans	Share-based payments	
		Fees	allowances	自由決定	退休成本—	股份支付	Total
Name of Director	董事姓名	袍金	薪金及津貼	之花紅	界定供款計劃	酬金	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Mr. Lam Kwong Yu	林光如先生	138	2,940	70	66	32	3,246
Ms. Yeung Chui	楊翠女士	88	2,924	62	51	25	3,150
Mr. Tai Tzu Shi, Angus	戴祖璽先生	88	1,104	45	29	11	1,277
Mr. Cheung Chi Shing, Charles	張志成先生	88	1,398	59	37	11	1,593
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事						
Mr. Christopher James Williams	Christopher James						
	Williams先生	260	_	_	_	_	260
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Chan Yue Kwong, Michael	陳裕光先生	260	_	_	_	_	260
Mr. Kwok Lam-Kwong, Larry,	郭琳廣,						
BBS, JP	BBS,太平紳士	150	_	_	—	—	150
Mr. Tam King Ching, Kenny	譚競正先生	150					150
		1,222	8,366	236	183	79	10,086

The share-based payments represent charges to the income statement of the fair value of the share options under the share option scheme measured at the respective grant dates, regardless of whether the share options are or will be exercised or not.

無論購股權是否將會被行使,股份支付 酬金為購股權根據購股權計劃,按不同 授出日期以公平值於收益表中列作開支。

No director waived any emolument during the year ended 31st March, 2008 (2007: Nil).

二零零八年三月三十一日止年度內概無 董事免收任何酬金(二零零七年:無)。

10 Directors' and senior executives' emoluments (Continued)

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group include all (2007: four) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments paid/payable to the remaining individual were as follows:

10 董事及高級行政人員酬金(續)

(b) 五位最高薪人士

財務報表附註

五位最高薪人士中,全部(二零零七年: 四位)均為本公司董事,其酬金已載於上 述的分析中。已付/應付酬金給餘下人 士如下:

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Basic salaries and allowances	基本薪金及津貼	_	1,112
Discretionary bonuses	自由決定之花紅	_	45
Share-based payment	股份支付酬金		11
		_	1,168

(c) During the year ended 31st March, 2008, no emoluments were paid by the Company to any of the directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2007: Nil).

11 Income tax expense

The Company is exempted from taxation in Bermuda until 2016. The Company's subsidiaries established in the British Virgin Islands are incorporated under the International Business Companies Acts of the British Virgin Islands and, accordingly, are exempted from British Virgin Islands income taxes.

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 17.5% (2007: 17.5%) on the estimated assessable profit arising in or derived from Hong Kong.

Subsidiaries established and operated in the PRC are subject to the PRC Enterprise Income Tax at rates ranging from 15% to 27% during the year (2007: 15% to 27%). In accordance with the applicable law and regulations, the Group's subsidiaries established in the PRC as wholly foreign owned enterprises or contractual joint ventures are entitled to full exemption from Enterprise Income Tax for the first two years and a 50% reduction in Enterprise Income Tax for the next three years, commencing from the first profitable year or 1st January, 2008, whichever is earlier, after offsetting unexpired tax losses carried forward from previous years. (c) 於二零零八年三月三十一日止年度內, 概無向任何董事或最高薪之五位人士支 付酬金作為邀請其加入本集團之獎金或 作為其失去職位之賠償(二零零七年: 無)。

11 所得税開支

本公司獲豁免繳納百慕達税項,直至二零一六 年為止。本公司於英屬維爾京群島成立的各附 屬公司乃根據英屬維爾京群島國際業務公司法 註冊成立,因此,獲豁免繳納英屬維爾京群島 所得税。

香 港 利 得 税 以 税 率17.5%(二 零 零 七 年: 17.5%)按香港經營業務之估計應課税溢利計 算撥備。

在中國成立及經營之附屬公司於本年度須按 15%至27%(二零零七年:15%至27%)税率繳 納中國內地企業所得税。根據有關税法規定, 關於該等本集團在中國成立的附屬公司為外商 獨資企業或中外合資企業,由經抵銷過往年度 所有未到期承前税務虧損後的首個獲利年度或 二零零八年一月一日起計(以較先者為準),首 兩年可獲豁免繳付企業所得税,而其後三年則 獲半免。

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11 Income tax expense (Continued)

On 16th March, 2007, the National People's Congress approved the Corporate Income Tax Law of the People's Republic of China (the "new CIT Law"). For foreign invested enterprises established in the PRC which are subject to income tax rate lower than 25% in 2007, their corporate income tax rate will be changed to 18%, 20%, 22% and 24% in 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011 respectively. 25% standard rate will apply from year 2012 onwards. For enterprises which are subject to tax rate higher than 25%, 25% standard rate will apply in 2008 onwards. The new CIT Law has provided grandfathering treatments to foreign investment enterprise established before 16th March, 2007, which allows unused tax holidays to be carried forward to 2008 and after until expiry. The gradual increase of the tax rate from 15% to 25% will overlay with any unused holidays. All entities are required to start utilisation of tax holiday in year 2008.

The subsidiary established in Singapore is subject to Singapore Corporate Income Tax at a rate of 18% (2007: 18%).

The amount of taxation charged to the consolidated income statement represents:

11 所得税開支(續)

於二零零七年三月十六日,全國人民代表大會 通過中華人民共和國企業所得税法(「新企業所 得税法」)。於二零零七年時享有低於25%企業 所得税率繳納税款之中國成立外商投資企業, 於二零零八年、二零零九年、二零一零年及二 零一一年其企業所得税率分別更改為18%、 20%、22%及24%,並將由二零一二年起統一 税率為25%。企業應繳利得税率若高於25%, 於二零零八年期後之標準税率為25%。新企業 所得税法,提供税務優惠予所有在二零零七年 三月十六日之前成立之外商投資企業,在二零 零八年將繼續享有税務減免期直至期滿為止。 另外税率將會由15%按年增加至25%並繼續享 受優惠税率。所有企業必須在二零零八年內開 始使用税務減免。

於新加坡成立之附屬公司按新加坡利得税税率 18%(二零零七年:18%)繳納新加坡企業所得 税。

於綜合收益表中扣除的税項包括:

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Current income tax expense	即期所得税開支		
— Hong Kong profits tax	- 香港利得税	9,698	5,724
— PRC Enterprise Income Tax	一中國企業所得税	1,226	2,949
— Singapore Corporate Income Tax	一新加坡企業所得税	3,130	3,055
		14,054	11,728
Deferred income tax (Note 24)	遞延所得税(附註24)	(1,027)	(2,644)
		13,027	9,084

11 Income tax expense (Continued)

11 所得税開支(續)

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to profits of the group companies as follows: 按本集團之除税前溢利計算之税項與採用本集 團公司所在國家之加權平均税率計算之理論金 額有所差異,其對賬如下:

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Profit before income tax	除税前溢利	57,141	41,625
Tax calculated at domestic tax rate applicable to profits in the respective countries/jurisdictions Income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible for tax Deferred tax assets not recognised Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets	按所在國家/地區之適用利得税率 計算之所得税 無須課税收入 不可扣税支出 未確認之遞延所得税資產 使用以往未確認之 遞延所得税資產	12,286 (290) 7,402 183 (6,554)	6,693 (152) 2,578 675 (710)
Tax charge	扣除之税項	13,027	9,084

The weighted average applicable tax rate was 22% (2007: 16%). The increase is caused by the change in the profitability, increase in tax rate in the PRC and the expiry of tax holiday in the Group's subsidiaries.

採用之加權平均税率為22%(二零零七年: 16%),此增加是由於溢利轉變,中國之税率 增加及本集團附屬公司享有的税務優惠完結。

12 Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company

Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of approximately HK\$36,369,000 (2007: HK\$Nil).

12 本公司權益持有人應佔溢利

本公司權益持有人應佔溢利已包括本公司賬目 內處理之溢利為約36,369,000港元(二零零七 年:無)。

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13 Earnings per share

Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the Group's profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

13 每股盈利

基本

每股基本盈利乃按年內本公司權益持有人應佔 溢利除已發行普通股加權平均數計算。

		2008	2007
Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company (HK\$'000)	本公司權益持有人應佔溢利 (千港元)	44,114	32,541
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	已發行普通股加權平均數(千股)	429,505	429,476
13500 (000)		425,505	42,9,970
Basic earnings per share (HK cents)	每股基本盈利(港仙)	10.27	7.58

Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding assuming conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. Shares issuable under the employee share option scheme are the only dilutive potential ordinary shares. A calculation is made in order to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average daily market share price of the Company's shares) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to the outstanding share options. The number of shares that would have been is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the share options.

攤薄

每股攤薄盈利乃就假設所有具有攤薄潛力普通 股獲轉換調整已發行普通股加權平均數計算。 根據購股權計劃可予發行之股份為唯一造成攤 薄效應之潛在普通股。計算方法乃按尚未行使 購股權所附帶認購權之貨幣價值,可按公平值 (按本公司股份平均每日市價釐定)收購之股份 數目。上述計算之股份數目會與假設行使購股 權而應已發行之股份數目比較。

2008

2007

Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company (HK\$'000)	本公司權益持有人應佔溢利 (千港元)	44,114	32,541
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in	已發行普通股加權平均數(千股)	100 -0-	100 170
issue ('000) Adjustments for share options ('000)	購股權之調整(千股)	429,505	429,476 40
Adjustments for share options (000)	<i>開加推之詞 </i>	556	40
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for	計算每股攤薄盈利所用普通股加		
diluted earnings per share ('000)	權平均數(千股)	430,061	429,516
Diluted earnings per share (HK cents)	每股攤薄盈利(港仙)	10.26	7.58

14 Dividends

14 股息

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Interim dividend — HK\$0.015 (2007: HK\$0.015) per share	中期股息 — 每股港幣1.5仙 (二零零七年:每股港幣1.5仙)	6,442	6,442
Proposed final dividend — HK\$0.015 (2007: HK\$0.015) per share	擬派末期股息 — 每股港幣1.5仙 (二零零七年:每股港幣1.5仙)	7,745	6,442
	-	14,187	12,884

At a meeting held on 18th July, 2008, the directors proposed a final dividend of HK1.5 cents per share, amounting to a total dividend of approximately HK7,745,000, to be approved by the Company's equity holders at the Company's upcoming Annual General Meeting. This proposed final dividend has not been reflected as a dividend payable in these consolidated financial statements as at 31st March, 2008, but has been reflected as an appropriation of distributable reserves during the year ended 31st March, 2008.

於二零零八年七月十八日召開董事會中,董事 建議派發末期股息,每股港幣1.5仙,股息總額 約7,745,000港元,將於應屆股東週年大會提呈 本公司權益持有人審批,此等擬派末期股息於 截至二零零八年三月三十一日之綜合財務報表 並無反映為應付股息,但將會列作截至二零零 八年三月三十一日止年度可分派儲備之分配。

The amount of proposed final dividend for 2008 was based on 516,355,186 shares in issue as at 18th July, 2008.

二零零八年擬派末期股息是根據二零零八年七 月十八日當日已發行股本516,355,186 股計算。

15 Leasehold land and land use rights

15 租賃土地及土地使用權

The Group's interests in leasehold land and land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments and their net book amounts are analysed as follows: 本集團於租賃土地及土地使用權的權益指預付 經營租賃款項及其賬面淨值,分析如下:

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
In Hong Kong held on: Leases of between 10 to 50 years	於香港持有: 介乎10至50年之租約	3,283	3,370
In PRC held on: Land use rights of between 10 to 50 years	於中國持有: 介乎10年至50年之土地使用權	27,256	24,974
		30,539	28,344
		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Beginning of the year Additions Amortisation Translation adjustments	年 初 増加 難 銷 滙 兑 調 整	28,344 712 (695) 2,178	26,413 1,519 (487) 899
End of the year	年終	30,539	28,344

Amortisation expense recognised in the consolidated income statement is analysed as follows:

於綜合收益表中確認之攤銷開支,分析如下:

2008

HK\$'000

千港元

2007

HK\$'000

千港元

Cost of sales	銷售成本	96	88
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政開支	599	399
		695	487

At 31st March, 2008, leasehold land with a total net book amount of approximately HK\$2,053,000 (2007: HK\$2,110,000) was pledged as collateral for the Group's banking facilities (Note 31).

於二零零八年三月三十一日賬面淨值約 2,053,000港元(二零零七年:2,110,000港元)之 租賃土地用作本集團銀行信貸額之附屬抵押(附 註31)。

16 Property, plant and equipment

16 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings 樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and machinery 機器 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and equipment 傢俬及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Construction in progress 在建工程 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元
At 1st April, 2006 Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零零六年四月一日 成本 累計折舊	118,271 (16,023)	519,471 (277,598)	49,063 (31,551)	12,939 (9,416)	53,748	753,492 (334,588)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	102,248	241,873	17,512	3,523	53,748	418,904
Year ended 31st March, 2007 Opening net book amount Additions Depreciation Disposals Transfers Translation adjustments	截至二零零七年 三月三十一日止年度 年初賬面淨值 添置 折舊 出售 轉至 滙兑調整	102,248 7,884 (4,051) 28,155 3,389	241,873 38,164 (46,856) (1) 47,172 7,537	17,512 2,167 (5,138) (2) — 469	3,523 1,644 (1,415) (168) — 149	53,748 24,130 	418,904 73,989 (57,460) (171) 12,755
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	137,625	287,889	15,008	3,733	3,762	448,017
At 31st March, 2007 Cost Accumulated depreciation Net book amount	於二零零七年三月三十一日 成本 累計折舊 賬面淨值	158,030 (20,405) 137,625	617,206 (329,317) 287,889	52,024 (37,016) 15,008	14,115 (10,382) 3,733	3,762 3,762	845,137 (397,120) 448,017
Year ended 31st March, 2008	截至二零零八年 三月三十一日止年度						
Opening net book amount Additions Depreciation Disposals Transfers Translation adjustments	 - / 二 - 」 」 」 上 + 反 年初賬面淨值 添置 折舊 出售 轉至 滙兑調整 	137,625 342 (5,928) 4,458 9,004	287,889 58,782 (49,337) (1,411) 38 16,989	15,008 2,673 (5,264) 851	3,733 1,134 (1,374) — 99	3,762 5,004 	448,017 67,935 (61,903) (1,411) 27,362
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	145,501	312,950	13,268	3,592	4,689	480,000
At 31st March, 2008 Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零零八年三月三十一日 成本 累計折舊	172,932 (27,431)	700,923 (387,973)	56,536 (43,268)	15,553 (11,961)	4,689	950,633 (470,633)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	145,501	312,950	13,268	3,592	4,689	480,000

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16 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

income statement is analysed as follows:

(a)

Depreciation expense recognised in the consolidated

16 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(a) 於綜合收益表中確認之折舊開支,分析 如下:

				2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
	Cost of sales	銷售成本	# m	56,289	52,442
	Selling and distribution costs	銷售及分銷		533	392
	General and administrative expenses	一般及行政	開支	5,081	4,626
				61,903	57,460
(b)	Construction in progress mainly represents f and office buildings and plant and machiner construction in the PRC.		(b)	在建工程主要指在中國興建 辦公室樓宇及機器。	建中的廠房及
(c)	At 31st March, 2008, buildings with a to book value of approximately HK\$2,545,000 HK\$2,554,000) were pledged as collateral Group's banking facilities (Note 31).	(2007:	(c)	於二零零八年三月三十一日 約2,545,000港元(二零零七年 港元)之樓宇用作本集團銀 附屬抵押(附註31)。	₣:2,554,000
(d)	Finance leases		(d)	財務契約	

Certain machineries are held under finance leases. Details of these assets are: d) 財務契約 若干機器乃按財務契約持有。有關資產 之詳情如下:

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	成本 減:累計折舊	10,223 (3,067)	26,119 (9,140)
Net book value	賬面淨值	7,156	16,979
Depreciation for the year	本年度折舊	959	2,580

17 Investments in and balances with subsidiaries — Company

17 於附屬公司之投資及餘額 一本公司

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Investment in unlisted shares, at cost Amounts due from subsidiaries	非上市股份,成本 應收附屬公司款項	91,449 	91,449 165,696
		289,805	257,145
Less: Accumulated impairment losses	減:累計減值撥備	(9,253)	(12,622)
		280,552	244,523

The amounts due from subsidiaries represent equity funding by the Company to the respective subsidiaries and are measured in accordance with the Company's accounting policy for investment in subsidiaries. The amount due from subsidiaries are unsecured and interest free.

The amounts due to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and will not be repayable within one year.

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 31st March, 2008 were:

應收附屬公司款項乃本公司向有關附屬公司作 出之股本資金並按本公司於附屬公司投資之會 計政策計算。應收附屬公司款項乃無抵押及不 計息。

應付附屬公司款項乃無抵押,不計息及無須於 一年內償還。

於二零零八年三月三十一日,主要附屬公司資 料如下:

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立及營業地點	Issued and fully paid capital 已發行及繳足股本	Percentage o interest h 所佔股權已 Directly l 直接	neld	Principal activities 主要業務
Starlite International (Holdings) Ltd.	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$2 2美元	100%	_	Investment holding 投資控股
Starlite Printers Holdings Cook Islands Limited	Cook Islands 科克群島	US\$200 200美元	100%	_	Investment holding 投資控股
Starlite Printers (Far East) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore 新加坡	S\$8,759,396 8,759,396 新加坡元	100%	_	Printing of packaging materials and production of paper products 包裝材料印刷及紙品 生產
Everfar Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$20,000 20,000美元	50%	50%	Investment holding 投資控股

17 Investments in and balances with subsidiaries— Company (Continued)

17 於附屬公司之投資及餘額一本公司(續)

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立及營業地點	Issued and fully paid capital 已發行及繳足股本	Percentage of o interest he 所佔股權百分 Directly In 直接	ld 分比	Principal activities 主要業務
Starlite Visual Communication Limited 星光視覺媒體有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2,000,000 2,000,000港元	_	100%	Inactive 伺機作業
Star Union Limited 星盟有限公司	Hong Kong /the PRC 香港/中國	HK\$2 2港元	_	100%	Property holding 持有物業
Starlite Consumer Products, Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	_	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Starlite Entertainment (Holdings) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	_	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Starlite International Development Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/ 香港	US\$1 1美元	_	100%	Procurement agency 採購代理服務
Starlite International Marketing Services Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/ 香港	US\$1 1美元	_	100%	Procurement agency 採購代理服務
Starlite Laser Graphics Limited 星華鐳射分色有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$3,230,000 ordinary 3,230,000港元 普通股份 HK\$170,000 non-voting deferred (ii) 170,000港元 無投票權遞延 股份(ii)	_	100%	Provision of design and colour separation services 提供設計及分色服務
Starlite Management Services Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$200 200港元	_	100%	Provision of management services 提供管理服務

17 Investments in and balances with subsidiaries— Company (Continued)

17 於附屬公司之投資及餘額一本公司(續)

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立及營業地點	Issued and fully paid capital 已發行及繳足股本	Percentage interes 所佔股權 Directly 直接	t held	Principal activities 主要業務
Starlite Packaging Technology Consultancy Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	_	100%	Holding of trade and service marks 持有貿易及服務商標
Starlite Development International Limited (Formerly Starlite Development (China) Limited) 星光發展國際有限公司 (前稱星光發展(中國) 有限公司)	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$200 200港元	_	100%	Trading of paper products 紙類製品貿易
Starlite Paper Products Limited 星輝紙品有限公司	Hong Kong /the PRC 香港/中國	HK\$1,738,000 ordinary 1,738,000港元 普通股股份 HK\$262,000 non-voting deferred (ii) 262,000港元 無投票權遞延 股份(ii)	_	100%	Production of paper products 紙品生產
Starlite Printers Limited 星光印刷有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2,700,000 ordinary 2,700,000港元 普通股股份 HK\$2,300,000 non-voting deferred (ii) 2,300,000港元 無投票權遞延 股份(ii)	_		Printing and trading of packaging materials 包裝材料印刷及貿易
Starlite Printers HK Holdings (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	—	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Starlite Printers (China) Limited 星光印刷 (中國)有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$100 100美元	—	100%	Investment holding 投資控股

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17 Investments in and balances with subsidiaries — Company (Continued)

17 於附屬公司之投資及餘額 一本公司(續)

財務報表附註

company (continued)					
Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立及營業地點	Issued and fully paid capital 已發行及繳足股本	Percentage of equity interest held 所佔股權百分比 Directly Indirectly 直接 間接	Principal activities 主要業務	
Starlite Printers (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. (i) 星光印刷 (深圳)有限公司 (i)	The PRC 中國	US\$8,000,000 8,000,000美元	— 100%	Printing of packaging materials and production of paper products 包裝材料印刷及 紙品生產	
Starlite Printers (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. (i) 星光印刷 (蘇州)有限公司 (i)	The PRC 中國	US\$18,044,489 18,044,489美元	— 100%	Printing of packaging materials and production of paper products 包裝材料印刷及 紙品生產	
Starlite Productions (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$256,420 256,420美元	— 100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Starlite Productions (Holdings) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	— 100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Guangzhou Starlite Environmental Friendly Center, Limited (i) 廣州星光環保中心有限公司(i)	The PRC 中國	US\$6,000,000 6,000,000美元	— 100%	Production of environmentally friendly and other paper products 生產環保及其他紙類 產品	
Greenworks International Limited 綠色工程國際有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	— 100%	Investment holding and trading of environmentally friendly and other paper products 投資控股及環保及其 他紙類產品貿易	
Shaoguan Fortune Creative Industries Company Limited. (i) 韶關科藝創意工業有限公司 (i)	The PRC 中國	US\$6,000,000 6,000,000美元	— 100%	Printing of packaging materials and production of paper products 包裝材料印刷及 紙品生產	
Starlite Enterprises (Shanghai)	The PRC	RMB7,000,000	- 100%	Inactive	
Inc. (i)	中國	7,000,000人民幣	10070	伺機作業	
港星商貿(上海)有限公司(i)	. —	,,			

Investments in and balances with subsidiaries 1

— Company (Continued)

Notes

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- (i) Except for Guangzhou Starlite Environmental Friendly Center, Limited, all these subsidiaries are incorporated in the PRC and are wholly foreign owned companies to be operated for 50 years up to 2042. Guangzhou Starlite Environmental Friendly Center, Limited is a contractual joint venture established in the PRC to be operated for 50 years up to 2044. Under the joint venture agreement, the joint venture partner is entitled to a predetermined fee and is not entitled to share any profit or required to bear any loss of the joint venture.
- (ii) The non-voting deferred shares are not owned by the Group. These shares have no voting rights, are not entitled to dividends unless the net profit of the relevant company exceeds HK\$50,000,000,000 and are not entitled to any distributions upon winding up unless a sum of HK\$50,000,000,000 has been distributed by the relevant company to the holders of its ordinary shares.

None of the subsidiaries had any loan capital in issue at any time during the year ended 31st March, 2008.

18 Inventories

17 於附屬公司之投資及餘額

一本公司(續)

附註:

財務報表附註

- (i) 除廣州星光環保中心有限公司外,在中國成立之全部 附屬公司均為外資全資擁有,經營年期為五十年,直 至二零四二年止。廣州星光環保中心有限公司乃在中 國成立之合作經營企業,經營年期五十年,直至二零 四四年為止。根據合營協議,合營夥伴可獲得一筆預 定費用之款項,惟無權分佔合營企業之任何盈利或負 擔任何虧損。
- (ii) 此等無投票權遞延股份並非由本集團擁有。此等股份 並無投票權,除非有關公司之純利超過50,000,000,000 港元,否則持有人無權享有股息:而有關公司清盤時, 亦無權享有任何分派,除非有關公司向普通股股東作 出之分派達到50,000,000,000港元。

所有附屬公司於截至二零零八年三月三十一日 止年度內任何時間均無已發行借貸資本。

18 存貨

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Raw materials	原材料	65,729	59,671
Work-in-progress	在製品	25,171	22,110
Finished goods	製成品	21,413	23,493

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in cost of sales amounted to approximately HK\$912,036,000 (2007: HK\$879,034,000).

During the ended 31st March, 2008, the Group recorded a write-down of inventories of approximately HK\$2,720,000 (2007: HK\$2,344,000), which was included in cost of sales.

As at 31st March, 2008, there were floating charges over inventories amounted to approximately HK\$61,821,000 (2007: HK\$49,391,000) to secure the trust receipts bank loan arrangements (Note 31).

存貨成本合共約912,036,000港元(二零零七年: 879,034,000港元)確認為開支並列入銷售成本 中。

112,313

105,274

於二零零八年三月三十一日止年度內,本集團錄得存貨減值撥備約2,720,000港元(二零零七年:2,344,000港元),此撥備已列入銷售成本中。

於二零零八年三月三十一日,賬面值約 61,821,000港元(二零零七年:49,391,000港元) 之存貨按信托收據銀行貸款安排作為抵押(附 註31)。

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19 Trade and bill receivables, prepayments and deposits

19 貿易應收賬款及票據[,]預付款項 及按金

		Group 集團		Comp 公言	,
		2008	2007	2008	2007
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	263,856	218,144	—	—
Less: provision for impairment of receivables	減:應收賬款減值撥備	(26,482)	(23,127)		
Trade receivables — net	貿易應收賬款一淨額	237,374	195,017	_	_
Bill receivables	應收票據	253			
Trade and bill receivables	貿易應收賬款及票據	237,627	195,017	_	_
Prepayments and deposits	預付款項及按金	12,489	13,575	656	702
		250,116	208,592	656	702

The carrying amounts of trade and bill receivables, prepayments and deposits approximate their fair values. 貿易應收賬款及票據,預付款項及按金的賬面 值約相等於其公平值。

The Group grants to its customers credit terms generally ranging from 30 to 120 days. The aging analysis of trade and bill receivables is as follows: 集團給予顧客信貸期限一般為30天至120天不 等。貿易應收賬款及票據之賬齡分析如下:

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
1 to 90 days	1至90天	202,100	168,780
91 to 180 days	91至180天	38,134	22,759
181 to 365 days	181至365天	1,201	22,583
Over 365 days	超過365天	22,674	4,022
		264,109	218,144
Less: Provision for impairment of receivables	減:應收賬款減值撥備	(26,482)	(23,127)
		237,627	195,017

19 Trade and bill receivables, prepayments and deposits (Continued)

As at 31st March, 2008, trade receivables of approximately HK\$167,366,000 (2007: HK\$143,890,000) were fully performing. Trade receivables of approximately HK\$96,490,000 (2007: HK\$74,254,000) have indication of impairment. Of which, a total of approximately HK\$26,482,000 (2007: HK\$23,127,000) provision has been made. The remaining of approximately HK\$70,008,000 (2007: HK\$51,127,000) were past due but not impaired. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The ageing analysis of these debtors is as follows:

19 貿易應收賬款及票據,預付款項 及按金(續)

財務報表附註

於二零零八年三月三十一日,貿易應收賬款 約167,366,000港元(二零零七年:143,890,000 港元)為全數獲得履行,貿易應收賬款約 96,490,000港元(二零零七年:74,254,000港元)出現減值的跡象,當中總額約26,482,000 港元(二零零七年:23,127,000港元)已作減值 撥備。餘下之約70,008,000港元(二零零七年: 51,127,000港元)已逾期但沒有減值,該等款項 涉及近期並無拖欠記錄之多名獨立客戶。此等 債務人之賬齡分析如下:

本集團之貿易應收賬款及票據以下列貨幣列值:

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
1 to 90 days 91 to 180 days	1至90天 91至180天	70,008	45,473 5,654
	5.2100/	70,008	51,127

The Group's trade and bill receivables were denominated in the following currencies:

2008 2007 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 Hong Kong Dollars 港元 50,514 59,043 United States Dollars 美元 136,026 113,705 Chinese Renminbi 人民幣 50,211 31,517 Singapore Dollars 新加坡元 16,366 12,979 10,992 Others 其他 900

Movements in the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

貿易應收賬款減值撥備之變動如下:

264,109

218,144

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
At 1st April Provision for receivable impairment Receivables written off during the year	於四月一日 應收賬款減值撥備 年內未能收回之應收	23,127 3,223	3,888 19,280
as uncollectible Unused amounts reversed Translation adjustment	賬款註銷 撥備回撥 滙兑調整		(79) — 38
At 31st March	於三月三十一日	26,482	23,127

19 Trade and bill receivables, prepayments and deposits (Continued)

The creation and release of provision for impairment of receivables have been included in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated income statement. The other classes within trade and bill receivables, prepayments and deposits do not contain impaired assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the fair value of each class of receivables mentioned above. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

19 貿易應收賬款及票據,預付款項 及按金(續)

貿易應收賬款減值撥備及回撥均已於綜合收益 表一般及行政開支中入賬,於貿易應收賬款及 票據,預付款項及按金中的其他類別並不包括 已減值資產。

於報告日上述每項應收款的最高信貸風險相等 於其公平值。本集團並未持有任何附屬抵押。

20 Cash and cash equivalents

20 現金及現金等值

財務報表附註

		Group 集團		Comp 公言	,
		2008 千港元	2007 千港元	2008 千港元	2007 千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
Cash at bank and in hand Short-term bank deposits	銀行存款及現金 短期銀行存款	97,911 27,721	89,627 17,416	473	280
		125,632	107,043	473	280
Maximum exposure to credit risk	最高信貸風險	123,807	106,109	473	267

As at 31st March, 2008, the effective interest rate on cash at bank, short-term bank deposits ranged from approximately 1.19% to 1.54% per annum (2007: 1.95% to 3.63% per annum). These short-term bank deposits have an average maturity of approximately 4.5 months (2007: 2 months).

於二零零八年三月三十一日銀行存款、短期銀 行存款之有效利率約年息1.19厘至1.54厘(二零 零七年:年息1.95厘至3.63厘),此等短期銀行 存款平均到期日約4.5個月(二零零七年:兩個 月)。

Cash and cash equivalents were denominated in the following currencies:

現金及現金等值乃按以下貨幣列值:

		Group 集團		Comp 公	,
		2008	2007	2008	2007
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong Dollars Chinese Renminbi United States Dollars Euro Singapore Dollars Others	港元 人民幣 美元 歐元 新加坡元 其他	24,950 25,420 31,156 698 40,208 3,200	24,293 15,365 42,207 1,745 23,086 347	473 	280
		125,632	107,043	473	280

20 Cash and cash equivalents (Continued)

The Group's cash and cash equivalents denominated in RMB are deposited with banks in the PRC. The conversion of these Chinese Renminbi denominated balances into foreign currencies and the remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to the foreign exchange control rules and regulations promulgated by the PRC Government.

Cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts include the following for purposes of the cash flow statements:

20 現金及現金等值(續)

本集團以人民幣列值之現金及現金等值均存放 於中國之銀行。將人民幣換算為外幣及滙出中 國須受中國政府所頒佈之外滙管制規則及規例 監管。

現金流量表中的現金,現金等值及銀行透支包括:

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Cash and cash equivalents Bank overdrafts (Note 21)	現金及現金等值 銀行透支(附註21)	125,632 (10,788)	107,043 (254)
		114,844	106,789

21 Borrowings

21 融資

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Non-current	非即期		
Long-term bank loans	長期銀行貸款	107,640	106,974
Current	即期		
Current portion of long-term bank loans	長期銀行貸款,即期部份	75,000	54,277
Short-term bank loans	短期銀行貸款	50,245	68,607
Trust receipts import bank loans	信託收據進口銀行貸款	61,821	49,391
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	10,788	254
	<u></u>	197,854	172,529
		305,494	279,503

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Borrowings (Continued)	21	融資(續)	
The borrowings are repayable as follows:		融資之到期日如下:	
		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Within 1 year	1年內	197,854	172,529
1 to 2 years	1至2年	61,292	54,279
2 to 5 years	2至5年	46,189	52,494
Over 5 years	超過5年	159	201
		305,494	279,503

The carrying amounts of bank borrowings were denominated in the following currencies:

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Hong Kong Dollars	港元	245,999	227,776
Chinese Renminbi	人民幣	50,610	45,914
United States Dollars	美元	8,885	5,687
Euro	歐元		126
		305,494	279,503

The effective interest rates (per annum) at the balance sheet date were as follows:

於結算日之有效年利率如下:

銀行借貸之賬面值乃按以下貨幣列值:

			2008		2007			
		HK\$ 港元	RMB 人民幣	US\$ 美元	HK\$ 港元	RMB 人民幣	US\$ 美元	Euro 歐元
Bank overdrafts Trust receipts import bank loans	銀行透支 信託收據進口	5.59%	_	_	7.75%	_	_	_
	銀行貸款	4.66%	_	4.64%	6.88%	_	7.60%	7.75%
Short-term bank loans	短期銀行貸款	_	7.15%	_	5.87%	5.86%	—	_
Long-term bank loans	長期銀行貸款	2.94%	7.05%		5.66%			_

The fair value of long-term bank loans was approximately HK\$185,228,000 as at 31st March, 2008 (2007: HK\$166,318,000). The fair value of long-term bank loans was determined by discounting the future cash flows at the current market interest rate available to the Group. Other than the long-term bank loans, the carrying amounts of other financial liabilities approximate their fair values as at 31st March, 2008.

Details of the banking facilities available to the Group and pledge of assets are disclosed in Note 31.

於二零零八年三月三十一日,長期銀行貸款 之公平值約為185,228,000港元(二零零七年: 166,318,000港元)。長期銀行貸款之公平值乃 根據本集團現時市場利率,將日後現金流量貼 現。於二零零八年三月三十一日,除長期銀行 貸款外,其他財務負債的賬面值約相等於其公 平值。

本集團銀行備用信貸額及資產抵押詳載於附註 31。

22 Finance lease obligations

22 財務契約債務

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
 Total minimum lease payments under finance leases — not exceeding one year — more than one year and not exceeding two years — more than two years and not exceeding five years 	財務契約最低總還款 — 不超過1年 — 超過1年但不超過2年 — 超過2年但不超過5年 _	2,559 813 	2,782 2,226 742
		3,372	5,750
Less: Future finance charges	減:未來財務費用	(121)	(327)
	-	3,251	5,423
		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Analysed as:	分析如下:		
 The present value of obligations under finance leases — not exceeding one year — more than one year and not exceeding two years — more than two years and not exceeding five years 	財務契約債務的現值 — 不超過1年 — 超過1年但不超過2年 — 超過2年但不超過5年 —	2,447 804 	2,565 2,124 734
		3,251	5,423
Loss Amounts noushle within one year included under	r 減:列入流動負債之1年內	(2,447)	(2,565)
current liabilities	須償還款額	(_ ,,)	(2/303)

following currencies:

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Hong Kong Dollars	港元	_	552
Singapore Dollars	新加坡元	3,251	4,871
		3,251	5,423

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22	Finance lease obligations (Continued)	22	財務契約債務(續		
	As at 31st March, 2008, the effective interest rate (per a	nnum)	於二零零八年三月三	十一日財務契	約債務之有
	of the finance leases obligations are as follows:		效年利率如下:		
				2008	2007
	Hong Kong Dollars	港元		_	5.81%
	Singapore Dollars	新加坡元		5.53%	5.83%

Trade and bill payables 23

The aging analysis of trade and bill payables is as follows:

23 貿易應付賬款及票據

貿易應付賬款及票據賬齡分析如下:

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
1 to 90 days	1至90天	121,305	124,209
91 to 180 days	91至180天	16,663	20,740
181 to 365 days	181至365天	2,073	8,038
Over 365 days	超過365天	1,365	1,224
		141,406	154,211

The Group's trade and bill payables were denominated in the 本集團之貿易應付賬款及票據以下列貨幣列值: following currencies:

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Hong Kong Dollars	港元	62,148	68,621
Chinese Renminbi	人民幣	62,975	63,441
United States Dollars	美元	4,603	10,357
Others	其他	11,680	11,792
		141,406	154,211

24 Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority. The net amounts are as follows:

24 遞延所得税

當有合法強制執行權利可將流動税資產與流動 税項負債互相抵銷,及遞延所得税涉及同一財 政機關,則遞延所得税資產及負債即可互相抵 銷。互相抵銷的款額如下:

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Deferred income tax liabilities to be settled after 12 months	將於12個月後償付的遞延 所得税負債	12,428	13,303
The movements in the deferred income tax account follows:	nt are as 遞延所得税之	變動詳情如下:	
		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Beginning of the year Deferred income credited to income statement	年初 於收益表計入之	13,303	15,794
(Note 11) Translation adjustments	遞延所得税(附註11) 滙兑調整	(1,027)	(2,644) 153
End of the year	年終	12,428	13,303

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction is as follows: 遞延所得税資產及負債之變動(並未計算於同 一徵税地區之結餘抵銷)如下:

Deferred income tax assets:

一徵梲地區之結餘批銷)如卜:

遞延所得税資產:

		Tax losses 税項虧損		Others 其他		Total 總計	
		2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Beginning of the year Credited/(Charged) to income	年初 於收益表中	_	258	463	458	463	716
statement	計入/(扣除)	4,452	(258)	580	5	5,032	(253)
End of the year	年終	4,452		1,043	463	5,495	463

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24 Deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred income tax liabilities:

24 遞延所得税(續) 遞延所得税負債:

		Accelerated taxation 加速税項	
		2008	2007
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Beginning of the year	年初	13,766	16,510
Charged/(Credited) to income statement	於收益表中扣除/(計入)	4,005	(2,897)
Translation adjustment	滙兑調整	152	153
End of the year	年終	17,923	13,766

The Group has not recognised deferred income tax assets of approximately HK\$27,431,000 (2007: HK\$29,837,000).

Of approximately HK\$27,431,000 (2007: HK\$29,837,000) unrecognised deferred income tax assets, tax effect of cumulative tax losses that can be carried forward against future taxable income (subject to agreement by the relevant tax authorities) amounted to approximately HK\$24,958,000 (2007: HK\$29,273,000). A total of approximately HK\$3,200,000 (2007: HK\$6,927,000) tax effect of cumulative tax losses will expire in 2012, while the remaining balance can be carried forward indefinitely.

本集團並無確認遞延所得税資產約27,431,000 港元(二零零七年:29,837,000港元)。

未確認遞延所得税資產為約27,431,000港元(二 零零七年:29,837,000港元)之累計税項虧損 之税項影響,其中約24,958,000港元(二零零七 年:29,273,000港元)可以結轉及抵銷日後的應 課税收入(須受有關税務機構同意)。累計税 項虧損影響共約3,200,000港元(二零零七年: 6,927,000港元)將於二零一二年屆滿,餘額可 以無限期結轉。

25	Share capital		25 彤	}本			
						2007	
			Number of		Number of		
				Nominal value	shares	Nominal value	
			股份數目	面值	股份數目	面值	
			'000	HK\$'000	'000	HK\$'000	
			千股	千港元	千股	千港元	
	Authorised —	法定股本一					
	Ordinary shares of	每股面值0.1港元之					
	HK\$0.1 each	普通股	1,000,000	100,000	1,000,000	100,000	
	Issued and fully paid —	已發行及繳足一					
	Ordinary shares of	每股面值0.1港元之					
	HK\$0.1 each:	普通股:					
	Beginning of the year	年初	429,476	42,947	429,476	42,947	
	Issue of shares upon	因行使購股權		,	,	,	
	exercise of share options	而發行之股份	820	82			
	End of the year	年終	430,296	43,029	429,476	42,947	

On 18th June, 2008, the Company issued 86,059,197 ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each at a subscription price of HK\$0.35 per offer share in connection with an open offer. The net proceeds of the open offer were approximately HK\$29 million.

26 **Employee share options**

In 2002, the Company adopted a new employee share options scheme (the "New Share Options Scheme") to replace the old employee share options scheme adopted in 1993 (the "Old Share Options Scheme"). Under the New Share Options Scheme, the Company may grant options to employees (including executive directors of the Company) to subscribe for shares in the Company, subject to a maximum of 30% of the nominal value of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time excluding for this purpose any shares issued on the exercise of options. The exercise price will be determined by the Company's board of directors and shall be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant of the options, (ii) an average closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of the options, and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares of HK\$0.1 each. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options in cash. All options granted under the Old Share Options Scheme will continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the rules of the Old Share Options Scheme.

於二零零八年六月十八日,本公司根據公開發 售,發行86,059,197股每股面值0.1港元的普通 股,每股發售股份的認購價為0.35港元,公開 發售的所得款項淨額約二千九百萬港元。

26 僱員購股權

於二零零二年,本公司採納新僱員購股權計劃 (「新計劃」)用以代替一九九三年採納之舊僱 員購股權計劃(「舊計劃」)。根據新計劃本公司 可向員工(包括本公司之執行董事)授出購股 權以認購本公司股份,而可發行之股份將最多 為本公司不時已發行股份之30%,但不計算因 行使購股權而發行之股份。認購價由本公司之 董事局釐定,惟不可低於以下三項之最高者: (i)於授出日期本公司股份之收市價;(ii)本公司 股份於緊接授出日期前五個營業日之股份平均 收市價;及(iii)本公司股份之面值(即每股0.1港 元)。本集團並無法定或推定責任回購或以現 金支付此等購股權,所有按舊計劃授出之購股 權仍繼續生效及可根據舊計劃之條款繼續行使。

26 Employee share options (Continued)

26 僱員購股權(續)

Movements of employee share options during the year ended 31st March, 2008 were:

截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度內之僱員 購股權變動如下:

Number of shares

		Subscription		股份數			
Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise period 行使時間	subscription price per share 每股認購價	Beginning of year 年初 '000 千股	Exercised 行使 ⁽⁰⁰⁰ 千股	Lapsed 失效 ′000 千股	End of year 年終 '000 千股	
Old Share Options Scheme 舊購股權計劃							
10th September, 1997	11th March, 1998 to 9th September, 2007	HK\$0.690	3,514	_	(3,514)	_	
一九九七年九月十日	-九九八年三月十一日至 二零零七年九月九日	0.690港元					
New Share Options Scheme 新購股權計劃							
29th December, 2004	29th June, 2005 to	HK\$0.770	4,852	_	(4,852)	_	
二零零四年十二月二十九日	28th December, 2007 二零零五年六月二十九日至 二零零七年十二月二十八日	0.770港元					
28th October, 2005	28th April, 2006 to 27th October, 2007	HK\$0.722	418	_	(418)	_	
二零零五年十月二十八日	二零零六年四月二十八日至 二零零七年十月二十七日	0.722港元					
9th February, 2007	9th August, 2007 to 8th February, 2010	HK\$0.475	7,585	(820)	_	6,765	
二零零七年二月九日	二零零七年八月九日至 二零一零年二月八日	0.475港元					
			16,369	(820)	(8,784)	6,765	

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26 Employee share options (Continued)

The weighted average fair value of options granted on 9th February, 2007 determined using the binomial valuation model was HK\$0.075 per option. The significant inputs into the model were share price of HK\$0.475 at the grant date, the exercise price of HK\$0.475, volatility of 32.59%, dividend yield of 6.32% per annum, an expected option life of 2.6 years, and annual risk-free interest rate of 4.17%. The volatility measured at the standard deviation of continuously compounded share returns is based on statistical analysis of daily share prices of listed companies in a similar business over the last three years.

Based on the above, the fair value of the above options granted on 9th February, 2007 was approximately HK\$571,000. The attributable amount charged to the consolidated income statement during the year ended 31st March, 2008 was approximately HK\$410,000 (2007: HK\$161,000).

Subsequent to the completion of the open offer of the Company's shares in June 2008 (Note 33), the number of share options and share exercise price of the share options granted on 9th February, 2007 have been adjusted from 6,765,000 to 7,154,847 and from HK\$0.475 per share to HK\$0.449 per share respectively.

26 僱員購股權(續)

就二零零七年二月九日授出之購股權而言,其 公平值經二項式期權定價模型估算定為每股 0.075港元,投進該模型之主要數據及假設為: 授出當日之股份價格0.475港元,認購價0.475 港元,預期股份波幅年率32.59%,預期股息派 發率年率6.32%,預期購股權年期2.6年,無風 險利率年率4.17%。以持續複合股份收益標準 計算的股價波動乃基於過去三年經營同類業務 的上市公司的每日股價作統計分析。

根據上述計算,於二零零七年二月九日授出購 股權之公平值約571,000港元於截至二零零八 年三月三十一日止年度之綜合收益表中扣除 的費用約410,000港元(二零零七年:161,000港 元)。

於二零零八年六月完成公開發售本公司股份後(附註33),於二零零七年二月九日授出的購 股權的數目及行使價分別由6,765,000股調整至 7,154,847股及由每股0.475港元調整至每股0.449 港元。

變動之詳情如下:

27 儲備

27 Reserves

Movements were:

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Share-based compensation reserve 股份酬金儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Investment reserve 投資儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Translation reserve 滙兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$′000 千港元
Group As at 1st April, 2006	集團 於二零零六年四月一日	104,157	1.169	975	359	(1,814)	197,628	302,474
Increase in fair value of other non-	其他非流動資產之公平值 增加	101,137	1,105	57.5	363	(1,011)	157,020	363
current assets Currency translation differences	^{适加} 滙兑損益					9,476		9,476
Net income recognised directly in equity Profit attributable to the equity holders		_	_	_	363	9,476	_	9,839
of the Company	應佔溢利						32,541	32,541
Total recognised income for the year Dividends paid	年內已確認總收入 已付股息 	_	_	_	363	9,476	32,541 (12,884)	42,380 (12,884)
Employee share options scheme — Share based payments	僱員購股權計劃 一股份支付酬金		_	161				161
As at 31st March, 2007	於二零零七年三月三十一日	104,157	1,169	1,136	722	7,662	217,285	332,131
As at 1st April, 2007 Increase in fair value of other non-	於二零零七年四月一日 其他非流動資產之公平值	104,157	1,169	1,136	722	7,662	217,285	332,131
current assets	增加	_	_	_	254	_	_	254
Realisation of reserve upon disposal of other non-current assets	出售其他非流動資產之儲備 變現	_	_	_	(319)	_	_	(319)
Currency translation differences	滙兑損益					26,116		26,116
Net income recognised directly in equity	直接於權益中確認 的收入淨額	_	_	_	(65)	26,116	_	26,051
Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company	平公可版権行有入惡怕益利						44,114	44,114
Total recognised income for the year Dividends paid	年內已確認總收入 已付股息	_		_	(65)	26,116	44,114 (12,884)	70,165 (12,884)
Employee share options scheme — Share based payments	僱員購股權計劃 一股份支付酬金 (在您早時即時	_	_	410	_	_	_	410
 Issue of shares upon exercise of employee share options 	一 行使僱員購股權 而發行的股份	370		(62)				308
As at 31st March, 2008	於二零零八年三月三十一日	104,527	1,169	1,484	657	33,778	248,515	390,130

27 Reserves (Continued)

27 儲備(續)

			Share-based		
	Share	Capital	compensation	Retained	
	premium	reserve	reserve	profits	Total
	股份溢價	資本儲備	股份酬金儲備	保留溢利	總額
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
公司					
於二零零六年四月一日	104,157	520	975	22,872	128,524
僱員購股權計劃					
一股份支付酬金	_	_	161	_	161
已付股息				(12,884)	(12,884)
於二零零七年三月三十一日	104,157	520	1,136	9,988	115,801
於二零零七年四月一日	104,157	520	1,136	9,988	115,801
年內溢利	_	_	_	36,369	36,369
僱員購股權計劃					
一股份支付酬金	—	_	410	_	410
一行使僱員購股權					
而發行的股份	370	_	(62)	_	308
已付股息				(12,884)	(12,884)
於二零零八年三月三十一日	104,527	520	1,484	33,473	140,004
	於二零零六年四月一日 僱員購股權計劃 一股份支付酬金 已付股息 於二零零七年三月三十一日 於二零零七年四月一日 年內溢利 僱員購股權計劃 一股份支付酬金 一行使僱員購股權 而發行的股份 已付股息	premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 干港元 公司 於二零零六年四月一日 僱員購股權計劃 一股份支付酬金 104,157 一股份支付酬金 - 已付股息 - 於二零零七年三月三十一日 104,157 於二零零七年三月三十一日 104,157 於二零零七年三月三十一日 104,157 广 - 作員購股權計劃 - 一行使僱員購股權 - 而發行的股份 370 已付股息 -	premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 干港元 reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 干港元 公司 於二零零六年四月一日 104,157 520 僱員購股權計劃 一股份支付酬金 — — 一股份支付酬金 — — 已付股息 — — 於二零零七年三月三十一日 104,157 520 於二零零七年三月三十一日 104,157 520 於二零零七年四月一日 104,157 520 广一 一 — 一 一 — 介口機員購股權計劃 — — 一股份支付酬金 — — 一股份支付酬金 — — 一行使僱員購股權 370 — 已付股息 — —	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 干港元Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 干港元compensation reserve 股份勤金儲備 HK\$'000 干港元公司 於二零零六年四月一日 僱員購股權計劃 一股份支付酬金 已付股息104,157 一 一 一 一520 161 161 一 一 一次二零零七年三月三十一日104,157 104,157520 1,1361,136 1 	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 干港元Capital compensation reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 干港元Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$'000 干港元公司 於二零零六年四月一日 僱員購股權計劃 一股份支付酬金 已 已 於二零零七年三月三十一日104,157 104,15752097522,872公司 僱員購股權計劃 中 一 二104,15752097522,872公司 僱員購股權計劃 年內溢利 一 一 一 行使僱員購股權 而發行的股份 104,1575201,1369,988於二零零七年三月三十一日 中 日04,157104,1575201,1369,988於二零零七年四月一日 年內溢利 一 一104,1575201,1369,988於二零零七年四月一日 年 百104,1575201,1369,988公司 作 一 同協設410-一 一 行使僱員購股權 而發行的股份370 二-(62) 二-已付股息(12,884)

28 Notes to the consolidated cash flow statement

28 綜合現金流量表附註

- (a) Reconciliation of profit before income tax to cash generated from operations:
- (a) 除税前溢利與經營產生現金之對賬:

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Profit before income tax	除税前溢利	57,141	41,625
Adjustments for:	經下列調整:		
- Interest income	— 利息收入	(1,247)	(1,147)
— Interest expense	— 利息支出	16,523	18,451
— Amortisation of leasehold land and	— 租賃土地及土地		
land use rights	使用權攤銷	695	487
— Depreciation of property,	— 物業、廠房及		
plant and equipment	設備之折舊	61,903	57,460
— Net loss on disposal of property,	一出售物業、廠房及設備之		
plant and equipment	虧損淨額	1,110	21
— Gain on disposal of other	一出售其他非流動資產收益		
non-current assets		(319)	_
— Provision for impairment of receivables	— 應收賬款減值撥備	3,223	19,280
- Write-down of inventories	一存貸減值	2,720	2,344
— Share based payments	一股份支付酬金	410	161
— Foreign exchange (gains)/losses	一滙兑(收益)/虧損	(2,750)	153
		139,409	138,835
Changes in working capital (excluding effects of translation adjustments)	營運資金變動(不包括滙兑調 整的影響)		
— Inventories	一存貨	(9,759)	(22,482)
— Trade and bill receivables	一貿易應收賬款及票據	(45,833)	(37,544)
— Prepayments and deposits	一預付款項及按金	(3,129)	13,946
— Trade and bill payables	一貿易應付賬款及票據	(12,805)	19,717
— Accruals and other payables	一應計負債及其他應付款	15,067	7,267
Net cash generated from operations	經營產生之現金淨額	82,950	119,739

Notes to the consolidated cash flow statement 28 (Continued)

(b) In the cash flow statement, proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment comprise:

綜合現金流量表附註(續) 28

(b) 於現金流量表內,出售物業、廠房及設 備所得收入包括:

		2008 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 HK\$′000 千港元
Net book amount Loss on disposal of property, plant and	賬面淨值 出售物業、廠房及設備	1,411	171
equipment	之虧損	(1,110)	(21)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備 之收入	301	150

29 Commitments

(a)

120

29 承擔

(a) 資本承擔

Capital commitments Capital expenditure at the balance sheet date contracted but not yet provided for is as follows:

於結算E	已訂約但仍未計入之資本關	引支
如下:		

		Group 集團		
		2008	2007	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Leasehold land and land use rights	租賃土地及土地使用權	_	582	
Machinery	機器	23,401	31,846	
Furniture and equipment	傢俬及設備	105	80	
Construction in progress	在建工程	1,362		
		24,868	32,508	

29 Commitments (Continued)

(b) Operating lease commitments

29 承擔(續)

(b) 經營契約承擔 本集團根據不可註銷

The Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases of land and buildings, as follows:

本集團根據不可註銷之租用物業經營契 約協議所承擔之未來最低經營契約款項 總額如下:

		Group 集團	
		2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Amounts payable	償還期		
— within one year	一1年以內	9,140	12,021
— later than one year but no later than	一超過1年但少於5年		
five years		21,656	18,267
— later than five years	一5年以上	1,374	3,738
		32,170	34,026

(c) Other commitments

Total pre-determined fees payable by the Group to the joint venture partner of Guangzhou Starlite Environmental Friendly Center, Limited for 50 years up to year 2044 amounted to approximately HK\$21,496,000 (2007: HK\$19,184,000) (Note 17).

30 Financial guarantees

As at 31st March, 2008, the Company had provided guarantees in respect of banking facilities of its subsidiaries amounting to approximately HK\$682,814,000 (2007: HK\$692,592,000). The facilities utilised by the subsidiaries as at 31st March, 2008 amounted to approximately HK\$294,138,000 (2007: HK\$309,734,000).

(c) 其他承擔

集團需付廣州星光環保中心有限公司之 合營夥伴預訂數額共約21,496,000港元 (二零零七年:19,184,000港元),直至二 零四四年,合共五十年(附註17)。

30 財務承擔

於二零零八年三月三十一日,本公司就若干 附屬公司所獲銀行融資而提供公司擔保約 682,814,000港元(二零零七年:692,592,000港 元)。於二零零八年三月三十一日各附屬公司 已動用之銀行信貸額約294,138,000港元(二零 零七年:309,734,000港元)。

31 Banking facilities and pledge of assets

As at 31st March, 2008, the Group had aggregate banking facilities of approximately HK\$740,828,000 (2007: HK\$639,558,000) for overdrafts, loans, trade financing and bank guarantees. Unused facilities as at the same date amounted to approximately HK\$382,953,000 (2007: HK\$302,050,000). These facilities were secured by:

- mortgages over the Group's leasehold land and buildings with a total net book value of approximately HK\$4,598,000 (2007: HK\$4,664,000) (Note 15 and Note 16(c));
- floating charges over the Group's inventories held under trust receipts bank loan arrangements of approximately HK\$61,821,000 (2007: HK\$49,391,000) (Note 18); and
- (iii) guarantees provided by the Company and certain of its subsidiaries.

As at 31st March, 2008, the finance lease obligation of the Group was secured by plant and machinery with a net book value of approximately HK\$7,156,000 (2007 : HK\$16,979,000) (Note 16(d)).

31 銀行信貸額及資產抵押

財務報表附註

於二零零八年三月三十一日,本集團獲提供 之透支、貸款、貿易融資及銀行承擔等銀行 信貸總額約740,828,000港元(二零零七年: 639,558,000港元)。於同日尚未動用之銀行 信貸額約382,953,000港元(二零零七年: 302,050,000港元)。此等銀行信貸額之抵押如 下:

- (i) 本集團租賃土地及樓宇按揭,其賬面 淨值約4,598,000港元(二零零七年: 4,664,000港元)(附註15及附註16(c));
- (ii) 本集團按信託收據銀行貸款安排所持有 之若干存貨約61,821,000港元(二零零七 年:49,391,000港元)(附註18);及
- (iii) 本公司及其若干附屬公司所作之擔保。

於二零零八年三月三十一日,本集團的財務契約債務以賬面淨值約7,156,000港元(二零零七年:16,979,000港元)(附註16(d))的機器作為抵押。

32 Related party transactions

As at 31st March, 2008, approximately 52.06% of the Company's ordinary shares were owned by Best Grade Advisory Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. Best Grade Advisory Limited is owned by two discretionary trusts, the discretionary beneficiaries of which include Mr. Lam Kwong Yu and Ms. Yeung Chui, directors of the Company. The directors of the Company regard Best Grade Advisory Limited to be the ultimate holding company.

(a) Particulars of significant transactions between the Group and a related party are summarised as follows:

32 關連人士之交易

於二零零八年三月三十一日Best Grade Advisory Limited (於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立)持有本 公司約52.06%權益。Best Grade Advisory Limited 由兩個全權信託持有。而該等全權信託之受益 人包括本公司董事林光如先生及楊翠女士。本 公司董事局視Best Grade Advisory Limited為最 終控股公司。

(a) 本集團與關連人士進行之重要交易詳情 如下:

		Grou 集團	
		2008	2007
		HK\$′000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Operating lease rentals charged by related parties:	支付經營契約租金予:		
Megastar Enterprises Limited	堯天企業有限公司	58	58
Measstar Enternrises Limited is henef	icially owned by	* T A ** + P A = + * A	司禁责组羽大

Megastar Enterprises Limited is beneficially owned by Ms. Yeung Chui, a director of the Company. The above transactions were carried out in the usual course of business and on normal commercial terms, and in accordance with the terms of the contract entered into by the Group and the related party. 堯天企業有限公司由本公司董事楊翠女 士實益擁有。上述交易均按一般業務常 規及一般商業條款,及按本集團與關連 人士簽訂合同之條款進行。

(b) Key management compensation

(b) 主要管理人員酬金償付

		Group 集團	
		2008 20	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Basic salaries and allowances	基本薪金及津貼	9,913	9,880
Discretionary bonuses	自由決定之花紅	769	281
Pension costs — defined contribution plans	退休成本 — 界定供款計劃	192	183
Share-based payments	股份支付酬金	227	90
		11,101	10,434

33 Event after the balance sheet date

- (a) On 18th June, 2008, the Company issued 86,059,197 ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each at a subscription price of HK\$0.35 per offer share in connection with an open offer. The net proceeds of the open offer were approximately HK\$29 million.
- (b) As at 31st March, 2008, the Group had an outstanding claim in respect of a long outstanding receivable due from a customer. Subsequent to 31st March, 2008, a settlement was reached between the relevant parties pursuant to which the Group had received a settlement payment in relation to the claim. The settlement payment will be recognised in the year ending 31st March, 2009. Disclosure of the details and terms of the settlement is restricted pursuant to the confidentiality clause as stipulated in the settlement agreement.

33 結算日後事項

財務報表附註

- (a) 於二零零八年六月十八日,本公司根據 公開發售,發行86,059,197股每股面值0.1 港元的普通股,每股發售股份的認購價 為0.35港元,公開發售的所得款項淨額約 二千九百萬港元。
- (b) 於二零零八年三月三十一日,本集團尚 未解決一項有關追討客戶已過期的應收 賬款索償。於二零零八年三月三十一日 後,本集團與有關人士達成和解協議, 並已收取有關此項索償的和解款項。此 和解款項將會於二零零九年三月三十一 日止年度確認入賬。受制於和解協議的 保密條款,和解的詳情及條款禁止披露。

HONG KONG, CHINA 中國香港